NEW YORK CLIPPER

THE OLDEST AMERICAN SPORTING AND THEATRICAL JOURNAL.

FRANK QUEEN, Editor and Proprietor. | NEW YORK SATURDAY, JULY 22, 1871. | VOLUME XIX.—No. 16. PRICE TEN CENTS.

MY ONLY HAPPINESS.

TRANSLATED FROM THE HUNGARIAN, FOR THE NEW YORK CLIPPER.

I, who no maiden call my own,
Drink wine,
Then dream that for myself alone
All beauties pine.

I, when my pocket lacks bright gold,
Drink wine.
Then dream that countless wealth untold
Is mine.

I, when affliction fills my heart,
Drink wine,
And quickly sorrows thence depart—
Blessed wine.

I have no gold, love's dream is o'er,
My heart is sad;
So now will I drink more and more,
Till I go mad.

ON SILVER WINGS.

BY THE AUTHOR OF "JOYCE DORMER'S" STORY.

CHAPTER XLII.

TIDINGS FROM ENGLAND.

The world is full of outward contrasts; the life of man full of inner as as well as outward contrasts, if he can only perceive them. Here a false note, there a perfect harmony; here a stab of pain, there a a thrill of joy. Side by side run the black line and the golden thread, knotting themselves into each other in inextricable and inexplicable twists and twinings.

Such had been Diana's experience, even in the midst of her sorrow—for it is not all grief, or man could not bear it; and she had come to find that her soul's wings were stronger, and that now and then a mysterious breeze wafted her along and carried her to realms of peace, where she snatched an olive branch and felt a transient rest.

She thought often of John Carteret, and wondered where he was and what he was doing, and whether he would soon be married; little imagining that whi st she, on that lovely July morning, sat gazing from the balcony of the hotel at Thale, he was toiling in dingy, dusty streets, still faithful to her and carrying the dream of the past in to his present life, as something that still belonged to it, and whose light he should never lose—even when he should lie down to sleep his last sleep on earth; for it would be one of the bright rays that had shone upon and purified the path along which he had traveled.

Diana continued to gaze and muse. And truly, very fair was the scene that lay outstretched before her; and fairer even than its fair promise, when it came to be explored, and the windings of the sparkling Bode stream followed through its romantic prison walls. To the right, the Ross-trappe rose hundreds of feet above the valley; and to the left, the Hexentanzplatz towered even higher. And tier on tier rose the luxuriant growth of foliage, beech, birch and feathery elder; and in and out among the brushwood twined the tangling creepers, weaving a labyrinth of delicate stems and leaves that dropped anign the shining waters and almost bridged them over in their narrower twistings, and looked down into them only to see fringings as fair rising up from the placid depths. Or they turned aside their straggling contortions to let the leaping, foaming torrent—as it dashed over an unexpected impediment of huge stones—pass by without carrying away any of their graceful tendrils.

Not that Diana saw all this as she looked upon the entrance to the valley; she only knew it was there; and she looked into the green and purple and gold that the sunlight painted by turns on the masses of fairy forest in the distance, until it would have seemed no miracle to her if she had heard the horn of Oberon sound and seen an elfin hunting train dash forth from the glowing woods. For Diana seemed to be living in an enchanted land, so lovely was the picturesque Hartz region in which she found herself.

The hotel in which she and the Seatons were staying was the largest in Thale, and there were no English there but themselves. Most of the people came from Hamburg, or Berlin, or Brunswick, or from some of the large towns northward; whole families—fathers, mothers, children—all enjoying themselves with that contented happiness that is so pleasant a trait in German life. Some of the children were odd looking enough, with excellent appetites, and full of the careless, thoughtless, reckless happiness that only comes in childhood, and which Diana would not be unwilling to be chary of dispelling. Diana was fond of children, and would sometimes lure a stray child for a few minutes' conversation and, with childish ingratitude, having received its bon bons, it would hurry away after its more congenial playmates and leave her smilingly saying to herself:—"Such is the world!"

The Seatons had journeyed northward once more; and Diana had avoided, as much as possible, the routes frequented by English travelers, his object being to keep Diana completely in the dark respecting all home affairs; and the world was so small that there was no knowing how information that would be prejudicial to his designs might accidentally become known to her through meeting with English strangers. For Jasper knew John Carteret and felt that Lindorn, without any intention of becoming engaged to Miss Wardlaw. He did not, however, know where he was at the present time; and, therefore, he lived in constant apprehension of what might unluckily transpire.

Diana's only correspondent was Signora Neri, and from her Jasper did not fear much, since he knew that Broadmead was the last place John Carteret would be likely to visit, and also that the Neris were not on sufficiently intimate terms with the rector and his wife to hear from them of his movements, even if Dr. Crawford—which was not probable—should happen to hear anything about them.

At Thale, Jasper felt more at ease than he had done at most places; and, moved by Diana's extreme admiration of its surroundings, he determined to remain there for some time longer.

This morning had been so warm that Diana had prevailed upon Mrs. Seaton to have breakfast brought out upon the large balcony, as so many other people did; and she was sitting sipping her coffee and looking out upon the tangled woods, changing with the different lights that sun and cloud cast over them, and now and then peeping from under the awning high up into the blue sky, and then covering her eyes, half blinded by the dazzling light.

Jasper was watching her and the thought in his heart was:—

"Is it peace and content at last—has the storm quite died out?"

Diana, suddenly looking up, found his eyes fixed upon her so earnestly that they seemed to be asking her a question.

"What is it, Jasper?" she asked. "Is it anything that I can tell you?"

"I was wondering what you saw in the distance, Di, that made you look so thoughtful."

But she made no reply; for at one of the tables near her there was a sudden movement, owing to the arrival on the balcony of a tall, slight English girl, whose voice brought the color into Diana's cheeks and sent her thoughts so far away that she did not attend to Jasper's question.

And yet she had never heard the voice before, though it sounded so familiar to her; neither had she ever seen the speaker, a tall, slight girl, with dark brown hair, whose face she could not see, but who was bidding good bye to an elderly German lady whom Diana had before noticed on account of her benevolent countenance. She, too, spoke in English. But the English girl's voice was the voice that Diana heard; and it seemed to carry her home to Broadmead, to her *Paradiso*, to John Carteret.

Jasper Seaton half started at the sound of an English voice—he had believed himself to be so safe in that remote German village; and though he had no associations with it, yet it made him feel sufficiently uneasy to forget to repeat his question. But there was nothing in the words to cause him alarm; and yet a vague apprehension took possession of him and he listened eagerly, though he appeared to be engrossed in the newspaper that had just been put into his hands.

"Bon Jour, Miss Thale on the same day," said the younger lady. "Mine has been a very flying visit this time, only I felt that I must have another peep at you before going back to England. Where shall you be when I next hear from you?"

"In my own home, at Leipsic. You must think of me there, with Lotte and all the grand children."

"And you must give them a thousand kisses for me; and tell them that some day I shall return to have another game of play with them. Ah! I am sorry to leave this German land of yours. I have been very happy in it. The streets of London will seem so dark and misty after your clear, bright skies."

"Tell my mother that I should like to see her once again. Will she not come? I am too old to go so far as England. I have so many grand children now—so many to leave; for all my sons and daughters are married, and but one of hers."

"One at present. But you forget that I am going home to my brother's wedding. I shall have another sister soon—a very pretty one, I hear, though I have not yet seen her."

And Diana, though she sat looking upon the fairy forests dreamily, saw them not; her ears were drinking in the tones of the speaker's voice, which had so strange an effect upon her.

At length the farewell came, and the elder lady rose to accompany her friend into the house. As they passed Diana she looked up and the younger lady half paused—for an involuntary gleam of recognition shone in Diana's face as the two gazed for a moment steadily at one another. But there was some mistake, and the strangers passed on, the younger one saying to her companion when they were out of hearing:—

"What a sweet face! I almost seemed to know it; and it is one that will not be easily forgotten."

And, in the same moment, Diana was wondering to herself if she had seen a vision of a familiar face. Yet it was unlike in its likeness; the eyes were dark, the hair was dark, and the face brilliant in coloring—a brunette complexion, tinged with the bloom of the peach—a s, ark-

ling, handsome face, whose accidental expression of interest, aided by the voice, had reminded her of John Carteret.

And now it was gone, yet still the old memories swept by, making more vivid pictures for her than ever, and bringing out the golden patch in the past, that made all that went before and all that had come since so dark and desolate; an olive garden in a desert land. And she lifted up her eyes and they fell upon the forest clad heights and the blue sky above, looking so calm and beautiful that nature seemed to breathe peace and quiet into her soul, and to carry her far away into more blessed regions beyond the earth. Jasper was watching her from behind his paper. Had an English voice such power over her still?

"Di!"

Then she was recalled, and she remembered that Jasper had asked her a question that she had never answered, and she asked, as before:—

"What is it, Jaspar?"

But it had faded from his mind also, and other thoughts had entered there.

"Do you feel fit for a ramble to-day, Di? Do you think you could manage our long projected walk up to the Ross-trappe?"

"I should like it of all things, Jasper. I should not be in the least tired." For she felt as though action would be the best thing for her, and help her to get rid of the vain regrets that were stealing over her. "Besides, we can take our time and rest on the way. Yes, I am certain I shall enjoy it."

She drew nearer to the side of the balcony, and looking over, she watched the departure of the English girl. The railway station was close by. She saw her cross the open space lying between it and the hotel; she saw the door close upon her. The train was waiting, it would soon be off and the dim vision would be at an end; but she felt that she could not move away until she had watched the train start.

"I wonder who she is?" burst unconsciously from her lips. "I should so like to see her again. I almost spoke to her, Jasper."

Jasper Seaton laughed a slightly nervous laugh; some of his up-buildings were coming to pieces again, he feared. "I will try to find out, Di," he replied.

"She could not have been staying here, or we should have seen her before," said Diana, meditatively.

And Jasper went away, and did not return until near dinner time.

"You have found out her name," said Diana. "What is it—and how do you know?"

"How can you tell that I have found out?"

"By your face—you cannot deceive me, Jasper."

Jasper instinctively shrank back. Then, recovering himself, he answered:—

"Yes, I have found out the name. The lady, as you supposed, was not staying here, but at the Hubeltusbad, and her name is——"

He paused, but Diana, moved by a sudden intuition, filled up the blank:—

"Her name is Carteret!"

It was the first time she had spoken it for many months, and it sounded strange to both of them.

"How did you know?" asked Jasper, in some surprise.

"Then I am right," said Diana.

And the words of the English girl fell with a heavy chill upon her heart:—"I am going home to my brother's wedding!"

The tidings she had waited for from England had come at last; and how strangely. She had seen John Carteret's sister, and had heard from her lips of his approaching marriage.

She did not speak for a minute, then she turned her white face to Jasper, and asked:—

"What time will you like to set off after dinner?"

"Di!—my poor, poor child!" exclaimed Jasper Seaton.

And, perhaps, as he looked into the white face, now that it was all over, he might have felt a touch of remorse, a shadow of repentance.

But Diana was gone, and Jasper was left to wonder over what he had heard; and his heart was lighter, for time was working marvels in his favor.

CHAPTER XLIII.

ON THE ROSS-TRAPPE.

Soon after the early dinner Diana appeared equipped for the expedition to the Ross-trappe. There were some friendly clouds that every now and then floated athwart the sun, making a pleasant eclipse of its warmth and brightness.

Jasper and Diana walked on in silence and gained the entrance to the Bode Valley; and when they came to the little footbridge that led to the Hubertusbad-Hotel, Diana paused for a moment, thinking, perhaps, how John Carteret's sister had crossed it, and had brought her the tidings she had so long feared and expected.

It was better that it was all over—that she was quite sure about it now; for, almost unknown to herself, she had been treasuring up a tiny ray of hope that perhaps—perhaps—there she paused, for she could not quite express the "perhaps" in words, even to herself. She scarcely, indeed, had known that it lingered, and came nearer realizing it to-day—now that all shadow of hope had faded away—than she had ever done before.

With a little sigh she turned away and resumed her walk; and every moment the stream grew wilder, and the heights assumed fresh phases of beauty. They passed the Wald-Katze, where the trees grew thick around in bowering canopy of green, and the feathery grasses dipped down into the water, and the delicate water plants and great shadowing dock leaves painted their images on the glassy stream; or, higher up, the twining creepers straggled among the briars and glossy dogwood and elder bushes, until the profusion of interlacing verdure made one dream of sylvan walls of darkness that a fairy army had thrown up over the rocky outworks of their wild fortresses.

And still Diana and Jasper had not spoken.

There were visitors lounging about on the rustic seats near the Wald-Katze, and one or two light carriages standing at the door of the inn. Jasper looked sharply at the guests—for, since morning, he had become suspicious; but there were no faces that he knew, and he and Diana passed on to where the streamlet made a slight bend.

There was a bench against the rock and Diana seated herself. She looked up at the opposite heights—cumbered, it almost appeared, with the verdant wealth that wreathed their upright walls—and then she spoke:—

"How lovely it is, Jasper! Nature is always beautiful—always the same—the same," and she repeated the word as though drawing some solace from it. "Now and then she asked suddenly:—"When are we going home to Broadmead?"

"Do you want to go?"

"I don't know. I have been thinking whether I wish to go or not, and I can't make up my mind. It will be very different—like a new world—after this."

Whether the "after this" applied to the scenery around, or to the accidental knowledge that she had acquired that morning, Jasper did not enquire. He also had been having his thoughts since morning, though he was not ready to speak them yet. He was beginning to tire of a rambling life, though he had determined not to return to England until all fear of John Carteret was at an end.

To-day it seemed as if the fear were over, though he was still in wonder at it—for he had received a letter from John Carteret, in answer to the few lines he had written for Diana; and from this letter he had gathered that there was no chance of John Carteret marrying. Still, that was two years since, and strange things happened.

In that last letter John Carteret had plainly spoken of the possible engagement of Diana with himself, and had expressed his fervent hope that it might be for her greater happiness. To this letter Jasper made no reply. If his rival chose to be deceived it was no affair of his; he had simply dealt with matters as he found them, and not to give explanations that might order things differently from what he wished them to be.

Still the doctrine of omission—for, with strange perversity, as long as he kept from actual perpetration of a fraud, he, by some curious anomaly, felt at ease in his conscience and was willing to take advantage of the most crooked policy. Still passive. He had positively done nothing—he had simply permitted. Silence was all he could be accused of. And the end justified the means, he argued; for Diana could not have married a man without money, after all the luxury in which she had been brought up. As for Anne's legacy, that she should have in time; he had no intention of defrauding her of it, and she had no legal claim to it. Besides, Anne had meant it for Diana alone; therefore he was best carrying out her view by withholding at present.

Thus Jasper reasoned, and his strong diplomatic and casuistical turn of mind enabled him curiously to dovetail accidents, incidents and circumstances in a manner that would have been utterly impossible to John Carteret. But self reigning in Jasper Seaton predominant, enabled him to set a despotic government over the workings of any rebellious conscientious feelings that might feebly endeavor to struggle into existence. And to-day he simply felt more thoroughly easy and sanguine than he had felt before and more confident that success was in store for him, to crown his patience and his love.

"A new world is the best, Di," said Jasper, as they proceeded on their way. "There should be no looking back. All man's life should be forward—forward—"

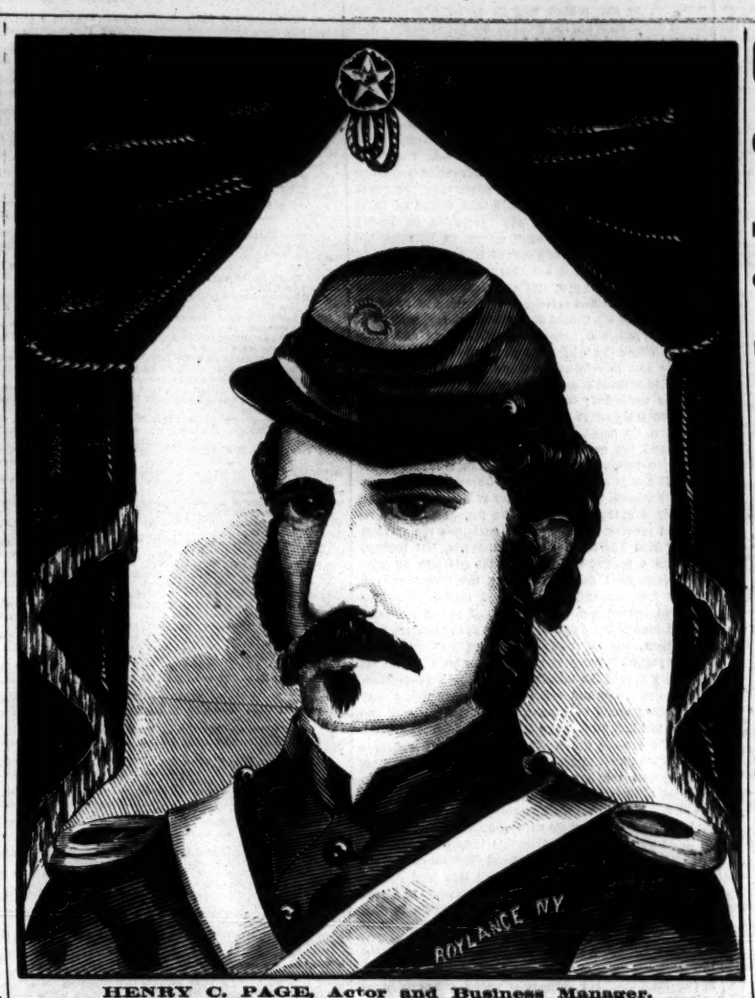
"It is the only way to reach the goal," returned Diana, thoughtfully.

And fairer grew the narrow alley; and crossing a bridge to the other side of the stream, soon they began to ascend the zigzag path that led high up to the projecting rock. When they had gone some little distance Diana turned to take a view of the scene beneath her, and a cry of rapture burst from her lips.

"Oh! Jasper, can it be more beautiful in Heaven?"

And she looked adown at the Bode, winding away into the blue depths of the foliage; and the tips of the hills rose farther and farther away—a wondrous tier of ridges, pine-clad, beech-clad, shaded in changing colors; and she listened to the soft murmur of the water, with a distant ring as if of water bells swinging over the rocks; whilst now and then a sudden burst, like a peal of thunder—as some guide awoke the echoes for the benefit of Ross-trappe pargrims—startled the wanderers in the valley.

Still they ascended, every now and then stopping to rest, yet both distinclined to speak—she with her heart full of the tidings she had heard that morning, weaving themselves in with the soothing majesty of nature, and all the while feeling more grateful to Jasper for his constant thoughtfulness and tenderness.



HENRY C. PAGE, Actor and Business Manager.

Private of Company K, Ninth Regiment N. Y. S. N. G.

Perhaps the flying princess came along this path when she fled from the giant—for Diana had been reading the story. But that she knew could not be—it must have been some other way that she was riding; and then Diana half smiled to find herself so thoroughly impressed with the legend.

"Are you not getting tired, Di?"

"No."

"We are not far from the Ross-trappe now."

"I am sorry for it. I could walk on and on for ever."

At last the topmost height was gained.

"Let me see your print-book again," said Jasper, pointing them out to her. "A great leap, was it not?—a leap of desperation. Think of the horse springing right across the valley, and so delivering the princess from her giant persecutor. No wonder that his hoofs struck deep in to the rock?"

Diana stooped to examine the marks.

"I wonder how they came here?"

"Wonder after reading the story, Di? Where have your fairy senses strayed? I feel bound to believe the tale—one can afford to be a little romantic sometimes."

Diana had seated herself on one of the huge stones and was looking over the wide expanse of bill country before her. She had climbed the steep ascent without thinking of the toil, so had she longed to gain the summit; and now, panting, she looked down with dreamy eyes upon the beauty that lay around. Perchance she might think of the pilgrims who looked far off at the glories of the land of Beulah, as her eyes fell upon the scene of enchan ment. Perchance, through the misty gold the sun was flinging down, she visioned somethi g of celestial things and pictured the shining forms of white-winged seraphs holding forth to her an immortal crown.

Very fair was the landscape. Opposite to her rose the Hexentanzplatz; and beneath, like a silver thread, the Bode trickled between the wreath hung terraces. Far to the south the mountains reared their heads, till they looked like the forest crowned waves of a giant sea, that rolled away in green and purple and amber. The Harz regions were sleeping in summer beauty beneath the sun; sunshine and peace—peace—lovely word, unspeaking almost unearthly in the exquisite scene, unlike anything she had ever seen before. Something of enchantment veiled the whole—something of a perfection she had never dreamed of. And yet she had covered her face with her hands and was weeping silently.

Jasper looked down, and in a moment was seated beside her.

"It is so beautiful, Jasper. Why is it so beautiful that one can scarcely bear it?"

"You are tired, Di," he said, soothingly.

"No," and she sprang up suddenly. "I am not tired, Jasper. I shall never be tired again. It takes a great deal to tire people."

And yet she looked weary enough, and her face was whiter than ever in the great light that shone around.

Jasper was reading her heart, though she knew it not. He was reading the desolation that had come into it anew, which she had thought had gone by long ago. And again his heart smote him, as it had done two years since. He had repented. One little touch of conscience came and then it was over. And now it was too late—the past could never be undone. John Carteret was going to be married.

"You ought not to have come here to-day, Di—it is too much for you. I ought not to have brought you."

"I am glad I came; it has done me good," said Diana, looking up at him steadily. "Everything you do is right, Jasper. I have been learning day by day how good, how kind you have been, and how little I have deserved it."

"Nonsense."

"Not nonsense at all. I shall never cease to be grateful."

"Grateful!" and he echoed the word so bitterly, so despairingly, that Diana looked up in amazement. "Grateful! Can you give me no more than gratitude?" he said, impatiently. He had not intended to say it; and the moment the words had passed his lips, he had repented of his haste. Nevertheless, the words were spoken and could not be retracted; and remembrance upon remembrance came crowding into Diana's mind. Yet it was such a new thought that it seemed quite impossible. Could she have understood aright? And still the recollection of Jasper's devotion to her of late, and of all his kindnesses to her—ftful as it had been in earlier days—rose up. After a time she said:—

"Jasper, I have no thought of this."

And she left the hills before her, and the story of the princess, and even the remembrance of the morning tidings, vanished away in her surprise at the new knowledge that had come to her, filling her with fresh trouble and perplexity.

"I did not know," she repeated. "How could I?"

There was no embarrassment in her tone—she felt grieved, surprised; but she turned to Jasper with all her old, confiding friendliness—

"Do you really care for me, Jasper? It appears so strange! I did not think of it."

"How should you," he asked, "when you were thinking of some one else? Who was I in comparison? Di, I loved you better than I even knew myself. And yet I knew, as I know now, that you did not, and that you cannot care for me. Let us say no more about it. Every heart has its own bitterness, and there is no happiness in the world. But what matter?—it will be all the same a hundred years hence. Life is not so very, very long, and the grave lays everything to rest."

He spoke with more agitation than she had supposed it possible that Jasper could have evinced. He was so calm, so impassive generally—rather, had been of late years; and now his old self seemed bursting forth with the vehemence she remembered so long ago.

"I am so sorry!" she said.

And she seemed all at once to change places with him, as though he wanted all the help bestowed on him that he had lately given to her.

Yet what could she do? She knew her own heart and that she had no love to give. Jasper was—

"No—I ought not to have said anything. It's only the old story with me—everything turning against me, as it has done all my life. It is hard for a man to fight when every good influence is removed from him. I have always been a reprobate, an unbeliever. It is useless to talk of adverse circumstances disciplining and softening. It may be so with some characters, but not with all; and mine is one of those that harden. I always eschewed everything good; and, I suppose, evil is my portion, and will be to the end of my days."

And he laughed one of his old scornful laughs.

"Oh, Jasper, don't say that! It is not true. You are—" she stopped.

"Or, rather, I was—improving, I suppose you are going to say. You were carrying on the good work that Anne had begun; but there's an end of it now. Perhaps hope had something to do with it, and I have cut myself off from it to-day altogether. If I had not spoken so rashly I might have gone on in my delusion a little longer; perhaps even till the good work was completed. How long do you suppose it takes to turn a sinner into a saint?" he asked, somewhat contemptuously.

"Hush! hush! You know you do not mean what you are saying. You are not speaking in earnest."

"Why should I not be? When a man's hope goes, and it is all despair with him, it is not much that he cares for or believes in. You can't understand it, and it is not of the slightest importance. You must just leave me to my fate. I am not the first, nor shall I be the last, that has split upon the rock. You don't trouble yourself about me, Di—I am not worth it," and again came a half scornful laugh.

"That is not true, Jasper. You are more than worth it. Besides, it is no trouble to me to care about you; I can't help it."

And Diana's face grew more sorrowful and thoughtful.

"So I suppose Anne thought; but she was mistaken, it appears."

"What did Madame de Mouline think?" asked Diana, quickly.

"I can only answer for what she hoped," returned Jasper.

Diana turned crimson.

"Did Madame de Mouline?" began Diana, and then she stopped.

"Some time I hoped to tell you of my sister's dying wish—her earnest, more than once repeated wish; but it is useless now. Perhaps it may some time occur to you what that wish was without my having the pain of telling you."

Diana's face dropped lower; there was no need for Jasper to tell her what that wish had been. But she made no answer. She rose slowly from the stone where she had been resting, and, without looking again at the glorious landscape, she said:—

"Let us go home."

But Jasper saw his advantage. He knew what would be the workings of her heart—what would be the influence that the wishes of Madame de Mouline would exercise in his favor; and he left her no new idea to take effect; and he hoped that with time he should be successful; in fact, he more than hoped, for he had no fear.

And the sun sank lower and lower, and the hills turned purple, as Diana and Jasper descended into the valley. Their walk was as silent as it had been on setting out; and the stream rolled on its song unheeded and the beauty of the scenery was lost upon both of them.

"How late you are; it is almost dark," said Mrs. Seaton, when they arrived at the hotel. "You must be tired and hungry."

Diana slipped past her. She was not hungry; she was not tired; yet she lay down to rest, though she did not close her eyes for many an hour. She thought of Madame de Mouline—of all that she had felt for her—of how she had unwittingly wronged her and would have done almost anything for her sake.

"What makes you so late?" asked Mrs. Seaton of her son.

"We were talking and forgot the time. Don't say anything to Di about it."

Mrs. Seaton looked inquiringly at Jasper.

"Not yet, mother; but I do not despair; all with time."

"Long a time, Jasper?" asked Mrs. Seaton, half incredulously, yet half soothingly.

"Not so long now, mother. She has begun to think about it."

TO BE CONTINUED.

EXTRAORDINARY PIGEON FLYING.—The first important Belgium "Concours" that has taken place in England since 1841 occurred on the 24th ult., when Mr. Rowe, above mentioned a society at Antwerp gave a valuable prize for pigeons bred in that country to fly from London Bridge to Antwerp. A hundred and ten birds were entered for the prize, and that was said the first bird that reached Antwerp did not accomplish the journey in five hours. The birds arrived on Saturday preceding the fly at Frank Redmond's, a celebrated fancier then living in the Borough. They were immediately turned into the large rooms and were provided for. On the following Monday morning, at 8 o'clock, they were all set at liberty from London Bridge. The weather was delightfully fine, and particularly bright and clear, with a slight but favorable wind. Immediately the birds on that occasion got well together, they rose in the air an immense height and in two minutes from the time the first bird was liberated, the whole lot went straight down the river at a terrific pace. The first bird (a bull-headed blue chequer) arrived at home at five minutes after one, but though he gained the first prize, the last about time was just lost. The distance was 180 miles, and about 50 birds were lost in that fly. W. S. Tessimeter, the poultry and pigeon writer, having made arrangements in January last with the National Belgium Concours for a grand fly from the Crystal Palace to Belgium, the directors of the Crystal Palace Company offered 1,000 francs (£40) as a prize, the pigeons to compete in pairs or series of ten. The birds were all of the Antwerp breed. They appeared in a remarkably healthy state, clean and in prime condition. The were a variety of colors, consisting of mealies, blues, blue chequers, red chequers, blue chequer pieds and pieds. Long before the hour named for the start there was an immense number of gentleman fanciers and pigeon flyers from all parts of England in the grounds of the Crystal Palace. The birds were placed on the upper terrace, and punctually at the appointed time, 11 a.m. soon, the whole of the 600 birds were at at liberty. They rose into the air splendidly together, in compact order, and after soaring round twice the leading birds took the flight right away in the direction of Plumstead, but in consequence of the high winds the birds were extremely low in their breaking away, it partly brought the leading birds round. The leaders, however, quickly righted themselves again and sailed away at a terrific pace, and in two minutes ten seconds from the time they were set off not a bird was to be seen, bar a few that were chanted up outside the Palace grounds by some metropolitan amateurs. The first bird, a dark blue chequer, arrived at Brussels and was caught and shown to the secretary there at 5:30 P. M., thus accomplishing the distance, 225 miles, in five hours fifty-nine minutes. A great many birds arrived a few minutes after the time named, and upwards of a score got home the following morning some after quarter.

FIRE ENGINE COMPETITION.—At the Firemen's Tournament held at Keokuk, Iowa, July 4th, the following hose carriages' time was made:—Entries, Eagle No. 2, of Burlington; Ottumwa, No. 1, of Ottumwa; Columbia, No. 1, and Liberty, No. 3, of Keokuk. Eagle, 31½ sec.; Liberty, 32½ sec.; Columbia, 33½ sec.; Ottumwa, 33½ sec.; distance 300 yds., with 300 feet of hose and two men; weight of carriage (which was the Liberty) 1,920 lbs.; first prize, $35; second prize, $15; third p ize, $10.

ORANGE AND GREEN.

Celebration of the Battle of the Bovne in New York City.

MILITARY AND POLICE ORDERED OUT TO PRESERVE ORDER.

Conflict Between the Authorities and the Mob.

Fifty-one Persons Killed and One Hundred and Fifty-five Wounded.

THE CAUSES WHICH LED TO THE RIOT.

LIST OF THE KILLED AND WOUNDED, ETC.

New York, the great metropolis of the new world, has just passed through an ordeal of a most lamentable character, in the shape of a riot, particulars of which we are now called upon to record. It is inspired on Wednesday, the 12th day of July, being the anniversary of the "Battle of the Boyne," which occurred in the year 1690, and in which the forces under the Roman Catholic King of England, James the Second, were routed by those commanded by the great Protestant leader, William Henry, Prince of Orange. The result of this overthrow was the banishment into perpetual exile of the vanquished King, and with it the end of Roman Catholicism as the faith of the established church of England. Among the followers of the victorious monarch were many men of Irish birth, who had embraced the Protestant faith, and to these was given the name of Orangemen, and between whom and the Catholics a most intense and bitter feud then sprang up and has ever since continued, leading frequently to serious affrays in Ireland, England and America. Last year, it will be remembered, the Orange Societies, of this city, held a pic nic at Elm Park, and were attacked by Irish laborers on the boulevard with deadly weapons, clubs, picks, shovels, stones, etc., many persons, including defenceless women and children, being severely injured. The effect of this collision appeared to be to still more embitter the feelings of the opposing factions, particularly of the members of the Ancient Order of Hibernians, the great rivals of the Orangemen, and when it was announced that it was the intention of the latter to parade on July 12th, significant mutterings were heard among the Catholics and threats were made freely of making it "warm" for the "Orange boys" if they turned out on the morning of the 12th inst. Our citizens were astonished, upon glancing over their morning paper of the 11th inst., to find published therein the following communication from the Mayor and General Order from Superintendent Kelso:—

MAYOR HALL'S LETTER.

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT, CITY HALL, NEW YORK, July 6, 1871.

JOHN J. BOYD, Esq., G. M. L. O. O. F.—DEAR SIR.—From your letter to the Superintendent of Police, from your explanations to me, and from a letter which you addressed to the Times, I learn that an order or association of individuals, over which you are the chief, propose to celebrate by a street procession and public pic-nic the victory achieved in 1690 by William III, one king of England, over James II, another king. Similar public celebrations in the country where in the events happened have always been attended by public disorders. Breaches of the peace have several times occurred in Canada and in the United States during celebrations of a like import. Last summer serious affrays in this city grew out of the public procession and pic-nic when participated in by your order. You seem to apprehend new disturbances this year on account of the proposed celebration, and I think I am justified, by your written and published statements, in inferring your own opinion to be that public disorder must necessarily result from your intended action, because of the religious as well as ancient political opposition to the event celebrated. Assemblages of any kind in places of public access, and public street processions of every character, have never become matters of popular right. In accordance, however, with the liberal spirit of these institutions they are generally permitted and usually enjoy, by popular assent, much freedom of action, although often submitted to at considerable sacrifice of public comfort. Processions become subjects for police regulation and supervision. If not impossible, it is nevertheless a delicate task for the authorities to decide when this regulation and supervision shall begin, or how far it shall extend. The approximate rule seems to be the greatest good and security of the greatest number should be consulted in the decision. Your proposed celebration appears to be unnecessary. And it certainly seems at first glance to be singular that a foreign event occurring nearly two hundred years ago, and with which American citizens can actually have no sympathies, should become on our soil the subject for extensive commemoration. Moreover, ought not the feuds and animosities of old countries from whence our adopted citizens come, be entirely merged in our citizenship? There is another danger, is there not, that collisions induced by their maintenance here would be taken advantage of by the dangerous classes which always grow formidable by such opportunities? Is it not true that the Catholic Church has no individual ought ever to be permitted to publicly assemble with banners whose inscriptions would be calculated to inflame the passions of other men; and in view of what took place last year may it not be thought by even your well-wishers that a repeated participation by your organization would seem like a concerted effort to irritate the public peace? I would suggest many occasions for celebrating even American events which would result inevitably in producing public ill feeling and inviting public disorder. Suppose, for instance, that a considerable number of New York residents of southern birth should propose to celebrate the battle of Bull Run that occurred in this month, and should by means of banners and music succeed in arousing the bad temper of the hundreds of thousands who not only could never sympathize with the event, but under much personal, sectional, or national feeling, deplore it; or suppose that, in view of recent events that have occurred in Europe, a body of French adopted citizens, furnished with banners and music distasteful in sight and sound to citizens of German birth, should march through sections of our city that are inhabited by the latter? I content myself at present with simply submitting to you these very general considerations, and with asking you whether it would not be more politic for you and your friends to forego any popular or public demonstration of the event to which you and they attach so much importance? Very truly yours, A. OAKEY HALL,

Mayor of the city of New York.

ORDER OF SUPERINTENDENT KELSO.

OFFICE OF THE SUPERINTENDENT OF POLICE,
300 MULBERRY STREET, NEW YORK, July 10th, 1871.

CAPTAIN ——, —— PRECINCT.—GENERAL ORDER, No. 57.—The Superintendent has been applied to by the Grand Master of the Orange Lodges in the United States to give police support to a celebration by a procession (through principal streets and avenues of the city of New York, on the 12th inst.) in honor of the battle of the Borne, and the surrender which was its consequence.

These several commemorative victories on the soil of Ireland by one English king over another one, nearly two centuries ago, engendered national differences which have descended from generation to generation with increasing acrimony; and large bodies of citizens participating in these feelings form parts of our community.

The superintendent has been legally advised he should not aid any street celebrations that involve feuds and animosities belonging solely to the history of other countries than our own, and which experience has proved to endanger the public peace abroad and at home.

The proposed celebration, as is obvious to every one, belongs to the last named class. Last year, upon the same calendar day, an unexpected public celebration of the foreign event just named was accompanied in the streets with inexcusable and deplorable affrays, by which four citizens lost their lives, despite the interference of the police. The violence was apparently unpremeditated, and resulted from what may be termed spontaneous excitement. This year, however, the procession has been announced much in advance, and unusual arrangements have been made to swell the numbers of partisans by accessions from other parts of this state and from other states.

It is given out that armed preparations for defense have been made by the members of the paralding lodges. Indeed, the announced procession appears to have been especially organized beyond the imaginitude of any previous one, and is emphasized with announcements that apparently evince a determination to resent, if not to avenge, the events which attended last year's celebration; and some of its leaders have stated to the superintendent that they considered a collision inevitable. If this heedless celebration should provoke a general disturbance, it would furnish the opportunity always sought for by the lawless and dangerous classes of our community to participate in it, and to carry consequences so far as to endanger the safety of persons and property.

Several disturbances have been announced from Great Britain, by cable dispatches, as incident to similar public demonstrations by the Orange institutions in that country. And upon a closest survey the superintendent is convinced that if this proposed procession, or forms or moves like it, are permitted, traditional music amid many enthusiastic, rash and hot-headed spectators, who are not in sympathy with the foreign feuds which the procession is intended to glorify, then the whole police and perhaps much of the military force of the city might be required to protect the procession, and large sections of the city needing watching would be left unguarded.

If any procession (or occupation by marching order of the streets) were a matter of right, or could legally demand protection, then it should, as all hazards, receive escort and guard, because the authorities never should allow that which is matter of right to the populace to be even in any degree overawed. But legal decisions have settled that occupation of streets by processions is a mere matter of usage or toleration, and is always subject to police regulation and supervision. The surrender of thoroughfares to large organized bodies of men necessarily interferes with the individual rights of other citizens, and those thus engaged are, in the language of the law, permissible trespassers. The toleration of processions by citizens and authorities is perhaps due to the fact that street assemblages always represent some sentiment or occasion not at all calculated to provoke hot blood. In every subject matter for police discretionary permission, the inconvenience of the few ought to be surrendered to the wider necessity for the peaceful and perfect use of the greatest number of citizens. And at all times the Police should prevent occasions for disorder rather than wait to regulate or suppress it. It is very clear that, if any one individual should undertake by himself to produce a commotion of irritation and excite to others in the community, he would not be, in such an act, entitled to Police protection. And surely, what may not be done by one individual ought not to be attempted by the organized many, when the aggravation would be so much the greater.

Therefore, you are ordered (in conformity to the private directions herewith promulgated, and which relate merely to details of discipline and arrangements for Police action not expedient to be publicly announced) to prevent the form tion or progression of the public street procession for the 12th instant alluded to, and of all processions under pretense or target purposes. You will also, on that day, impartially keep all streets cleared from groups and assemblages of every class of citizens, whether sympathizing with or disagreeing with the objects of the processionists, or whether they are lawlessly disposed or otherwise. You will also promptly arrest all persons of any description, who in the thoroughfares, use threatening or disorderly language, inciting to breach of the peace, in contempt of the state statutes upon that subject.

JAMES J. KELSO,
Superintendent.

Upon being informed of the promulgation of the above order Governor Hoffman took a special train from Albany for the metropolis, accompanied by Col. Van Buren, his private secretary. He arrived about 10 o'clock, P. M., and proceeded to the Gilsey House hotel, where he was shortly afterwards joined by Mayor Hall, Superintendent Kelso and General McQuade, inspector general of the militia. The result of their conference was the issuance of the subjoined proclamation by the Governor, and the revocation of General Order No. 57, given above:—

Having been only this day apprised, while at the Capitol, of the actual condition of things here with reference to proposed processions to-morrow, and having, in the belief that my presence was needed, repaired hither immediately, I do make this proclamation:

The order heretofore issued by the police authorities in reference to said processions having been duly revoked, I hereby give notice that any and all bodies of men desiring to assemble and march in peaceable procession in this city to-morrow, the 13th inst., will be permitted to do so. They will be protected to the fullest extent possible by the military and police authorities. A military and police escort will be furnished to any body of men desiring it, on application to me at my headquarters (which will be at police headquarters, in this City) at any time during the day.

I warn all persons to abstain from interference with any such assemblage or procession, except by authority from me; and I give notice that all the powers at my command, civil and military, will be used to preserve the public peace and to put down, at all hazards, every attempt at disturbance; and I call upon all citizens, of every race and religion, to unite with me and the local authorities in this determination to preserve the peace and honor of the city and state.

Dated at New York, this 11th day of July, A. D. 1871.

By the Governor. JOHN T. HOFFMAN.

JOHN D. VAN BUREN, private secretary.

Plans were matured at this conference for effective action on the following day. Orders were issued by Gen. Shaler for the First, Fifth, Sixth, Seventh, Ninth, Eleventh, Twelfth, Twenty-second, Fifty-fifth, Sixty-ninth, Seventy-first and Eighty-fourth regiments of infantry and the Third Cavalry to assemble at their respective armories, in fatigue dress, fully armed and equipped for active service, at seven o'clock A. M. Each man was supplied with forty rounds of ammunition. The Seventy-first was sent to the Boulevard districts in Harlem; the Sixty-ninth to the Essex Market Armory and the Eleventh to Police Headquarters. The Sixth, Seventh, Ninth, Twenty-second and Eighty-fourth were assigned to the most dangerous task of the day—so that of escorting the Orangemen. These five regiments, however, were kept busy all the forenoon in suppressing disturbances in various parts of the city, so by the time they were ordered to the Orange headquarters they had already done some very arduous work. Two companies of the Seventh, about 10 o'clock, were sent to Avenue A, where, it was reported, the rioters had seized a lot of arms. Two other companies were held in re

ready to march. Colonel Fisk, who, while in the Grand Opera House, had removed his uniform coat, did not wait to dress, but, mounted at once to the armory and took command, being in his shirt sleeves. Not having his sword with him, Colonel Fisk was given Major Hutchcock's sabre. He then placed himself at the head of his men and led them in person, remaining with them during the firing and until it had ceased. The crowd, attempting to cross the street, rushed past the head of the regiment and knocked Colonel Fisk down and trampled upon him. After the crowd had passed, Fisk down and trampled upon him. After the crowd had passed, Colonel Fisk attempted to rise, but was unable, his foot being severely hurt. He was assisted by his men and carried into a house opposite where he fell. Outside of this house crowds assembled, but were kept back by the police and his friends, deciding his removal necessary bedding and pillow, and his friends, deciding his removal necessary to save his life, had the Colonel taken elsewhere. Lieut. Colonel Braine takes occasion to deny that Colonel Fisk did not command the regiment, and asserts that he did his full duty to preserve the public peace, and was foremost in the fray; also, that there was no dissatisfaction on the part of the regiment with the colonel; but, on the contrary, he was cheered by the regiment on its return to the armory. Colonel Fisk did not leave New York until he was informed that his command was on the march to the armory, and that the mob had been checked. He is confined to his room on account of injuries received, and will not be able to leave before a week. On the 14th inst., in response to a dispatch soliciting his orders in regard to the dead, in response to a dispatch soliciting his orders in regard to the dead, in response to a dispatch soliciting his orders in regard to the dead,

AQUATIC.

REGATTA OF THE NORTHWESTERN AMATEUR ROWING ASSOCIATION.

Last week the annual regatta of the above-named rowing association was held at Oconomowoc, Wis. As far as attendance was concerned it was a success, but in interest fell short of what had been expected. This was attributable to the withdrawal of the Chicago Rowing Club, on account of what they deemed the nonconformity to the rules they received at the hands of jealous rivals. The cause of the withdrawal was the entering of a personage by Mr. Griffin, of the Excelsior Club, of Detroit, against the Chicago Club crew as it stood, being allowed to row in the six-oared race. He read an extract from the Detroit Free Press, by which it appears on account of a rowing match for $1,000 a side between the Metropolitan Club, of Chicago, and the Shakespeare Club, of Toronto, in which Curtis, a present member of the Chicago Club, took part, and, encountering him in a previous race, he was defeated. Mr. Griffin claimed that the fact should be a member of the Chicago rowing crew in the six-oared shell race. A prolonged discussion ensued, ending in the withdrawal of the protest by Mr. Griffin. He, however, moved an amendment to the effect that the Chicago Club crew, consisting for money or prizes at any other regattas than those given by the Northwestern Rowing Association should be declared ineligible. Action upon this was deferred to the final meeting of the second day, and it is to be hoped that it may not be adopted. Mr. Curtis was, a few years since, a member of the Atlantic Club, of Rochester; but had it been known that he was a member of one of the crews which pulled in the race mentioned it would not have been objected to, inasmuch as the rules of the Hudson Amateur Rowing Association, to which the Atlantics belonged, prohibit every man who has rowed in a race for a stake, even though he did not row himself. Professionals are supposed to be ineligible to amateur races, and when a man who has previously rushed as an amateur takes a seat in a boat with professional oarsmen he is, of course, considered to be equal to them; consequently, it would be manifestly unjust to allow him to contend against amateur oarsmen. Therefore, Mr. Griffin's protest was in order, and Curtis should by right, and in justice to the other clubs, have been debarred from rowing. The Chicago Club had reason to believe it was their own crew. The general impression now was that the Wah-Wah Sums were to take the race; but knowing that "there's many a slip 'twixt the cup and the lip," the Saginaws on shore did not, as yet, cheer very loudly. A Saginaw man, with a roll of bills, commenced offering odds on the Wah Wah Sums, when a local officer stepped up, and in a voice of deep moral gravity assured him that he was a deputy sheriff and should arrest any man betting. This did not subdue our Saginaw friend, he still offering to bet, but as he could find no takers the deputy was saved from the performance of a pious duty. As the boats came in plain view it was evident that the contest was narrowed down to just where the impression was it would be, between the two Saginaw clubs. The Wah Wah Sums led slightly, and came in handsomely ahead, rowing with a quick, springing stroke, apparently as fresh as when they were setting out, crossing the line amid deafening cheers, and making the course in 18 minutes 43½ seconds. The Undines, following, crossed the line in 19 minutes 4¾ seconds. The Milwaukee Club crossed the line third, the Detroit fourth and the Erie Club last. In consequence of the Saginaws and Erins having turned the wrong stake, however, the judges reluctantly ruled them out, and awarded the first prize to the Neptunes, of East Saginaw, the Milwaukee second and Detroit third. It is to be regretted that the race was attended by an unfortunate result, but the judges performed their duty in pursuing the course they did.

SECOND DAY, THURSDAY, JULY 13TH.

The first race was one omitted from the programme for the previous day, and was for single scull working boats, $25 free to all, two miles. There were four entries and an uninteresting contest ended in favor of Gus. Myers, who took 21:20 to go over the course, Jas. Jones following in 26:08, the others being "nowhere." The next contest was productive of much interest, being for

FOUR-OARED BOATS,

distance three miles, for prizes valued at $150. There were four starters, the names of the boats and crews being given underneath:—

Sylph, paper shell, Neptune Club, East Saginaw—F. G. Wilkins stroke; Geo. Mann, C. W. Hammond, J. S. Wilkins, bow. Average weight of crew, 146 lbs. No. 3.

Sarah A. Bullock, shell, Wah-Wah Sum Club, Saginaw—T. Slocum, stroke; S. Smith, P. M. Gunn, Y. B. Paine, bow; C. H. Wright, coxswain. Average weight of crew, 158 lbs. No. 1.

Sprite, lapstrake, Neptune Club—Joe Stringham, Jr., stroke; P. G. Glynn, L. T. Hunt, D. R. Brown, bow. Length of boat, 43 feet; width, 36 inches. Average weight, 158 lbs. No. 2.

Lady Evelyn, Milwaukee Club—W. H. S. Wright, stroke; Chas. O. Collins, C. S. Norris, Geo. R. Wright, bow. Length of boat, 39 feet; width, 31 inches. Average weight, 156lbs. No. 4.

At the signal the boats headed down the course, the Milwaukee Club leading in fine style, the Wah-Wah Sums next, with the other two nearly neck and neck. The positions taken in the first quarter were not changed during the first half of the course. In turning the stake-boat the Wah-Wah Sums made the first, and when they were slightly ahead, the Bullock following almost at the same moment, the Sylph turning third, and the Sprite fourth. The return home was one of the most exciting contests ever witnessed. There appeared to be two separate races, the Lady Evelyn and Bullock struggling against one another, and the Sylph and Sprite contending with each other. Entering the last quarter a cry went up that Milwaukee was ahead, and the greatest excitement prevailed. At the commencement of the second half of the last quarter the two clubs, as near as could be seen, were very near to one another, and about the same distance from the home goal. Then the Wah-Wah Sums spurted splendidly, and the spurt gave them the race. The Evelyn was just five strokes behind. The other two crews were nearly a quarter of a mile in the rear, and came in in the following order:—Sprite, 1st; Sylph, 2d. The time of the winning club was 21:03¾. Time of the Milwaukee Club, 21:10.

The only other race of the day, and the last of the regatta, came off in the afternoon, and was between the barges Milwaukee (Milwaukee Club), and Rebecca (Wah-Wah Sums), six oars, with coxswain, 1½ miles, for a prize of $50. The latter won in 13:55, the Milwaukee being a good second. A review followed, and that ended the sports upon the water, the crowd quietly dispersing upon the conclusion. A banquet was given to the participants and invited guests at the Newhall House, Milwaukee, which was a very elegant and enjoyable affair. The prizes were then awarded to the successful oarsmen by vice-president Potter. D. R. Brown, of the Undine, came forward and received the champion flag, accompanied by the prizes, which consisted of a silver cup, gold lined, and appropriate gold badges of a nautical design for each member of the crew. Thos. Geo. Wright, of the crew of the Lady Alice, was then called forward and offered the second prizes, which were the same as the first, with the exception of size. He came forward and *flatly* refused to take them, as he said he considered his crew had not won them. This decision was received with storms of applause and hisses. The captain of the Sarah Bullock, the winner of the prize in the four-oared race, was called for. Mr. Wheeler came forward, and, in a very gentlemanly way, in behalf of the Wah-Wah Sum crew, requested the vice-president to state their views in the matter. He said, then, that the crew of the Sarah Bullock respectfully, and in all kindness, declined to accept the prize. This was received with cheers and hisses. The captain of the Lady Evelyn, Wright, was then called for, and he was awarded the second prize in the four-oared race. This was accepted, Wright said, because he believed the crew had earned it. The crew representing the Wah-Wah Sum Club on the second shell race entered a protest against the decision of the judges in ruling them out, but the judges refuscated to pay any attention to it, and this was the cause of their declining to accept the prize awarded them for their victory in the long race.

At a business meeting of the association, held next morning, the following gentlemen were chosen officers for the year ensuing:—President, Levi T. Griffin, Detroit; Vice President, James F. Brown, Saginaw; Secretary and Treasurer, Charles H. Raymond, Jr., Detroit; Commodore, T. M. Walker, Erie; Vice Commodore, J. B. Thomas, Toledo.

THREE MILE SCULLING RACE.

The finest contest which has taken place in Pittsburgh waters this season was the race between Rooney Miller, of the McKee Club, and Bph Morris, of the Clipper, distance three miles, over the lower Monongahela Course, for $300 a side, which took place on the 15th inst. These men met last year, when Miller achieved a creditable victory; consequently the betting was largely in favor of him, 2 to 1 being readily obtainable. Mr. Rees was chosen as referee, John Carl acting as judge for Miller, and Messrs. Phelin and Cummins for Morris. Morris rowed in the boat used by Rainford in the Lachine regatta last year, and named the "Robert Liddell," in honor of the gentleman who purchased it from the English champion. Both contestants had received themselves of any such encumbrances as shirts, and appeared in the event of the evening in their every day duds.

At five minutes past seven the men were started off. Both moved away with a good grace and for some time kept together; in fact neither had the advantage until they passed Market street. The start was an excellent one. After passing Market street Morris seemed to gain a little, and maintained it. A good turn was made at the buoy—a mile and a half down—and on the home-stretch both put in their best licks. Morris, however, kept the lead, and at the Point on his way back. It is said, he was six or seven lengths ahead. Miller reduced this gap considerably, but as the boats came in sight of the Monongahela bridge it was apparent Morris would win. Miller made a spurt when near the bridge, but it was of no avail, and Morris came in the winner by about three lengths, the time for the three miles being recorded by the referee being 24:00.

ANOTHER BIG EVENT PROSPECTIVE.—The recent race at Cape May seems to have excited a feeling of rivalry in the bosoms of those who have a penchant for this description of sport in the old Bay State. Determined not to be outdone by the residents of any other locality, the project has been set on foot of having a grand regatta off Nantasket Beach sometime between the 1st and 15th of next month. The interest of the guests at the Rockland House, the residents along the Jerusalem Road, and many citizens of Hingham has been enlisted in the enterprise, and besides the New York squadron, the Boston and other clubs will participate, thus swelling the fleet to over sixty sail, it is confidently expected. It is proposed to offer prizes more valuable than were ever before heard of in our waters. The fleet will start off Nantasket Beach, and make a triangular course of thirty or forty miles, the whole of which can be witnessed from the beach, from the Rockland House and along the entire Jerusalem road.

THE YALE REGATTA.—On Wednesday, July 12th, the summer regatta of the Yale Navy came off at Lake Saltonstall, near New Haven. A scrub race between a junior and a Freshmen crew, double sculls, two miles, the former allowed a start of 30 seconds, opened the ball. The Juniors won handily in 16:10. A single scull race for an elegant cup of solid silver, valued at $300, followed, five entries, same course. It was won by Carrington Phelps, '70, Colebrook, Conn., in 16:46½; James H. Smith, '72, New York city, second; John R. Mills, third; Wm P. Hall, fourth; Chas. H. Perry, fifth. The third and last race was for six-oared shells, the entries being the Scientific and Sophomore crews. The latter took the lead at once, held it throughout and won easily, the time for the three miles being 19:50; Sophos, 20:29. The prizes were a blue silk flag and the Phelps prize, a purse of $120, to the winners.

AN AMERICAN FOUR.—In the latest issue of the Pittsburgh *Leader* is found, dated July 12th, we find the following:—We are informed yesterday by Harry Courtney that a four-oared crew, consisting of himself, Barney Giblin, John Biglin and another, to be selected from two men picked by the three named, is being organized to take part in the regattas at Halifax, Springfield and Saratoga, contending with the English crew and St. Louis's four. Courtney says "if he has to walk to Halifax and carry his boat on his back he will have a race with Renforth." We hope he will, for we should like to see a race between Courtney and Renforth himself down to real work lately, and seems to be getting stong will wish the sprouts.

POTOMAC BOAT CLUB.—A special meeting of the above Washington club was held on the 14th inst., mainly for the purpose of taking action relative to a communication received from the Undine Club, of Norfolk, proposing a match. The club decided to accept the invitation, and a committee was appointed to make the requisite arrangements. The Lady of the Lake has been chartered to convey the members of the club and escort them into the ocean. The crew selected to row is composed of the following oarsmen:—Col. Frank Jones (stroke), Edward Derrick, F. A. Miller, George Fox, S. Wheeler, and R. T. Carpenter (bow). The race will take place on the Elizabeth River on the 2d proximo, at about 5 o'clock P. M. The Potomac Club will leave on the evening of the 1st.

ROWING IN ALBANY.—The proposed gig race between the noted National Club and the noted Saratogaut crew, which has been looked forward to with so much interest by Albany boating men, is "off," for a time at least. A committee from each club met on the evening of the 10th instant, but could not agree on preliminaries. The principal point of difference was the time of the race; the Nationals, in consequence of the expected absence from the city of four of their crew, being unwilling to row before the 1st of September.

FLAT BOAT RACE.—The Allegheny River, at Pittsburgh, is to be the scene of a race between thirty or more flat-bottom fleets on July 22d, under the auspices of the Coloanah and J. B. Jones clubs. The architect of agreement sets forth that the fleets shall be six feet long, six inches deep, and twenty inches wide, and the oars but three feet long, and that each contestant must make his own fleet. Any boats or oars that are not exactly of the above dimensions will not be allowed to enter.

BASE BALL.

MUTUAL vs. OLYMPIC.

The third grand match between these clubs took place on Monday, July 17th, the day of our going to press, on the Union grounds, L. I. Their first occurred in Brooklyn, on June 22d, which the Mutuals won by a score of 12 to 4. The return game was played in Washington, on July 10th, and resulted in the success of the Olympics by a score of 16 to 12. Their third game, played July 17th, ended in a victory for the Mutuals by a score of 15 to 9.

Play was called at 3:36 P. M., with the Olympics at the bat. Waterman opened with a high foul to Smith and retired; Force followed with a clip to Mills, and after Pearce Mills had had his base given him on called balls, Allison gave Smith a chance to field him out at first—result a whitewash. On the other side Pearce opened with a safe one right past the pitcher, after which Hatfield had a life given him by a muff of Waterman's, and after Start had had a life given him by a dropped foul bound, which Brainard went for, he hit safely to right field. By Smith's hit to Leonard Start was forced off at third base, Pearce previously getting in on a wild pitch. Ferguson then hit safely for his base, but the next two strikers being disposed of, got out by Force left two men on the bases, the inning ending with two runs scored after seven men had been to the bat.

In the second inning neither side secured a run, the players on both sides retiring in the same order in which they came to the bat, Start making a good foul fly catch.

In the third inning the Olympics were all put out by the Mutual infield-two fouls and in regular succession. On the other side Malone punished Brainard for two earned runs, Hatfield, Start, and Ferguson hitting for double bases. This left the totals at 6 to 0 in favor of the Mutuals, and their stock began to rise in the market.

In the fourth innings Force led off with a two baser to Hatfield's district, and, after Mills had been caught by Ferguson, and Allison had had a life given him by Smith's wild throw, Glenn hit safely and sent Force in, the Olympics thereby earning their first run. On the other side, by the good batting of Hatfield and Ferguson, two runs were scored, this leaving the totals at 8 to 1 in favor of New York.

In the fifth innings the Olympics batted Wolters for a single earned run, Hall, Waterman and Force making good base hits. On the other side a blank was drawn, Wolters alone making a base, but this left the totals at 8 to 2.

In the sixth innings Mills opened with a safe hit, but by Allison's hit to Smith he was forced out at second, and but for Ferguson's wide throw Allison would have been out on a double play. Glenn and Leonard then hit safely, but on running to second on a foul the latter was put out, and Brainard's high ball to Patterson would have ended the innings for a single had not the ball been dropped. Hall then hit safely for his base, and by Burroughs' fine hit to left field two additional runs were scored, and Burroughs finally secured his run before the innings ended, thereby leaving the Olympics score at 7, and the game now became interesting. On the other side the Mutuals scratched in a single owing to a muff of Waterman's, leaving the totals 9 to 7, with the Mutes still in the van.

In the seventh innings Force led off again with a two base hit and by Pearce's errors afterward he got home, Eggler closing the innings with a fine one hand catch. On the other side the Mutuals batted finely for three runs, which closed the seventh innings with the totals at 12 to 8 in favor of the Mutuals.

In the eighth innings Brainard opened with a safe hit, but before a run could be scored the side was put out. The Mutuals, but for glaring errors, would have been whitewashed. As it was, they scored two runs by errors, leaving the totals at 14 to 8.

The game was now comparitively safe for New York, but still there was the "glorious uncertainty" to be considered. In the ninth innings Mills and Allison opened with safe hits, after which Ferguson, by a dropped fly ball, gave the Olympics reinforced up to two of them were run out, their base running being very poor. Finally, they were disposed of for the single run scored by Mills, thus giving the game to the Mutuals. On the other side the Mutuals added two to their score, and came in the victors by the total score of 16 to 9.

The game was not up to the mark of either nine, the Olympics fielding very poorly in the in-field. Indeed, there is evidently a lack of harmony in the field work. The Mutuals out-batted and out-batted their opponents. We cannot congratulate Mr. Bomeisler, as we hitherto have done, on his success in umpiring the game, as he evidently got mixed up at times. The errors were about equal, however. The score:—

OLYMPIC.	R.	1B.	P.O.	A.
Waterman, 3d b..0	1	5	1	
Force, s. s.....2	3	1	4	
Mills, 1st b.....1	2	7	0	
Allison, c.....1	1	4	1	
Glenn, r. f.....1	2	1	0	
Leonard, 2d b....0	1	2	3	
Brainard, p.....1	1	0	0	
Hall, c. f.....2	3	2	0	
Burroughs, l. f...1	1	3	0	
Totals.....9	14	27	9	

MUTUAL.	R.	1B.	P.O.	A.
Pearce, s. s.....3	3	0	1	
Hatfield, l. f.....2	3	2	0	
Start, 1st b.....2	3	7	0	
Smith, 3d b.....1	2	4	4	
Ferguson, 3d b...2	4	2	1	
Mills, c.....1	1	7	1	
Allison, r. f.....1	1	1	0	
Eggler, c. f.....1	1	3	0	
Wolters, p.....0	2	1	3	
Patterson, r. f...2	2	0	0	
Totals.....16	19	27	10	

INNINGS.—*Runs scored.*	1st	2d	3d	4th	5th	6th	7th	8th	9th
Olympic.....	0	0	0	1	1	5	1	0	1—9
Mutual.....	2	0	4	2	0	1	3	3	1—16
Runs Earned.									
Olympic.....	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0—2
Mutual.....	2	0	1	1	0	1	2	2	1—10

First base by errors—Olympic, 7 times; Mutual, 8 times. Total fielding errors—Olympic, 17; Mutual, 18. Umpire—Mr. Theo. Bomeisler, of the Eureka Club. Time of game—2 hours and 15 minutes.

ATHLETIC vs. CHICAGO.

The Athletics, of Philadelphia, arrived in Chicago on the 13th inst., and on the 14th played their return game with the White Stockings on the Lake Park grounds. The attendance was very large, nearly 5,000 persons being present, the most that has been congregated at any game this season. The Athletics arrived on the ground shortly after 3 o'clock, but it was nearly 4 o'clock before the game commenced, the intervening time being spent in selecting an umpire. Finally, the Athletics, rather than not have a game, consented to take a Mr. Bonse, claiming to belong to the defunct Railway Union Club, of Cleveland, Ohio, although they had been advised not to take this man by many of the citizens of Chicago, on account of his known partiality, and cling as an instance the case of the Forest City of Cleveland's game with the Chicago last year, when this same man acted in such a manner that the former club retired disgusted from the field. His umpiring on this occasion was very poor, and he failed to call either balls or strikes as strictly as the rules declared, and spoke in such a low tone of voice that he could be scarcely heard. The Athletics lost the toss, and went first to the bat.

First Innings.—Cuthbert struck out, the ball on the last strike hitting him, and the umpire calling a strike instead of a ball. Treacy popped up one to Hodges. Radcliff made his first by a ball that Hodes failed to properly handle, but before he could get any further Malone was put out at first by the assistance of Wood. No runs.

Second Innings.—Duffy in first on bunty bounder to Radcliff. Wood out at first by McBride's assistance. Treacy made one base by a weak hit to right field, just out of reach, and Duffy came home. Treacy was then put out, attempting to steal second, by Mackey to Hall. Reach and King went out on foul bound by Malone. One run, not earned.

3. Fisler, Reach and Sensenderfer in succession went out at first base by the assistance of Duffy, King and McAtee. No runs.

McAtee and Simmons hit to McBride and went out at first. Pinkham was missed on a difficult catch, low down, by Cuthbert. Hodes hit to Meyerle, he muffed the ball, and Pinkham came home. Zettlein also sent a bounder to Meyerle, but was put out at first base. One run, not earned.

5. Meyerle was enabled to reach his first by a low throw of Hodes' Bechtel and Cuthbert also hit to Hodes, who made two more wild throws, letting Meyerle and Bechtel come in. The next three men then went out in succession, McBride at first by King's assistance, Radcliff on strikes and Malone on the fly by Sensenderfer. Two runs, none earned.....Duffy out on tip bound by Malone, Wood made one base by a ball that bounded over Radcliff's head, and went to second on Treacy's high hit to short right field, near the foul ball line. King popped up on a high fly to Radcliffe and Hall, and Wood was doubled up before he could return to second. No runs.

4. Fisler out on foul fly by King, Reach's high hit to short left field was neatly taken on the fly by Duffy. Sensenderfer made one base by a fine hit to centre, but was put out running to second by King's throw to Wood. No runs.....Treacy was given first on called balls. King out at first by Malone and Fisler. McAtee flew to Cuthbert. Simmons' bounder was muffed by Meyerle, and he threw to third by a wild return of the ball by Cuthbert, Treacy in the meanwhile coming home. Pinkham flew to Cuthbert. One run, not earned.

5. Meyerle in first on fair foul grounder to third, and came home on Bechtel's splendid two base hit to left field. McBride hit to Hodes, and Bechtel was put out at home-base attempting to run in. Radcliff also hit to Hodes, but reached the first base before the ball did. Malone's hit to Wood forced out Radcliff. One run earned. Hodes' grounder was badly muffed and thrown by Meyerle. Zettlein hit to Radcliff and went out at first, Duffy also going out at first by McBride's assistance. Wood popped up one to Meyerle. No runs.

6. Malone made one base by a good hit to right field. Fisler hit to Hodes, who could not pick up the ball. Reach hit to Zettlein and retired at first. Sensenderfer sent Malone and Fisler home by a good hit to centre field. Meyerle followed with a splendid grounder over third, and Sensenderfer came home. Bechtel's grounder was muffed by Hodes. Cuthbert was caught on the foul fly by Mc-Bride then struck a foul, which the umpire failed to call loud enough for Bechtel to hear and he was put out at second base, four runs being scored.....Treacy and King both hit high balls to let's field, one of which Cuthbert captured and the other he dropped, both being difficult catches. McAtee out at first by Meyerle's assistance, and Simmons flew out to Reach. No runs.

7. Cuthbert out on tip bound by King. McBride one base by a fair foul bounder to left field. Radcliff's hot bounder was muffed by Hodes. Malone was put out by McAtee. Hodes again muffed a ball, this time from Fisher's bat. Pinkham and Hodes now exchanged positions. Reach was very badly missed on the fly by McAtee, and the bases were all occupied, when Sensenderfer hit a high fly foul, which was easily taken by King. One run was made, not earned.....Pinkham made one base by a low throw of Radcliff, and Hodes and Zettlein followed with safe hits to the short-field, the latter's ran home. Duffy should have been second out, but Fisler failed to hold the ball thrown by Radcliff. Wood then, by a tremendous hit to left field, made his third, and Zettlein and Duffy came home. Treacy and McAtee hit bounders that Radcliff let pass him, and thus made runs, as did Wood. King flew to Cuthbert, and Pinkham to Radcliff, Simmons going out at first base by Reach's assistance. Seven runs were scored, two earned.

8. Meyerle out on tip bound by King. Bechtel made one base by a low throw of Pinkham's. Cuthbert hit a short one to Zettlein, and safely made first base. McBride hit to Pinkham, who tried to head off Bechtel at home, but was too late. Radcliff flied out to Duffy, who touched Cuthbert between the bases, and put McBride out at second, the double play terminating the innings for one run not earned.....Hodes and Zettlein out on fouls by Malone, and Zettlein at first base by a good throw of Meyerle's. No runs.

9. Radcliff and Malone flew out to Treacy, and Simmons and Fisler was put out at first base by Pinkham's throw to McAtee, the decision giving great dissatisfaction to the Athletics, they claiming that McAtee was not on the base. No runs.....Wood and Duffy commenced with safe one base hits. King and McAtee were then put out at first base by the assistance of Reach and Meyerle, and Wood came home. Simmons was then neatly taken on the fly by Bechtel. One run earned.

The Athletics, although out-batting and out-fielding their opponents, yet, strange to say, lost the game by two runs. The game was a poorly played one, Hodes committing nearly all the errors on the Chicago side, while the most damaging errors on the Athletic's side were made by Radcliff and Meyerle. The Athletics made five runs on clean hits, and four runs on errors out of nine times on clean hits, and twelve times on errors, while the Chicago made four runs out of the eight times they made their bases on clean hits, and six out of the ten times on errors. The umpire, Mr. Bonse, who claims to belong to the Railway Union Club, of Cleveland, although there is no such club in existence, made several glaring errors of judgment, and evinced but little knowledge of the rules. Cuthbert, Radcliff and Reach, were all retired on strikes, when in each case the umpire had called a strike on a ball, hitting the batsman instead of "one ball," as required by the rule. Another of the Athletics was given "out" by the umpire on a ball bounding off the fence back of the catcher's position, but the captain of the Chicago Club interfered, and read the umpire the rule bearing on such cases, and the umpire then reversed his decision. Several other striking instances of the umpire's incompetency and partiality were noticed, but the above will suffice. The score:—

ATHLETIC.	1B.	R.	P.O.	A.
Cuthbert, l. f....0	0	1	4	0
McBride, p.....0	1	1	0	4
Radcliff, s. s....0	1	1	2	2
Malone, c.....0	1	0	7	0
Fisler, 1st b.....1	1	0	13	0
Reach, 2d b.....0	0	0	3	2
Sensend'rfer, c. f.0	1	2	0	0
Meyerle, 3d b....0	1	1	1	4
Bechtel, r. f.....0	2	1	1	0
Totals.....0	9	7	27	12

CHICAGO.	1B.	R.	P.O.	A.
Duffy, c. s.....0	2	0	2	4
Wood, 2d b.....0	3	2	1	3
Treacy, l. f.....0	2	2	3	0
King, c.....0	0	1	7	0
McAtee, 1st b...0	1	0	9	0
Simmons, c. f....0	0	0	1	0
Pinkham, r. f....0	3	0	0	1
Hodes, 3d b.....0	1	1	1	3
Zettlein, p.....0	1	1	1	1
Totals.....0	13	7	25	12

INNINGS.—*Runs Scored.*	1st	2d	3d	4th	5th	6th	7th	8th	9th
Athletic.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0
Chicago.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0

Double plays—Radcliff and Reach, 1; Duffy and Wood, 1. Bases on errors—Athletic, 12; Chicago, 10. Bases on called balls—Treacy, 1. Umpire—Mr. N. Bonse, of Cleveland. Time of game—Two hours and five minutes.

ECKFORD vs. CLEVELAND.

Nearly a thousand persons gathered upon the grounds of the Forest City Club, of Cleveland, on July 14th, to see them polish off the Eckfords, but they were disappointed, as the latter achieved an overwhelming victory, as the appended score will show:—

Forest City.	R.	1B.
White.....2	0	0
Allison.....4	0	0
Faber.....4	0	1
Gerhardt.....3	0	0
Kimball.....3	0	0
Frost.....3	0	1
Sutton.....3	0	0
Johnson.....4	0	0
Bass.....4	0	0
Totals.....30	0	2

ECKFORD.	R.	1B.
Allison.....6	0	0
Martin.....4	0	0
Nelson.....4	0	0
Gedney.....4	0	0
Swandell.....4	0	0
Hicks.....3	0	0
Chapman.....3	0	0
Hoffworth.....3	0	0
Bailey.....3	0	1
Totals.....37	0	1

INNINGS.	1st	2d	3d	4th	5th	6th	7th	8th	9th
Forest City.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0
Eckford.....	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—1

Runs Earned—Eckford, 1. Double plays—Forest City, 1; Eckford, 2. Time of game—2 hours.

BOSTON vs. ROCKFORD.

The Boston nine arrived at Rockford, Ill., on the afternoon of July 18th, at 2 P. M., and shortly afterward repaired to the grounds of the Forest City Club, about two thousand spectators being present. At 3:05, the Reds having won the toss and sent their antagonists to the bat, the game was called. In this innings the home club held their first goose egg, Birdsall and Gould making a pretty double play. The Bostons made three runs, none of them earned, although Birdsall, Manning and Deas made safe base hits. In the second and third innings the Rockfords failed to count, Barnes, Scoulding, Schafer and Gould doing the best fielding. In the same innings the Bostons added 4 to their score, 3 of which were earned by the powerful batting of Barnes, Birdsall, McVey, H. H. Wright, Schafer and Deas. At the end of the third innings the score was 7 to 0 in favor of the Bostons. In the fourth innings the Rockfords scored an unearned run by poor fielding of McVey; the Reds made two more—one earned—the score being 11 to 1 in their favor.

In the fifth and sixth innings the Rockfords were whitewashed, Jackson pulling the entire side out in the sixth. Mac was substituted for Schafer at the pitcher's point in the fifth innings, but as the Reds got all scored in the fifth and ninth innings, and the game was finished with the Reds ahead by 21 to 12. The score:—

BOSTON.	R.	1B.	P.O.	A.
Barnes, s. s.....5	5	3	0	
Birdsall, c.....3	3	3	3	
Burrows, r. f....2	2	3	0	
H. Wright, c. f...1	1	3	1	
Gould, 1st b.....2	3	13	0	
Schafer, 2d b.....1	1	0	2	
Cone, l. f.....0	0	1	0	
Spalding, p.....0	0	5	1	
Jackson, 3d b....0	4	4	7	
Totals.....30	30	37	16	

ROCKFORD.	R.	1B.	P.	A.
Williams, 3d b...3	3	1	2	0
Matthews, p.....0	0	0	0	3
Farrow, c.....1	1	7	1	0
Goldsmith, s. s...1	0	0	4	6
Lennon, c.....0	1	3	1	0
Carey, 2d b.....0	1	1	3	0
Armstrong, c. f...0	0	1	0	0
Kohler, 1st b.....0	1	11	0	0
Kelly, r. f.....1	0	1	0	0
Totals.....8	9	27	9	

INNINGS.—*Runs Scored.*	1st	2d	3d	4th	5th	6th	7th	8th	9th
Boston.....	1	0	0	1	0	5	1	3	10—21
Rockfords.....	0	0	0	1	0	0	4	3	0—8

Runs earned—Boston, 15; Rockfords, 1. Time of game—3 hours. Umpire—Mort. Rogers, Star Club, Brooklyn.

ATHLETIC vs. ENTERPRISE.

The Athletics, of Philadelphia, left that city on the evening of the 11th inst., on their annual western tour, and on the following day played the Enterprise, of Pittsburgh. The game was played on the Union ground, Allegheny city, and was won easily by the Athletics, although they were without the valuable services of Malone, their catcher, who was unable to take part on account of a very sore hand. Bechtel, the tenth man of the Athletics, was substituted in Malone's place, and Heubel again resumed his position, having nearly recovered from the effect of the injuries sustained by him in the Athletic-Haymaker game in Troy. The principal features of the game were the excellent catching of Radcliff and pitching of Meyerle on the part of the Athletics, and the heavy batting and fielding of Nevin, of the Yale College nine, on the part of the Enterprise. The attendance was small and the weather warm. The score:—

ATHLETIC.	AB.	R.	1B.	P.O.	A.
Cuthbert, s.s....5	7	4	0	1	
McBride, p.....5	8	4	2	1	
Radcliff, c.....3	6	6	10	0	
Reichel, 1. f.....3	5	3	1	0	
Fisler, 1st b.....3	10	6	5	0	
Reach, 2d b.....3	8	2	3	1	
Sensend'rfer, c. f.3	8	3	2	0	
Meyerle, 3d b....3	8	4	2	0	
Heubel, r. f.....3	7	3	2	0	
Totals.....34	75	41	27	4	

ENTERPRISE.	AB.	R.	1B.	P.O.	A.
Park, 3d b.....5	5	0	0	1	3
Moore, 2d b.....5	5	1	1	3	5
Nevin, 1 f.....5	5	1	4	2	0
Hauck, p.....5	5	0	0	1	2
J. Euwer, 1st b.4	4	0	1	9	0
Lamont, s.s.....4	4	0	0	0	2
Sullivan, c.f.....4	4	0	0	2	0
Hall, c.....4	4	1	1	6	2
D. Euwer, r f....4	4	2	1	1	0
Totals.....41	41	7	10	27	14

INNINGS.	1st	2d	3d	4th	5th	6th	7th	8th	9th
Athletic.....	5	4	1	1	4	8	10	5	1—41
Enterprise.....	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	4	0—7

Runs Earned—Athletic, 13; Enterprise, 4. Double Play—Sensenderfer and Fisler. Bases on Errors—Athletics, 10 times. Bases on Balls—Athletic, 5 times; Enterprise, 2 times.

Umpire—Mr. John A. Wilson, of the Wyomissons, of Franklin, Pa. Time of game—Two hours and forty-five minutes.

OLYMPIC OF WASHINGTON.

RESIGNATION OF PRESIDENT MILLS.

PRESENT TO SECRETARY YOUNG.

At a special meeting of the Olympic Base Ball Club, of Washington, held on the 13th inst., the resignation of President A. G. Mills was presented and accepted. Mr. Mills is chief clerk in the office of the Supervising Architect of the Treasury, and the great pressure of business in that office at this time compelled him to take the step, which was done after mature deliberation. It is needless to say that it is with regret that the club accepted the resignation, as he is, perhaps, more than any other one man, to be the success of the club. Mr. N. C. Young, Corresponding Secretary, was urged by his friends for the vacant position, but he firmly refused it, not on account of the duties of the position, but for want of time to attend to them. General W. D. Whipple, Assistant Adjutant General U. S. A., now serving in the War Department, was elected, and a good selection it is, too. He is a fine gentleman, and, although having kept his membership up to this point, the club also received that Nick. Young had earned their compliments by his untiring energy in behalf of the club, and the resolution passed by him was endorsed by a vote of thanks, and a draft on the Treasurer in his favor for $300. It is a well earned and well deserved recognition of the services of a hard working officer. The following is Mr. Mills' letter of resignation:—

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 13th, 1871.

TO THE STOCKHOLDERS AND MEMBERS OF THE OLYMPIC BASE BALL CLUB.—GENTLEMEN.—The time has at length arrived when

CUPIDS' POIBLES, FOLLIES AND FANCIES.

LUI ET ELLE.

LUI.

Fainter grows hope, and fainter still,
Our broken ship can hardly swim;
What more could we by strength or skill
Is done—we leave the rest to Him.
Those kisses on this lock of hair,
False one, false one over the sea,
Dying, I print, and clasp them where
They art on earth fast those from me.
Whether in revel or whether in dream,
In crowded hall or in chamber lone,
I pray the lips on this trust shall seem
To thee as when first they met thy own.

ELLE.

O God! can I be waking now!
A voice is ringing in my ears,
I felt three kisses on my brow.
My eyes are wet with sudden tears.
The voice that I would fain forget,
The sad reproaching still the same.
O love, have mercy on me yet!
They were to blame! They were to blame!
Yet were we sinned and I am weak,
And lies and slanders shook my faith,
O God, let either wearing break
Or let my torments cease in death!

LOVE OF DRESS.

AIMING TO BE A BELLE IN OLD AGE.

Mrs. Caroline Macaw died recently in Philadelphia, at the age of 97 years. She was well known to the citizens of the southern section of that city, being very eccentric in her manners. Her life was a singular one, and many occurrences of years past are related, which make for her an interesting history.—

When about twenty years of age Madame Mazare and her husband came to this city from France, and, having considerable of this world's goods, settled in Third street, above Spruce, and kept up what was then thought a very fashionable establishment. In consonance with their French manners and tastes. In the year 1807 Mazare, who it seems was the agent of Jerome Bonaparte, the French Marshal, who was "chiefly memorable," as history says, "for the family which served to rule his conduct at the battle of Waterloo," was commissioned by that person to build him a mansion near the Delaware. Mazare complied, and erected the large brick edifice which stands on the south side of Christian street, near the corner of Front, which was then surrounded by grounds which are now bounded by Christian, Marriott, Eighth and Seventh streets. By the time the Marshal was expected, in 1808, the place had become, under the skilful management of Mazare, the most entertaining country seat to be found in the vicinity of our city. Political complications detained Grouchy in France, and he authorized his agent to dispose of the property, which Mazare did, becoming himself the possessor. The Third street mansion was abandoned, and the more elegant country villa, which, until the death of Mazare, was the scene of many a luxurious entertainment, and the lady of the house, who was endowed by nature with unusual personal charms, caused many a flutter in the hearts of the assemble gallants who made the mansion of the Mazares their resort. Just before his demise Mazare employed a coachman named John B. Smith, who was the fortunate possessor of that much prized boon, a handsome face and figure. He soon ingratiated himself in the affections of his mistress, who regretted but one fact—a stubborn one—Smith was married. Soon after the death of Mazare ans much to the horror of the aristocracy that was wont to assemble at the villa, Smith was excluded from the social office of coachman to the head of the establishment, and Madame Mazare became Madame Smith. The arrangement by which this change was arrived at was purely a business affair. Mrs. Smith accepted a draft for $6,000 to break her allegiance to her spouse, and to return to her home in Switzerland. Smith, unlike those who become intoxicated with good fortune, applied himself industriously to the improvement of the country-seat, and in a few years had the reputation of producing the finest fruits and the most fragrant of flowers. It was just a few years before this event that Jean Victor Moreau, the celebrated Frenchman who was banished to North America for being concerned in a plot against the Corsican government, found an abiding place beneath the hospitable roof of the Widow Mazare's mansion, and was almost constantly there until he returned to head the allied forces against his own country. Notwithstanding the method by which he had arrived at that position, Smith made an exemplary husband, and when at last he yielded to an insidious disease his relict was in a more comfortable situation—so far as comfort depends upon worldly means—than ever. Madame Smith was now fifty-four years of age, and remained until 1850—a period of twenty years—a widow. During this period, finding that time was searing her lovely features, she resorted to all those mysterious arts so well known and employed by French women to perpetuate their charms, to maintain her supremacy as a belle among fashionable Philadelphians. This may appear ridiculous when the age of the lady is considered, but it nevertheless is a matter of fact. She appeared in the height of winter-season and rarely appeared upon the street without a rich display of diamonds and an amusing exhibition of girlish airs. When in company it was to vie in appearance with the beauties of twenty years, and to parade the coquetry of a young miss. During this time, accelerated on the one hand by a lavish extravagance, and on the other by mismanagement, the estate was becoming quite heavily encumbered. It continued to decline until fifteen years ago, when Madame Smith, then eighty-two years of age, married for the third time the groom being a man named Mahew. He rescued the estate from the sheriff's clutch and then caused his wife to sign over the property to him. She refused, nearly withstanding all the entreaties, and was left the place in high dudgeon, and in less than twenty-four hours, with his trunks, left Philadelphia since which time not a word has been heard from him. Thenceforward Madame Mazare became estranged from the world, and became a recluse, rarely appearing upon the streets. Yet, when she did, she wore her girlish dresses, high-plumed hat, a necklace of diamonds, and invariably a band about her forehead, from the centre of which depended a brilliant gem. Her conversation was confined to her domestics, and Michael Foley, a good-natured Irishman, who had been for forty years the occupant of a shanty at the corner of Seventh and Christian streets, and to her attorney, Horace Binney, Jr. During her seclusion she was robbed by a servant girl and her lover, who escaped with $4,000 worth of jewels and clothing. In last February she vacated the place for her house in Third street, being carried from it on a bed. Although 97 years old, she was a female when she made this change, but the ruling passage was at the last. Her decline was gradual until Monday, the 3d inst., when she expired. The house on Christian street, a large four-story dwelling with high gables, has been standing empty since she left it. The grounds have been neglected and its encumbrances are nearly as great as its value. Madame Mazar, whose life had nearly a century, was buried in Philadelphia's Roman Catholic Cemetery, where her first husband was interred. Thus ends the history of this old resident. It is said that the Christian street property is sold for $87,000, and that a son of the first husband is coming to claim what remains of the estate.—*Phil'a Press, July 11th.*

WHOLESALE BIGAMY.

During the war James L. Rider, a young man, a native of Long Harbor, enlisted in Company B, 41st N. Y., and went south to defend the flag. After a time he was discharged at Portsmouth, Va., where he became acquainted with Miss Sallie A. Weaver, a daughter of one of the most distinguished citizens of the place, and soon after married her. He was employed at the time as a book-keeper. She was intelligent and vivacious, and moved in the best circles of society. They were married by Rev. N. A. Gibson, of Christ Church, Norfolk, Va., Rider was then twenty-four years of age. After living with his young wife four years he cruelly deserted her and fled to Pennsylvania, where he married another girl, living with her till the spring of 1870, when he went to the village of Highland, Ulster Co., N. Y., to work. Just at that time he took apartments at the same residence with Laura F. Warring, aged fourteen years. To her Rider secretly paid his addresses, and being well educated, he soon succeeded in winning her heart, his attentions to her being entirely unknown to her parents. Matters went along swimmingly with the couple till the 18th of June last, when they resolved to get married clandestinely. On the evening of that day the bigamist's victim gave out that she was going to make a call at a neighbor's, when she met Rider, and the two proceeded to the residence of Rev. Mr. Traver, of the First Methodist Church, who joined them in marriage. The daughter returned to her home, and the next day Rider made his appearance there and claimed her as his wife. The father was justly indignant, and appealed to the daughter to know if it was true. She at once admitted the marriage, and was driven from home. She immediately repaired to the residence of a Mr. Craft, where the bigamist met her, and where they lived together till the 31st of June, when the quiet little Ulster County village was startled with another chapter in the bigamist's life. On that day Miss Abbey Horton, of Highland, appeared before Justice Eltinge and charged James L. Rider with seducing her under promise of marriage. The poor girl was even then far advanced in pregnancy, and her pitiful story excited general sympathy. A warrant was issued and Rider was taken from Craft's house to the Justice's office, where he pleaded guilty, and was at once sent to Kingston jail to await the action of the Grand Jury. After his departure information was received that still another young girl had been seduced by him. She resides about half a mile from Highland, Rider having visited her in a secret manner, as the same time giving out that he had joined the Presbyterian Church, in the village. After his arrest for seducing Abbey Horton, the father of Laura Warring, aided by counsel, proceeded to learn all about his antecedents. He found Rider's mother in Brooklyn, and by her was shown a letter from his wife, in Virginia. Mr. Warring next went to Portsmouth, Va., and there procured a certified copy of Rider's marriage certificate, on file in the County Clerk's office, together with other necessary information, with which he reached Highland on the 4th of July, and showed them to his erring daughter. The latter was almost heart-broken, and pleading forgiveness, was taken home again. Mr. Warring has taken steps to have the marriage of his daughter with Rider declared null and void, and has also placed a warrant for bigamy against him in the hands of the Sheriff of Ulster county.

O'BRYNE TO MARRY YET.—An action has been brought in the Kings County Supreme Court, Brooklyn, N. Y., before Judge Pratt, by Anna Sheinert against Ferdinand Sheinert, to have the marriage between the parties declared null and void, on the ground that it was performed while the plaintiff was under 14 years of age and against her will. Plaintiff's father is a wealthy German downtown merchant in New York. Defendant is a Hungarian, and gained access to the family as a needy music teacher. He succeeded in gaining their confidence, and frequently took the young lady out for a walk. On the 24th of April, 1865, Sheinert took his pupil to the house of a friend, in Thirty-sixth street, where he forced her to marry him, the friend being represented as a priest, and who performed the services in Latin. Acting upon her fears she was prevented from telling her parents. Three or four days after wards he took Anna out, as usual, and then forced her to accompany him to Montreal, Canada, where she lived a most miserable life for eight months, when her whereabouts being accidentally discovered by her father, he took means to bring her back. The case was referred to Mr. D. L. Northrup, as referee, to take evidence and report. On July 6th he rendered his report giving it as his opinion that a decree in favor of plaintiff should be entered, annulling the marriage and declaring the same to be void.—*N. Y. Star, July 8th.*

"LIVING OUT."—Dr. Amabile, of the Centre Street Hospital, received a note on July 7th to the effect that a young woman was waiting to see him, at the intersection of Pine Street and Broadway, on urgent business. The doctor immediately slipped into his overcoat and started for the spot indicated, where he found Mary Ann Divine. Mary was in a very delicate condition, and requested to be at once taken to the hospital, as she was momentarily expecting to add one to the census. The girl was lifted gently into the ambulance, which was driven with haste in the direction of the Centre Street Hospital, but, unfortunately for the doctor, his passenger was delivered of a bouncing boy ere half the distance had been made. Mary was taken to the hospital and kindly cared for. She is a rather prepossessing appearing Irish girl, and says she has been in this city about a year, and is unmarried. She has been "living out" at Cold Spring, on the Hudson, during the past few weeks, where also lives the father of her child, Rev. Andrew White.—*N. Y. Star, July 8th.*

FLIPPANT GIRLS' PERILS.—Mary E. Tucker says:—Your pretty girl falls more easily than another, because she is blessed with flattery and tempted with the promise of marriage. These are two evils that your thoughtful, plain girl, or your truly beautiful girl are rarely enshrouded with, but there are evils that continually encompass the "pretty girl." She is handed along the line of an almost countless army of admirers, and she a last becomes common. These glittering steps are natural; they have been smoothed for many, many of your pretty girls to their heretofore ill fated footsteps of many another in the world. From the pretty girl the beautiful differs, as does man differ from brain, almost as widely as differs substance from and paradise. The beautiful girl may be pretty, but she is much more always than that; the "pretty girl" is never anything more than just pretty.

SOME OLD MAN.—A mental contrast old men marrying young wives is forcibly illustrated in the case of Andrew McGroddy, aged 96, who recently wedded a woman of 30, named Mary E. George. He appeared to forget her one day, when the Methodist man-of-war took a fast trot and danced on the deserted bend until his became sore. She complained, but the old man he still never correct any fault.

THE LADIES' ESCORT.

SERIOUS CONSEQUENCES OF BEING TOO OBLIGING.

Don Piatt, of Cincinnati, is not an encouraging man to trust with a lady, it seems, from an account of a droll incident ure which he gives in the *Gazette*. He says:—

"I never left a depot yet that somebody was not put under my care. I don't know why this is; I suppose it is something in my countenance; if I knew what, I would have it extracted. I don't like having unprotected females and schoolboys and girls turned over to me. It's a little hard on a man. And what is the good of it? Nobody needs protection; if any one does, it is a benevolent good looking, innocent sort of man—such as the writer of this.

"I was leaving on the morning train once from Philadelphia, when a respectable looking old scoundrel, in gold-rimmed glasses, asked me to take charge of his daughter. She could have taken charge of me. She was thirty, if a day, with a face that had been on the offensive for ten years. I'd like to see any man attack that woman; I'd go odds of ten to one on the scratch.

"The old fellow seemed to be in a great hurry, and, thrusting the lady under my arm, left the cars and drove off. In a thin, angular voice that was meant to be very sweet and—as not, she asked me to take her po ket book and get the necessary ticket. I left the car for that purpose, but when I approached the opening where the ticket agent, kept in solitary confinement, snaps at the world outside, I found that I had left my pocket book under my pillow at the hotel, and, what was worse, my watch with it. I had about twenty minutes, and, jumping into a hack, I promised the driver ten dollars if he would get to the hotel and back in time for the train. He started off at a furious rate, ran over an apple stand, crippled a venerable gentleman on the corner opposite, and in less than the time stated I and the driver found ourselves marched off to the station in the hands of the police. We were taken before a corpulent justice of the peace, who had as much adipose in his head as most men carry about their muscles, and it took the old fellow just two hours to try, reprimand and fine us for our drunken and disorderly conduct. Of course the train went off with my charmer. It went off without her pocket book. I never saw her again, although I made diligent search and advertised in the daily papers. But one unfortunate day, some months after, I encountered a male member of her family, who made some serious charges against me connected with the desertion of a lady and stealing her pocket book. I tried to explain, but, failing to get my words in satisfactorily, was forced to make an assault on this male member of her family that ended in some black eyes and bloody noses.

"Now, what was the good of putting that aged female under my care? It only led to her giving me the pocket book and the catastrophe that followed. She could just as well have gone off on the Pennsylvania Central without us with me. The thing is an outrage. It people want to put their females under the care of anybody, let them try the conductors—they are hired for such purposes—and not impose upon innocent passengers."

PANEL GAME.—Joseph Wagner, of No. 64 Chrystie street, related a singular and scarcely credible adventure to Justice Hogan, at the Tombs Police Court yesterday. During Friday evening he was walking in Crosby street, near Grand street, and met a woman of rather attractive appearance, who afterwards proved to be Mary Jane Lamb. He accompanied her to the house, No. 52 Crosby street, where she took him into a basement room, in which there was no furniture but a lounge, and no light except a dim one from a candle. As soon as they entered another woman came in and demanded $1, and in buying it Wagner had proof that the $180, which he had, was still in his possession. A moment afterwards a knock was heard at the door, the light was blown out, and Wagner hustled with great fear and trembling to the door, to escape the outraged husband, who existed only in the imagination of the female freebooters. But, as he went, he had enough of his wits left to discover that he had been robbed of all his money, and he seized Mary Jane and dragged her with him into the street, all the time shouting lustily for the police. Three men came out of the house he had just left, one of whom declared himself a detective, and offered to relieve Wagner of his charge, but the German demanded an officer in uniform, who presently appeared and took the woman in custody. Yesterday she was arraign ed before Justice Hogan, at the Tombs Police Court, and was committed for trial. Wagner has not recovered any of his money.—*N. Y. Times, July 10th.*

DISASTROUS EFFECTS OF CURIOSITY.—A western exchange states that curiosity has done a previous injury to a Missouri countryman who went down to St. Louis the other day to get a divorce from his wife. While walking to the court room he espied a large sea turtle reposing upon its back in front of a restaurant, and allured by the sight, stopped to examine it thoroughly. Meanwhile, his wife was at work for herself, and when finally he hurried on to the court room, he learned to his dismay that the case had been decided against him, and his wife had obtained a divorce. He did not care so much about the loss of his wife, as he had engaged another in anticipation of getting a divorce himself, but as the wife had obtained a decree against him, he was by the law precluded from taking unto himself another wife until the lapse of five years. He was almost frantic, as he had his wedding clothes ready, and was to have been married the next day. His lawyer made a motion for a re-hearing, and it was set for argument in two days. But the woman was again too smart for him, for she, too, had a husband in waiting, and as soon as the decree was announced, she went out and married her man, without stopping to examine the anatomy of a turtle or any other fish.

OFFSPRING OF AN M. D.—A physician, for some time resident in Ward 6 in Lawrence, Mass., is charged by a young girl in Andover with being the parent of a child to which she recently gave birth—which statement is strengthened by the sudden removal of the M. D. to parts unknown, to the chagrin of the sheriff, who "went for him" just two days after he had taken a vacation "for his health."

THE FREE LOVE MURDERESS REPRIEVED.—In the case of Mrs. Fair, under sentence of death for the murder of Albert P. Crittenden, an appeal has been filed in the Supreme Court and a writ of *supersedeas* has been granted. The appeal is to be heid in October. There is no likelihood of the execution taking place before the 1st of January. Such is the telegraphic report received from San Francisco on the 11th inst.

A GLANCE AT EUROPE.

WRITTEN FOR THE NEW YORK CLIPPER.

BY A TRAVELING SHOWMAN.

Cologne—Brussels—The Battlefield of Waterloo.

Cologne is a walled city or fortress of Prussia, on the Rhine, containing a population of 126,000. The river here is spanned by two bridges, one of them tubular, the other built on boats. The celebrated perfume, Eau de Cologne, is made here, there being over sixty manufactories, all claiming to be the original Jacobs. There are 20 churches, 270 streets, 36 squares and 19 gates. The fortifications are of immense strength and extent, and the hotels well kept and at moderate charges. The Cathedral, which has been over six hundred years in building and is not yet finished, when completed, will be the most splendid specimen of Gothic architecture in the world. Its immense size and magnificent proportions are well calculated to strike the beholder with admiration, and to view the immense structure to advantage it is necessary to walk or drive around the square in which it stands. The two towers of the west front are over 500 feet above the level of the square, and the height to the ridge of the roof is 230 feet. On entering you must pay a fee for almost every step you take. The Chapel of the Three Kings, which is separate from the church by a heavy iron railing, contains the relics of the three kings. The proportions of the interior of the church are marvelous beyond conception, the nave being 160 feet high and the aisles 80 feet high. The choir is remarkable as one of the most exquisite specimens of Gothic architecture in the world, and the pain ed glass windows, the work of modern artists, are very rich. We next visited the Church of Saint Ursula, the patroness saint of Cologne, and her tomb in the centre of the church is a very grand affair. The bones of eleven thousand virgins, called the Virgins of St. Ursula, are enclosed in glass cases around the walls of the church. The great church of Maria Capitle lo, dating from a very early period, is famous for its size and rude grandeur, and the pictures and monuments are well worth seeing; there is the sepulchre of Marie of Medicis, Consort of Fockentelin and the Count of Shaumberg. Reubens, the celebrated painter, was born here in 1577. The museum is also well worth a visit; here are many valuable relics, besides a great collection of Roman antiquities and some exquisite paintings on glass, ancient and modern works of art, and a large collection of coins, etc. The Zoological Gardens are beautifully laid out with fountains, grottos, etc., and the collection of animals and birds unusually good. Concerts every evening attract the best society.

Our next destination was the city of Brussels, one hundred and fifty-nine miles from Cologne, the capital of Belgium, one of the finest cities in Europe, with a popula on of 188,248, and a perfect Paris in miniature, a favorite resort of the English in summer, and French language and customs prevail. The city is laid out in broad, beautiful boulevards, extensive squares and splendid pleasure grounds. The equestrian statue of Godfrey of Boulion, the crusader, who, on the 15th of July, 1099, led the storming party which successfully encircled Jerusalem and delivered that city from the hands of the Moslems, stands in the grand square fronting the Palace Royal. The Hotel de Ville, in the grand square, is a remarkably beautiful building, with a splendid Gothic spire and various architectural designs. The bronze statues of Counts Egmont and Horn stand in front of the Hotel de Ville, on the spot where they were beheaded. Opposite the Hotel de Ville is the Maison du Roi, in the front room on the first floor of which Charles V signed his abdication. There are two theatres and several public gardens, and the cathedrals and churches are magnificent beyond description. The museum of ancient pain ings contains rare specimens of the Flemish, Italian and Spanish schools, a rare collection of objects of natural history from the Indies, and a museum of modern inventions, or palace of industry, a permanent exhibition of the products of the national manufactures. Strangers are admitted to the picture gallery in the palace of the Duke of Arenburg by the payment of a small fee. It contains many beautiful works from the hands of Reubens, Teniers, Vandyke, &c. The Wirtz Gallery, or Museum, belongs to the city, admission free, and contains some of the most extravagant and extraordinary productions of modern times. The celebrated Porte de Hal, a bastile on a small scale, is now used as a museum of ancient armor and weapons of warfare from the remotest periods; also, a fac simile taken from suppressed convents and monasteries, and beautiful specimens of carved wood. The Royal Zoological Gardens are situated in the finest part of the city, well laid out and splendidly cooked. Concerts and *fêtes* take place here nearly every day in summer. The Place of the Martyrs contains a statue of Liberty over the tombs of the Belgian patriots who fell fighting to regain their independence in September, 1830. The Botanical Garden contains rare tropical plants and flowers, artistically arranged and classified so person visiting Brussels should omit to pay a visit to the battle field of Waterloo, which is only a few miles distant. This spot is of surpassing interest to every Englishman as the place where the Wellington defeated Napoleon I. The guides on the ground show you the relative positions of the two armies during the three days' battle; the spot where Napoleon's tower was erected; the headquarters of Wellington, the direction in which Blucher approached, which decided the fate of the French army; the one farm house of Hugoumont; the different monuments in the field of battle, and the spot where Sir Thomas Picton fell while leading his men on to a victorious charge, &c. There is a hotel near the field called the Museum Hotel, where the weary sight-seer can be accommodated with a good dinner and also indulge in the sight of the various implements of war picked up on the battle field. You can also purchase veritable bullets used on that memorable day—that is, if you are disposed to believe it—and other objects that figured in that eventful fray, all manufactured expressly for the occasion, and from all appearances the smoke is pretty much. After taking a good ramble we returned to Brussels, passing through the forest of Soignies on our return. Our next destination was the city of Antwerp, where I will write to you again.

MONS. LA TROBE.

CLIPPER VARIETIES.

Comprising Sentimental Ballads, Songs and Dances, Comic Songs, Jokes, Old Bills, Reminiscences, etc.

WRITTEN AND COLLATED EXPRESSLY FOR THE NEW YORK CLIPPER.

THE ETHIOPIAN STAGE.

THE BLACK COOK—AN INTERLUDE.

SCENE, A STREET—*Enter Sam Johnson, with back and cane.*

SAM.—Well here I am again. Bin up one street and down another street and all across de streets, and couldn't find a job. Was just tinkin' or jinan' de minstrums, or dancin' for eels, or gittin sent up, or sumdin, when I stumbled over some o'slacks, and if dar wasn't dis big roll of bank bills. (*Produces it.*)

Enter Sol Squash, a back nigger, elegantly dressed, with eye glass and cane.

SAM.—Mornin,' Sol. All nature seems gay dis mornin'. Missus Squash and all de little Squashes well dis mornin?

SOL.—(*Gazing with eye glass.*) Who dat talkin' so free? Nober been in perlite society be'o'. Folks puts a handle to gemmen's names.

SAM.—What for you puff up so pompous, Mr. Bullfrog? Forget you was once a po wog. Guess somebody must been toot 'nuf to leave you a poserip or someth'.

SOL.—What dat to you? I ain't no common darkey, I guess—no sawbuck nigah—so kindred convo with nudder.

SAM.—Mighty nice—almighty big for de cook of de Alabaster House. Bigus de hotel you gits your libbin' by. Elephant on de leg, prape you tink yourself. You got de fine clothes, but I got de greenbacks, and its dem dat makes de fine birds. (*Shows money.*) Dat's a bigger roll dan you had for sneaksus' dis mornin'.

SOL.—Good mornin', Mass Johnson. Hope I see you well. Your lady mother in de usual state of salubrity.

SAM.—No. She's in de state of New York, whar she always was. What you say to common nigah now, eh?

SOL.—Why mind was wanderin'; I was *abstracted*—like dat roll of greenbacks.

SAM.—Why, what you mean by dat.

SOL.—Didn't you abstract dem just now—from your own pocket?

SAM.—O! Fond of oysters, Sol?

SOL.—I rader guess! (*Tubing his arm.*)

SAM.—So am I.

SOL.—Well, I can tell you a good place to get dem.

SAM.—Propel, Sol.

SOL.—Why, dere's de great roosterai round de corner, wid de big squallop in de winder.

SAM.—How much you tink you can eat?

SOL.—Barre.

SAM.—I could I—so could I.

SOL.—(*Rubbing hands.*) And beer.

SAM.—(*Rubbing his hands*) Nothing better! And your sister, dat I was goin' to marry, and frew me off when I went into bank-ruptcy.

SOL.—And went up for it.

SAM.—She like oysters, too?

SOL.—Yes—he like oyster stew.

SAM.—Or fry?

SOL.—Yes, or *fret*, for dat matter.

SAM.—Wid a drive to de garden and de ice cream after?

SOL.—Yes, yes.

SAM.—But she frew me over, you know.

SOL.—Never mind, Sam. Forgot all dat. Often talks of you. Yes she'll go along. (*Takes his arm.*)

SAM.—Which way you bound?

SOL.—Goin' for my sister.

SAM.—(*Shoving.*) Well, good-by, Sol.

SOL.—Which way you bound?

SAM.—O guess I'll get some store clothes and lemonade up Broadway; buy some dry goods for my sweetheart. Hope you hab fine time wid de oysters and lungs. Compliments to Mrs. Squash and all de little Squashes.

SOL.—Well, but how about de treat?

SAM.—O, I don't want none—can't eat de dam things. Good by, Sol! (*Exit, laughing.*)

SOL.—*Well, I always knew dat was a common nigger!* (*Exit, scowling.*)

CHIMING BELLS.

BY JOHNNY RYAN.

O, listen to the chiming bells,
So pleasant to the ear,
Reminding me of times when I
Was with my Castle dear.
But, though misfortune follows me,
I always have a will;
I'll be yours, Castle dear,
Her promise she'll fulfil.

Chorus—O, chiming bells, chiming bells,
I wish you'd chime for me.
O, chiming bells, chiming bells,
Cassie, dear, I love but thee.

O, listen to the chiming bells,
Their music forth is streaming,
The marriage of the bells of Erin and I.
Whose eyes with love are beaming—
For well she knows how true this heart
Is in her trusty keeping;
May angels guard my Castle dear,
Be she awake or sleeping.

Chorus—O, chiming bells, chiming bells,
You are chiming now for me,
O, chiming bells, chiming bells,
Cassie, dear, I love but thee.

AN IRISH PLAY BILL OF EIGHTY YEARS AGO.

WATERFORD THEATRE.

By permission of James Ramsey, Esq., Mayor.

FOR THE BENEFIT OF MR. HURST.

On Friday evening next, January 14, 1791, will be presented that Instructive and moral play, called the

LONDON MERCHANT,

OR, THE HISTORY OF GEORGE BARNWELL.

George Barnwell.....Mr. Wells
The London Merchant.....Mr. Hurst
Ald Millwood.....Mrs. Wells

Between the play and farce will be presented a comic interlude, called

THE VINTNER IN THE SUDS;
OR, THE WHITE FOX CHASED.

In the course of the evening Mr. Hurst will attempt the favorite songs of

DATE OBOLUMBELLISARIO,
AND DARBY LOGAN'S JOURNEY TO LONDON.

Tailor Doyle's Lilting Bowsh.

To which will be added the musical entertainment of

THE DESERTER.

N. B.—Tickets of Mr. Hurst, at Mr. Hogans', John street, and places in the boxes of Mr. Booker at the theatre, from 10 till 3 o'clock each day. [Contributed by Mr. C. C. Leidy, of Danville, Pa.]

THE MUSICIAN AND THE PIGS.—A French musician, of the Opera House orchestra, in the gloomy month of November, felt an inclination for a nap after dinner in his apartments, and, for that purpose, lay on the bed for an hour's repose, prior to the time of his attendance at the theatre (seven o'clock); he slept till five, then woke in a great alarm, threw up his sash and listened for some person passing to ask the hour; a sow and pigs happened to be under the window and he demands:—"*Quelle heure est il, Monsieur?*" "*Neuf,*" grunts the sow. "*Est ti vrai, Monsieur?*" "*Oui,*" cries a pig. "Oh, dam, I have sleepa too late, by gar!"

AMPHITHEATRICAL PERFORMANCES IN THE OLDEN TIME.

The appended copy of a programme of amusement for the evening of September 17, 1706, is contributed by Mr. C. C. Leidy, of Danville, Pa.:—

In the Amphitheatre of Messrs. Ambrose & Co., Mulberry street, between 5th and 6th streets, Philadelphia, FOR THE LAST TIME BUT ONE.

The company of Artists, Artificers and Painters will on this evening, the 17th of September, if it is good weather, if not, the Monday following,

THE FAMOUS SALAMANDER;
OR, THE COMBAT BETWEEN THE SERPENT AND THE BUTTERFLY.

The Serpent is 18 feet long, living in fire; the Butterfly is 2 inches in diameter: these will fight and pursue one another in a surprising manner. It will be preceded by

THE ELEGANT FIREWORK,

composed of the following pieces:—

A piece representing divers Meteors, perfectly figured, will open the scene.

A Battery of Roman Candles, which, by the great number of stars, will astonish the eye.

A piece turning horizontally will form Fountains of different kinds.

A piece representing the Civic Crowns, ornamented with most beautiful fire.

Also her piece, turning vertically, will form a most brilliant illumination.

A piece called Folly, a mechanical and entertaining piece.

The Famous Cadweena, with all its metamorphoses.

A Device, with all its attributes.

The Crescents turning the wrong way.

The Pyramid of Flats, with all its changes.

The Enchanted Trees, etc.

The whole to be terminated with a grand Battery in the Mosaic style, which has not been given here these two years.

Price.—Amphitheatre, half a dollar; Pit, a quarter of a dollar; to begin at half past 7 o'clock.

HANS, THE BUTCHER BOY.

My name is Hans, dei poocher poy,
A pully poy was I,
I always am so jolly, und
I never pouts me sorry;
I sometimes eat my sweitzer, und
Laugh at snow und rain;
I often do get crazy drunk,
And was able to do it again.

Chorus.—Crack, crack, goes my vip,
I yas is und I feel gay—
I sits upon my little cart, und
Drive around all day;
My horse is never tired.
As for me I'm full of joy—
There never was so good a shap
As Hans the butcher poy.

My fadder was a grocer, und
He was a gay old boy.
Was always fond to go to markets,
O, my heart was vull by joy;
He'd often take me by him
To become it was sprise,
'Twas vully to see me vip mine cart,
And hear old sweitzer sing.

Chorus.—Crack, crack, goes my vip, etc.

There is one gals by Avenue A,
I loves mit out my heart,
Und often I takes her mid me
To ride upon my cart;
Shes so dot she vill be mine fron,
Und it fills my hearts by joy
To dink dot she will married be
To Hans, dei poocher poy.

Chorus.—Crack, crack, goes my vip, etc.

THE ELDER BOOTH IN HIS PALMY DAYS.

The following bill of the Walnut Street Theatre, Philadelphia, is contributed by "The Low Comedian."

THEATRE.—WALNUT STREET.

Acting Manager.....MR. MAYWOOD
Stage Manager.....MR. ROWBOTHAM

MISS BOOK AND MR. BOOTH'S
SECOND NIGHT,

when they will appear as Hamlet and Ophelia,
WEDNESDAY EVENING, JUNE 9th, 1821,
will be pre sented Shakespeare's admired tragedy of
HAMLET, PRINCE OF DENMARK.

Hamlet.....Mr. Booth
King.....Mr. Walstein
Horatio.....Mr. Phillips
Laertes.....Mr. Riley
Rosencrantz.....Mr. Barnes
Guildenstern.....Mr. Whisting
Player King.....Mr. Hathwell
Ghost.....Mr. Logan
Hayes.....Mr. Eberle
Marcellus.....Mr. Rhodes

To conclude with the farce of
THE CITIZEN.

Young Philpot.....Mr. Wheatley
Old Philpot.....Mr. Phillips
Young Wilding.....Mr. Jones
Quaildrive.....Mr. Eberle

In which also will sing "Here's a Health, Bonnie Scotland, to Thee," and "Johnny Frieze."

To-morrow evening Mr. Booth and Miss Rock's last night but one. Due notice will be given of the next appearance of Mr. Forster, Monsieur Sarbere and Madame Hutin.

In rehearsal, the new and popular farce of THE JUNKINS.

In preparation an entire new drama of a peculiar nature, called the "Wrath of the Lake; or, The Brownie's Ring," with new scenery, &c.

A full and effective police is engaged, and all possible care will be taken to secure good order and to render the theatre in every respect comfortable.

Box office open every day from 10 till 1 o'clock, and from 3 till 5 o'clock.

Checks not transferable.

A limited number of orchestra tickets for sale nightly at 75 cents.

Tickets to be had at the theatre; of Mr. M. Stewart, Chestnut street, and of Mr. T. Dearborn, Jr., No. 247 Market street.

Doors open at a quarter to 7. Performance to commence at a quarter to 8, precisely.

Box, 50 cents; pit, 25 cents; gallery, 12½ cents.

BASE BALL.

MUTUAL vs. HAYMAKER.

A DEAD FALL VICTORY FOR TROY.

The fourth of the series of contests between these clubs for the professional whip pennant took place on the Union ground, Brooklyn, on July 18th, in the presence of over 3,000 spectators, the utmost interest being taken in the game, owing to the fact that in one respect it was the deciding game of the series, inasmuch, as should the Mutuals again be defeated, it would end the contest between them for the season, the Troy nine having previously won two games out of three played. The two clubs had their full representative nines out, with each man apparently in his best position. The weather, though warm, was favorable for play, the grounds were in admirable order and the crowd appeared to be impartial as usual, as far as the inside gathering was concerned; but outside there was a great gathering of the rough element who were ripe for strife. Before describing the game we proceed to give the record of the game played by the two clubs since 1869 inclusive. In 1869 the scores of the games played were as follows:—

June 18, Haymakers vs Mutual	23 to 22
July 7, Haymakers vs Mutual	13 to 20
Totals	35 to 42

In 1870 the record was

June 13, Mutual vs Haymakers	10 to 10
Aug. 26, Mutual vs Haymakers	24 to 13
Aug. 10, Mutual vs Haymakers	19 to 23
Oct. 5, Mutual vs Haymakers	12 to 9
Totals	65 to 55

This year the record stands

May 18, Haymakers vs. Mutual	5 to 14
May 25 Haymakers vs. Mutual	25 to 10
July 3, Haymakers vs. Mutual	27 to 16
July 13, Haymakers vs. Mutual	9 to 7
Totals	74 to 47
1869	35 to 42
1870	65 to 55
Grand totals	184 to 144

The result of this last contest between these clubs for 1871 is the winning of the first regular series of championship contests by the Haymaker Club and the eighth lost game of the Mutual nine with professional clubs, the list of defeats being as follows:—

May 25, Mutual vs. Haymakers	10 to 29
June 26, Mutual vs. Keokuas	5 to 5
June 28, Mutual vs. Athletic	4 to 5
July 3, Mutual vs. Haymakers	16 to 27
July 5, Mutual vs. Rockford	7 to 1
July 5, Mutual vs. Cleveland	5 to 4
July 10, Mutual vs. Olympic	13 to 16
July 13, Mutual vs. Haymakers	7 to 9
Total's	56 to 110

The Haymaker's defeats have been as follows:—

May 9, Haymakers vs. Boston	9 to 5
May 18, Haymakers vs. Mutual	5 to 14
May 29, Haymakers vs. Olympic	3 to 14
June 2, Haymakers vs. Olympic	8 to 11
June 5, Haymakers vs. Athletic	5 to 15
June 12, Haymakers vs. Cleveland	8 to 23
June 19, Haymakers vs. Keokuas	3 to 6
June 27, Haymakers vs. Athletic	33 to 49
* Totals	77 to 154

It will be seen by the record that the Haymakers have lost every dead ball game they have played with professional nines, except the one of July 13th, and that they have won every lively ball game with professional nines, except that with the Athletic club. They have, after every series of defeats, gone to work to reconstruct the nine, when the principal cause of their defeat was their inability to bat a dead ball with the skilful pitching of the players, together with their failure to field up to the required standard in support of their able pitcher. In this last game, however, they showed a marked improvement in their fielding, and if they would only go into training to bat dead balls safely for first base hits only, and leave off their old time habit of aiming solely for home runs, they need not fear the strongest nines in the country. In this game they won by superior batting, as the record shows, for they are charged with allowing their opponents to get to first base but one time by a fielding error, while the Mutuals allowed the Haymakers to score 6 first bases by errors, and the total fielding errors foots up but 4 for the Troy nine, while there are 18 charged to the Mutuals. In addition, too, the batting score shows that the Mutuals bore off the palm, despite the batting hits of Pike, the New York nine scoring 13 first base hits to the Haymakers' nine, so it was not batting that won the same but simply superior fielding, and with the dead ball used no one had their hands injured. This victory will oblige the Chicago nine to play the Haymakers, and as it is to the mutual advantage of both clubs that the boyish feud between them should cease it is to be hoped that those gentlemanly representatives of the two clubs at the convention, Messrs. Thatcher and Schofield, will arrange an arrangement for a series of grand matches, for now such contests would draw thousands of people in both cities.

THE GAME.

The game opened at 3.30 P. M., with the Haymakers at the bat, Mr. Somerlader, of Philadelphia, acting as umpire. McGeary led off with an upper cut to left, and fielded to first, but ran in well for the ball and took it handsomely on the fly within an inch of the ground. York then hit to Pearce, and by a high throw to Start had a life given him. Flowers followed, and popping up a high one for Pearce, he retired. Flynn was next, and fielding a daisy cutter to Start, had a life given by Start's muff. York getting round

AQUATICS.

YALE vs. ATALANTA.

The six-oared shell race between the Yale Sophomore crew of '73, and the Atalanta Boat Club, of New York, was rowed on Lake Saltonstall, near New Haven, Conn., on Monday afternoon, July 10th, and resulted in a victory for the Atalantas. The present Yale Sophomore crew represents the rowing strength of the college, and if their University crew had not been disbanded five out of the six would probably have been Yale's champions. Early in the season the Atalantas, with a desire to promote the cause of American amateur rowing, and in the hope of giving the time honored sport an impetus in our waters, challenged the University crews of Harvard, Yale, and the United States Naval Academy for a test match, oared shells. In all these races it was the desire and earnest wish of the Atalantas to meet and cope with the best material their rivals could place in a boat, as it ought to be well understood by this time that an organization possessing the prestige and fame of the Atalantas desired no second-class oarsmen as competitors, especially in a match race. The race with the middies was not carried through, but with Harvard and Yale the Atalantas were successful, and the Yale crest we are now placing upon the record. The Atalantas went into training some four weeks since on the Passaic River, at Newark, N. J., as the Hudson River, off Hoboken, is very frequently too rough for shell-boat racing, and a crew necessarily lose a great many practice rows while in training. The Atalantas rowed but once a day, in the afternoon at 5 P. M., attending to their business in New York daily until 4.15, when they left for Newark for their regular pull, which varied in length from three to six miles, as the boys happened to feel. They had no trainer or coach. Doc. Withers, their incomparable stroke oar and captain, being in every way competent to place a winning crew afloat if the crew possess any of the gifts of oarsmanship and have any scheme to develope at the paddles.

The Yale crew were also in the finest possible condition, having been located at a farm house close to Lake Saltonstall for some ten days prior to the race, under the guidance of their trainer, Mr. Phelps. This lake is a beautiful sheet of water, fringed on its west bank by cedars, and on its east by sloping fields of grain and grass. The course is far from being equal to Lake Quinsigamond, at Worcester, which is wider and free from sharp curves or turns. Nevertheless it is a very fair course and one perfectly familiar to the oarsmen of Yale, as they have rowed their annual college races upon it for several years. The Atalantas left New York on the 6th inst., on the steamboat Continental, for New Haven. Arriving there, they were quartered at the New Haven Hotel, and had but two or three pulls on the lake until the day of the race. On Monday, 10th inst., a large delegation of the Atalantas, some thirty in number, headed by Ransom Parker, Jr., the president, arrived in New Haven as spectators of the race. An excursion train of five or twelve cars over the Shore line carried out an immense load of passengers, and carriages and wagons also contributed a generous quota of the lovers of boat racing. Among the hundreds in attendance the blue ribbon of Yale was, of course, greatly in the ascendant, but the crimson of the Atalantas, their racing colors since 1848, was displayed by a goodly number of their past and present members. Many members of the amateur boating clubs of Gotham were also interested and gratified spectators of the day's rowing.

At half past 5 P. M. the shells were called into line. The Atalantas, having won the toss, selected the position nearest to the starting boat. The distance was three miles, with one turn. The Atalanta crew consisted of

Russel Withers, M. D., stroke; Theodore Van Raden, No. 3; Leander Waterbury, No. 3; Henry B. Le Roy, No. 4; Alexander Bandy, No. 5; Edward Smith, bow. Colors, crimson handkerchiefs, red shirts, white flannel pants. Boat built by George Roahr, 45 feet long, 20 inches wide, 8½ inches deep; weight, 135lbs. Average weight of crew, 1451bs.

Yale, '73, rowed by Wilber W. Flagg, stroke; Willis F. McCook, No. 2; R. Davenport, No. 3; Jeremiah Day, No. 4; Charles S. Hemingway, No. 5; Frederick W. Adee, bow. Colors, blue. Boat built by Thomas Fearon, 50 feet long, 19 inches wide, 8½ inches deep; weight, 140lbs. Average weight of men, 158½lbs.

At the signal both got off together, but in a very few strokes the Atalanta took the lead and maintained her advantage with apparent ease, Withers giving her a stroke of only about 38 to the minute, and so both shells sped on until the projecting point shut them from sight. As they went up the lake the Yales went up to 40 strokes, but it did not decrease the space between them, notwithstanding the Atalantas at one time dropped to 36. The Atalantas reached their upper stake-boat, each boat having a distinct one, and had turned it by the time Yale reached theirs. On the home-stretch the Atalantas crossed over to the western bank of the lake, while the Yales kept a great deal nearer to the eastern bank, and when both shells came around the curve they appeared to be almost bow and bow. At this time a grand cry of encouragement, and shouts of Yale! Yale! Yale! Crew! were heard upon all sides; and, if sympathy could carry off the honors of the day in preference to the best oarsmanship, the gallant Yale boys, who worked like Trojans, would have had a "walk over." Down they came, rapidly closing upon the stake-boat, and at this time the Atalantas put on a spurt, hitting her up to the tune of 40 a minute, and she flew past the judges' boat a winner of the race in 19:08¾. Yale following in 19:18¾. The Yale crew, although they did not achieve a victory, rowed handsomely and gamely to the finish; they were in fine condition and form, and will yet make their mark in the rowing annals of our college regattas. The oarsmanship of the Atalantas was not only an elegant display of the art of rowing, but it proved them to be worthy of every confidence Gotham can bestow as her representative crew of amateur oarsmen.

Nothing but kind and gentlemanly courtesies were exchanged between Yale and the Atalantas, and none of the many hundreds on the banks of the placid Saltonstall greeted the "true blue" colors of the Yales with more enthusiasm, both before and after the race, than did the Atalantas and the little knot of New Yorkers there assembled. John C. Babcock, captain of the Nassau Boat Club, of New York, kindly consented to fill the thankless position of referee. Josh Ward, the veteran, acted as starter. Judge for Yale, F. W. Adee; judge for Atalanta, John King. Official timekeeper—George B. Springsteen, the well known amateur single scull puller of the Atalantas.

REGATTA OF THE PATAPSCO NAVY.

For the first time in five years a boat race of an interesting nature occurred on the Patapsco river, Baltimore, on July 7th, upon which depended the honors pertaining to the championship of Patapsco navy. The interest manifested in the affair by the citizens of the Monumental city, ladies as well as gentlemen, was sufficient to attract a very large concourse to the scene, and should encourage the members of the navy to exert themselves with renewed energy to make this healthful out-door pastime one of the most popular in that section, as in other parts of the country. The judges were Admiral Brent, John O. Alimand and T. W. Blackistone and they were stationed on board the yacht Midge, together with a number of invited guests. The entries were as follows:—

L'Hirondelle, L'Hirondelle Club, four-oared barge. J. E. Ferguson, stroke; Y. S. Marriott, E. W. Theobald, Thos. Sigourney, bow; Thos. H. Morris, Jr., coxswain.

Whisper, Ariel Club, four-oared outrigger. Wm. Rowland, stroke; Wm. Wilson, E. M. Greenway, Allan Redwood, bow; H. Gilmore, coxswain.

Iris, Undine Club, six-oared outrigger, pulled with four oars. F. J. Brown, stroke; F. M. Guthrie, Dr. E. K. Gouldsborough, A. B. Conlier, bow; D. Williams, coxswain.

It had been arranged that at the drop of the Admiral's handkerchief the signal gun on the Midge should be fired, and the honor of pulling the lanyard had been assigned to Miss D——, of Mount Vernon place. At the signal the lanyard was drawn, but brearing, the fire failed. So eager, however, had been the anxiety with which the signal had been anticipated that promptly at the fall of the Admiral's handkerchief the boats shot forward. Loud cheers were given as the crews bent upon their oars, and the frail crafts sprang ahead. All pulled with a hearty good will, and the boats sped on their course to the turning flag, which waved a mile distant, near the Long Bridge. For the first quarter of a mile the L'Hirondelle was ahead, but the other boats passed her during the remaining three-fourths of the way, and at the close of the mile the Whisper was ahead, and the Iris next, the L'Hirondelle still, however, being sufficiently close to hold the inside. The Whisper turned the flag first, making a long curve, which threw the Iris out. At this moment the L'Hirondelle dropped astern, took a short turn, and kept well the inside position. The struggle for the home flag now began, and the most gallant tars could not have lent themselves more earnestly to work than did the stalwart crews, who at this moment, in generous rivalry, exerted themselves to the utmost. The Whisper shot ahead, as if animated with new life; the L'Hirondelle came next, with the Iris close upon her stern. For the first half mile the boats kept their distances, and the struggle was hard and extended. The Whisper held her own bravely, and the L'Hirondelle seemed determined to count every inch, while the Iris appeared earnest and steadfast. During the third quarter of the home-stretch the Whisper went ahead of the L'Hirondelle a length and a half, and the Iris came nearly abreast of the L'Hirondelle. The Whisper passed the flag a length and a half ahead, the Iris coming next, with her body, however, not more than six feet ahead of the L'Hirondelle. As the Whisper passed the flag the signal gun was fired from the Midge, and loud cheers arose from the great crowd of spectators on shore, in yachts and in small boats. The time made was as follows:—Whisper, 11 min. 17 sec.; Iris, 11 min. 24 sec.; the L'Hirondelle, 11 min. 28 sec. On account of the weight of the L'Hirondelle she was allowed 20 seconds, and the judges declared her the victor by 9 seconds.

BOWDOIN COLLEGE REGATTA.—The fourth annual regatta of the class crews of Bowdoin College was held at Brunswick, Mass., on Tuesday, July 11th. Long before the hour of 11 A. M., the time arranged for the start, crowds assembled below the bridge on the Androscoggin river, the morning trains having arrived laden with numerous visitors. The chief interest centered in the four-oared race between the Junior and Sophomore crews. The colors of the former were blue, the Sophs' white, and these ribbons prevailed everywhere among the friends of the crews. The boats of both fours were new, that of the Juniors being the lightest. The Juniors were in bad condition, having one man (Hooker) who was somewhat the worse for Jobnson. The Sophs, on the other hand, were in the best of trim. A little after 11 o'clock both came up in line, the Juniors having the Topsham shore. The crews were as follows:—Juniors—Lewis (stroke), Hooker, Coggan, Shannon (bow). Sophomores—Crocker (stroke), Ladd, Elliott, Boardman (bow). At the word "go" the Juniors struck out ahead, but the outrigger of their stroke oar giving way, the Sophs seized the lead and held it to the end. At the lower stake-boat the Juniors were still further impeded by a foul from the Sophs, in turning, and the latter came in victors by 21 minutes and 4 seconds. Next came the wherry race, the chief contestants being H. M. Heath and D. A. Clark. The latter won in 8:36. The tub race came next and for this there were six entries. This created intense amusement, a few of the contestants being sometimes in their tubs but oftener in the water, Clark also won this race. The prizes rowed for were the champion colors for the four-oared men and silver cups for the other races.

THE ODD CLUB, OR TWENTY-ONE.—This club is composed of twenty-one members, and whatever interest it may experience its aggregate roll is always to contain an odd number of members. They have a neat club house handsomely furnished, and tasty grounds, at Princes Bay, Staten Island. Most of its members are connected with our yachting and rowing clubs, and the club intend getting up some rowing and yachting demonstrations before the season closes. Among the principal members are Abram Fieldmr, one of the founders of the La Fayette Boat Club; Isaac W. Du Bois, Samuel Wilson, J. B. Hasbrouck, Edward Coffee, William Cox and J. F. Smiley. Several times each season the club gives a clam bake and chowder party, when their aquatic friends and invited guests are entertained in an informal manner, but with a grandeur and lavish hospitality. The following gentlemen compose the board of officers of the Odd Club for the ensuing year:—President, W. O. Conolly; vice-president, Abram B. Reynolds; secretary, F. C. Mace; treasurer, Frederick Schenck; steward, H. T. Hubbard.

DENNY LEARY, the celebrated stroke oarsman of the old four-oared champion crew, has been sojourning at the capital for some time, and is likely to there remain for a long time to come, having received a good position in one of the departments, as he being engaged as trainer by one of the leading boat clubs of that city. They certainly couldn't find a better man for the place, and they appear to appreciate the fact.

THE INTERNATIONAL FOUR OARED RACE.

But a little over a month from present writing will elapse ere the Paris crew, of St. John, N. B., will endeavor, on the waters of the Kennebecasis, to reverse the defeat sustained at the hands of a crew from the Tyne, Eng., last September. Public interest is deeply centered in the approaching contest, and news regarding the rivals is eagerly watched for. Thus far, however, we have been able to learn more of the movements of the English four than we have of it as who hold the position of the champions of America, the newspapers of that section maintaining silence in the matter, though the crew have been in training for some time past. After the arrival of the Englishmen, however, we will doubtless hear enough relative to the movements and appearance of the rival oarsmen, dish'd up by the Jenkinses of the daily press. A telegram, dated London, July 11th, states that the Tynesiders were to sail on the 14th inst. from Liverpool, taking with them a new boat, 41 feet long and 18¼ inches broad, constructed expressly for the race by Robert Jessett, of Dunston, and named the Engle'd. The names of the crew are James Renfor h (stroke), James Percy, John Bright and Robert Chambers (bow). Harry Kelley was originally named as one of the crew, but illness compelled him to withdraw. The race is fixed for the 3d day of August, and the course over which it will be rowed is one of the most suitable on the continent. There is, it is true, some chance for the wind to render it difficult for rowing at times, but pieces of water where a straight three miles can be had that are not liable to that contingency are not easily found. In the Kenn bec it is there is scarcely a perceptible current made by the tide which rises and falls only a few inches. The course will be from a point a few hundred yards off the shore in Torryburn Cove, to a point three miles distant at Salmon Creek, between Henderson's and Vincent's Points. The starting point will be at the lower end of the stretch in Torryburn Cove. The course is exactly three miles in length, having been chained off by Mr. James A. Mahood, C. E., last winter, when the river was frozen over. The whole length lies within a short distance of the shore, and the boats will pass within a few hundred feet of the railway for the first and last mile and a half of the race. The Farnesaw are quartered at a cottage belonging to Wm. Bradley, about half a mile from Riverside station. George Lewis is cook for them.

THE SPRINGFIELD REGATTA.

On Tuesday, the 18th inst., our day of publication, this regatta, consisting of several interesting races on the Connecticut river, at Ingleside, near Springfield, commences. The programme is as follows:—Tuesday, July 18th, match race at 5 P. M., between the Harvard University crew and the Atalanta Boat Club, of New York, in six-oared shells, three miles straightaway, for the amateur championship of the United States.

Thursday, July 20th, regatta of the Springfield Club. First race at 2.30 P. M., single sculls, two miles with a turn; first prize, $75; second prize, $25. Open to all. Second race, 3.15 P. M., four-oared shells, three miles with a turn; first prize, $150; second prize, $50. Third race, 4 P. M., six-oared shells, three miles straightaway; first prize, $200; second prize, $50.

The Union College regatta will take place on Friday, July 21st. Two races, both in six oared shells, will take place. First, the university race, between the crews of the Harvard, Brown, Williams and Amherst colleges, and, probably, the Troy Polytechnic Institute. Second, a race between the Harvard and Brown freshmen crews. For the university race, a prize, consisting of one solid silver cups, valued at $500, will be given, and for the freshmen race, six solid silver cups, valued at $200. A set of colors will also be awarded to each university and freshmen crew, valued at $100. The cups and colors and all money prizes are furnished by the Springfield Club. This club have the management of all the details of this grand rowing carnival, they having been untiring in their labors in behalf of the regatta, and will leave nothing undone to make the affair the perfect success it now promises s to be. The rules adopted by the National College Association will govern the above races. The boats will be followed as closely as possibly by a steamer containing the referee and one judge for each contesting crew. At the end of the course will be stationed one judge for each boat and the official timekeeper. Mr. Baxter, of the Union Boat Club, of Boston, has been agreed upon as referee. Full particulars will be given in next week's CLIPPER.

REGATTA ON THE MYSTIC.—A race for four-oared working boats came off on the Mystic River, Boston, on July 11th, the boats being rowed on the gunwale by crews composed of young men belonging to the North End. The distance pulled was two miles, and the prizes $30, $20 and $10, respectively. The weather was not pleasant, rain falling, but, notwithstanding this, quite a crowd were present. The crews were as follows:—Creeping Jane—P. Gerrard (stroke), P. H. Cannon, J. J. McMacan, W. McLaughlin (bow). Young America—John McCann (stroke), James McCann, J. Havin, J. Canney (bow). Mary A.—J. King (stroke), J. A. Kellan, J. B. Kenny, P. J. Markman (bow). Henrietta—W. J. Doherty (stroke), J. F. Sullivan, M. J. O'Laughlin, B. Connors (bow). Beacon Light—N. Canney (stroke), G. J. Kelly, D. F. Carroll, J. Dwyer (bow). The race was announced for 7 o'clock, but, owing to delay in getting the boats up, the start was not made until ten or fifteen minutes later. At the word the Creeping Jane was the first to take the water and she was closely followed by the Young America, a gap of several boat lengths being soon made between these two and the remaining three. These relative positions were maintained to the stake-boat and back, the Creeping Jane getting home first, three or four boat lengths ahead of the Young America, and winning the first prize in 17 minutes and 13 seconds. The three boats last named were half a dozen lengths behind the winning craft and came in so close together that the judges—A. McGahey and L. Canty—were unable to decide which was entitled to the third prize, and it is possible that the race may be rowed over again by these three. The time of the other boats was not taken.

DORCHESTER CLUB REGATTA.—The posponed regatta of the Dorchester (Mass.) Yacht Club took place on July 8th, the course sailed over being the same as before. A summary of the race appears below:—

First Class Centreboards.—Sloops—Fanchon, Captain Shattuck, 1.07; Kelpie, Captain Capen, 1.05; Mary, Captain Robinson, 1.13. The Kelpie and Fanchon took the first and second prizes, the first being a silver pitcher, and the second a marine view.

First Class Keels.—Schooners—Susie, Captain Wales, 1.18; Banshee, Captain Simpson, 1.15; Arion, Captain Davenport, ——. Sloops—Jennie, Captain Bangs, 1.23; Gertie, Captain Keefe, ——. The Gertie came in 3m. 25s. before the Jennie. The Banshee took the first prize, a chromo, and the Gertie will probably take the second when her measurement is taken.

Second Class Centreboards.—Sloops—Seabird, Captain Powell, 1.06; Mystery, Captain Birch, 1.10; Alice, Captain Smith, 1.17; Louie, Captain Donaldson, 1.14. The Seabird got the first prize, a chromo, and the Louie the second, a kerosene stove, etc.

Second Class Keels.—Sloops—Seabreeze, Captain Gibbs, 1.20; Pet, Captain Guild, 1.17. The Seabreeze got a prize of a marine glass.

Third Class Centreboards.—Sloops—Water Lily, Captain Briggs, 1.19; Bristol, Captain Freeman, 1.20; Hebe, Captain Willard, capsized; Maud, Captain C. E. Fuller, 1.12; Wave, Captain Morse, 1.34; Sunbeam, Captain Dickerson, 1.23. Fanchon, Captain Burton, ——. The Maud took the first prize, the second not being awarded. Some objection being made to the Water Lily, on the ground that she was "for hire," although she had stopped in the race to pick up the four men from the capsized sloop Hebe, which, by the way, was leading her class when she went over, the decision between the Bristol and Hebe for the second prize in this class is reserved: but the Maud was awarded the first prize, a spy glass, while the Wave was awarded the prize for boats under eighteen feet, this being a set of signals.

THE HALIFAX REGATTA.—A telegram from Halifax, dated July 11th, reads as follows:—"The programme of the aquatic carnival is published. It takes place on the 29th, 30th and 31st of August. The great four-oared race for the championship of the world, prize, $6,000, takes place on the second day. The hotels are at present full, and there will be a great want of accomodation. Parties going from Canada would do well to hire a steamer on which they could board and sleep for the three days. It will be almost impossible to provide accommodations otherwise." The programme has been published in our advertising columns for some weeks past, and it is therein stated that the prize for the championship four-oared race is $3,000, instead of double that amount, as above asserted. We are not advised that any change has been made in the programme as originally issued, nor do we believe any has been made. As the telegram given above has been very extensively published, and is calculated to mislead the public, we make this correction. There is no certainty yet that the states will be represented in the regatta, but if they are not, the fact will be a sad commentary upon the energy and liberality of those who are looked to, to effect this desideratum. We have plenty of good oarsmen who are ready to make one of such crew, or crews, but they cannot afford to train.

REGATTA AT FRAMINGHAM, MASS.—On the 4th inst. the Framingham Boat Club held a regatta, consisting of three races, and the citizens of this pretty New England town turned out in large numbers to witness the sport. The first was a single scull race, distance one mile, for working boats. There were two entries:—C. F. Billings and C. H. Clark. Billings won by some four lengths. No time was taken. The second race was for double sculls 23 foot outrigger lapstreaks, distance two miles. There were two entries:—Sarah—E. E. Smith and E. A. Henderson; Ulie—F. D. Lancaster and J. F. Scannell. The latter came in far in advance in about fifteen minutes. The third and most interesting race was for four oared boats. There were two entries:—Waverley—E. A. Henderson (stroke), C. F. Billings, F. M. Stockwell, H. Kennedy (bow). Union—C. H. Clark (stroke), F. D. Lancaster, J. F. Scannell, C. E. Smith (bow). The boats started well together, and for some distance up the lake it was a pretty even thing, but the Waverley steered far out of the course and thus lost several boat lengths, which the crew found themselves unable to make up, although they pulled heartily the entire distance. Union won the race, pulling over the two miles in 13:30.

YACHTING AT SAN FRANCISCO.—The fourth annual regatta of the Master Mariners' Benevolent Association, of San Francisco, Cal., was held in the bay on the Fourth of July. The course was from the stake-boat off the end of Market street wharf to the Hunter's Point stake-boat; thence to Oakland Bar stake-boat, thence to the Fort Point stake-boat, thence to stake-boat off Merchants' Dry Dock, North Point, passing Hoe of stake-boat and dock, and leaving all the stake-boats on the port hand. Thirty-two vessels entered, twenty-three of which belonged to the association. The champion flags were awarded to the Laura May, Rosella and Gazelle respectively. The owner of the Challenge entered a protest against the decision of the judges, stating that when his boat was off Black Point the stake-boat was under canvas, and was not anchored under bare poles, as she should have been, and that he was not able to distinguish her from the balance.

THE CANADIAN YACHT CLUB.—The annual regatta of this club came off at Toronto on July 8th. The course sailed over was twenty-three miles in length. The weather was not favorable for large yachts, the breeze being very light. The following yachts started in the race for centre-board yachts:—Ina, Gorilla, Gipsey, Restless, Whitewake and Rapid. The winning buoy was passed as follows:—Gorilla, 3h. 45m.; Gipsey, 3h. 61½m.; Restless, 4h. 4m.; Whitewake, 4h. 15½m.; the Gipsey winning by time allowance from the Gorilla by two minutes 10 seconds. The race for deep draught yachts was won by the Geraldine, beating the Kestral and Glance.

COMMODORE ASHBURY, of the Royal Harwich Yacht Club, has sent the following announcement to the New York Club:—

No. 9 SCHEME PLACE, HYDE PARK GARDENS, W., LONDON, June 22, 1871.

TO THE SECRETARY NEW YORK YACHT CLUB, NEW YORK.—SIR.—In accordance with the rules of your club, which require me to send a model before entering a yacht for a race, I have pleasure to forward a model of my new yacht, the Livonia, of 283 tons, old measurement, which the club will honor me by entering. I am, sir, yours truly, JAS. ASHBURY, Commodore Royal Harwich Yacht Club.

POTOMAC CLUB.—This Washington, D. C., boat club held an annual election a few days since, at which the gentlemen named herewith were chosen officers:—President, Colonel Frank Jones; vice-president, R. W. Downman; secretary, J. M. Waters; treasurer, William A. Gordon, Jr. F. A. Miller and C. E. Simms were elected coxswain and assistant coxswain, respectively. The Undine Club, of Norfolk, Va., has invited the Potomac to pay them a visit, and participate in the regatta to be held there on the 27th, which invitation will probably be accepted.

MADISON BOAT CLUB.—A race came off on the 4th, between the two crews belonging to this Wisconsin club, the boats used being the Lady Farrell, six oars, with coxswain, and the Regatta, four oars, without coxswain. The course was 1 mile and 164 rods long, and the first named won in 11:36. The water was very rough, a strong wind blowing.

THE MCKEE CLUB FOUR, of Pittsburgh, contemplate participating in the proposed international regatta at Saratoga, the success of Beadle having induced them with confidence in their ability to give and take a hard job to defeat them. It all depends upon whether the people of the Smoky City will come down with the necessary sinews of war to defray the expense of training, etc.

JERSEY CITY YACHT CLUB.—The annual regatta of this club was attempted on Wednesday, June 28th. Eleven yachts started, divided into three classes; but as the breeze died completely out no yacht finished the course in the stipulated time, and it was, therefore, declared no race. The club's annual regatta will be sailed over again on Tuesday, 18th inst., "wind and weather permitting."

JOE KAYE, JR., and Steve Renforth (a brother of the champion of England) were to have pulled a three miler on the Allegheny river, Pittsburgh, on July 4th, but it fizzled out—a result unfortunate, we fear, to Kaye. Renforth's friends offered to row for $2,000 a side, three miles, but Kaye didn't respond favorably.

BEAVERWYCK VS. MUTUAL.—The Beaverwyck Boat Club having challenged the Mutual, boats of Albany, N. Y., to row a three mile race, in six oared gigs, with coxswains, the challenge has been accepted. Wm. S. Mosely, of the Mutuals, has also entered into an agreement with J. H. Girvin to row a single scull race.

YACHT CHALLENGE.—The owner of the yacht Curlew having challenged the owner of the yacht Witch of the Wave, to race from the Battery to Fort Washington on the Hudson and return, for $100 a side, the *dol* has been accepted and $25 a mile staked, though the date of racing has not yet been fixed upon.

BILLY SCHAEFF'S fifty dollars not [illegible] been covered, we returned it to him, per Adams [illegible], on July 15th, as requested.

THE GAME OF CHESS.

To Correspondents.

CHESS.—Thes. nys of that "mine!"—"I'spose this is the [illegible] ive busted theolearned thing. Once more:—

1...K to Q sq	7...R to Q B 6	13...Q to K 2
2...Q to K 2	8...B to R 6	14...R Q sq
3...Q to K 2	9...Q to Q 2	15...Q to her 3
4...B to K 4	10...Q (R 7) to R 5	16...Q to her 2
5...P Queens	11...Q to B 4	17...R to R 5
6...P to K 4	12...B (Q to K 4	18...Q to K 1 2, compet-

ing estimate. Now let me open up a lead. Remove the White Bishop from K 4 to Q 7, and compel mate in eleven; or, take him off altogether and get out in 16."

AGAIN: Carpenter shouldereth pick and spade and requesteth you to follow him into his gallery.—Add a Black K at Q 7, and get a load in 70 coups. Try, also, this "new departure" for warm weather.—Remove the White Bishop at R 4, and the White Pawns at K 7 and K B 5; transfer the White K f from K B 8 to K R 7th, and force self mate in 15 moves.

ALL OF YOU.—Brown feels justified in suggesting that he thinks it about time some of you solved his 35 barrelled mitrailleur—if you can.

A. Z. HUGGINS.—What would you say if we should say that two or three of your problems had been complimented with insertion in the *Leipziger Schachzeitung*, and that one or two more will follow?

LEIPZIGER SCHACHZEITUNG.—The last No., June, is very brilliant, pp. 15 of literary matter; 18 games, mostly of the brief and brilliant order, and 24 problems! High old m-z., that! Eh?

IN THE MATCH, 10 of Yorkshire vs. 10 of Lancashire, at the recent annual meeting of the West Yorkshire Chess Association at Bradford, the score stood:—Drawn, 7; Lancashire, 1; Yorkshire, 2, unfinished, 0. Among the victors was our American friend, Mr. Whitman.

THE GREAT CITY OF LONDON TOURNEY is at last announced ended by Mr. Potter's victory over Mr. De Vere. De V., 1; Mr. P., 2, drawn, 4.

A PHOTOGRAPH, spoken of as excellent, of the late lamented J. B., of Brid[illegible], has been published for the benefit of the widow. Copies, 1 shilling s. Herr H. Meyer, Chess Ed, *Gentleman's Journal*, has charge of the matter.

THE GREAT FIELD DAY, East vs. West of Scotland, brought out over 80 players. Personal champions appearing for the West, the East matched them, and the tilting began. The greatest good feeling ruled the mimic fray; and, after much good chess, some young lances making a decided mark, the result stood:—Drawn, 11; West, 38; East, 43. Dundee decidedly took the laurels.

A HANDICAP TOURNEY in Australia was won by Mr. Steele, who *scored every game he played.*

Enigma No. 770.

Chess Journal's 1st Tourney, *No.* 81.

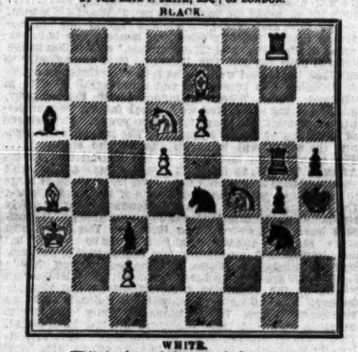
THROUGH CAIRN AND CROMLECH.

White to play and give mate in eight moves.

Problem No. 770.

BY THE LATE T. SMITH, ESQ., OF LONDON.

BLACK.



WHITE.

White to play and give mate in five moves.

Game No. 770.

The first of a set of 6 "blindfold," at Cardiff, by Mr. Blackburne.—*Westminster Papers.*

PETROFF'S DEFENCE.

Attack, Blackburne.	Defence, Mr. Thorold.	Attack, Blackburne.	Defence, Mr. Thorold.
1...P to K 4	P to K 4	15...K R sq	Q R 4
2...K Kt to B 3	K Kt—B 3	16...Kt to K 4 (a)	B—Q 3 (b)
3...K B—B 4	P—Q 4	17...P—K Kt 3	Q R—K 5
4...K P × P	K B—Q 3	18...K Kt—Q 4	Q Kt—K 4
5...P—Q 4	P—K B 3	19...K B P (c)	K—Q B 2
6...K Kt—B 3	Q B—B 4	20...Q—K Kt 3 (d)	K—Kt sq (e)
7...Q—K 2	Castles	21...B—K B 2 (f)	B × Q P
8...Castles	Q Kt—Q 2	22...P—Q Kt 3	B × K P (g)
9...Q Kt—Q sq (a)	B—K sq	23...Kt × Kt	B × Kt (h)
10...Q R—K sq	P—K 5	24...P × B (i)	B × P + +
11...Q P × P	K Kt × P	25...K—his R sq	B—his 5 (k)
12...Q Kt × Kt	K R × Kt	26...Q—K 5 +	K—R 2
13...K B—K 3 (b)	Q—K R 3	27...Q—K 4, and Mr. Thorold re-	
14...K B—Q 3	Q R—K sq (c)	signs.	

(a) The commencement of a very spirited attack.

(b) Best. Covering Queen, and defending K B.

(c) To retreat Rook would be to relinquish the assault, which Mr. T. seems resolved to maintain at all risks.

(d) Threatening R × P +; when, if K × R, Defence wins easily by B to R 6 +, and Q × Kt +; etc.

(e) The ability of this defence, against the attack which Mr. Thorold pursues so fiercely, is indeed surprising when we consider that Mr. Blackburne was contesting five other games at the same time.

(f) Well played! If Attack captures the Kt, he will be speedily checkmated.

(g) Defending the Pawn and placing another piece *en prise.*

(h) He has advanced too far to retreat now, and must push on at any price.

(i) Had he taken the other Bishop, mate would have followed in a few moves.

(k) B to Q 3 would have been stronger, but Mr. T. apparently overlooked the (ch) of the Queen and the consequent exchanges.

CHEQUERS.

To Correspondents.

C. M. WILDER.—Thanks for Positions, etc.

Game No. 13.—Vol. XIX.

BETWEEN "MARTIN" AND MR. HOPKINS.

SINGLE CORNER.

White, "Martin."	Black, Mr. Hopkins.	White. "Martin"	Black, Mr. Hopkins.
1...11 to 15	23 to 16	12...9 to 13	16 to 9
2...15 22	25 18	13...2 6	14 7
3...8 11	29 25	14...14 17	21 14
4...4 8	26 22	15...10 26	31 22
5...12 16	24 19	16...11 15	26 16
6...16 20	19 15	17...18 19	16 11 (a)
7...7 11	23 16	18...19 24	27 23
8...6 10	16 12	19...7 11	16 7
9...10 14	30 25	20...5 26	30 25
10...7 10	25 24 (a)	21...24 27	12 8
11...3 7	24 19	22...27 31	23 19

Black wins.

(a) Practice at "long range." (b) 27 to 23 is stronger.

Solution of Position No. 23.—Vol. XIX.

BY C. M. WILDER.

White.	Black.	White.
1...32 to 27	31 to 24	2...14 to 9, White wins.
2...23 19	16 23	

Solution of Position No. 24.—Vol. XIX.

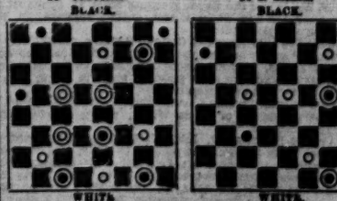
BY H. J. M.

White.	Black.	White.
1...12 to 8	4 to 11	2...18 to 15, White wins.
2...27 23	30 27	

Position No. 25, Vol. 19.

BY "PRADUNES."

BLACK.



WHITE.

White to move and win.

Position No. 26, Vol. 19.

BY A. HILLER.

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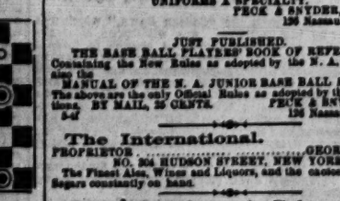

WHITE.

White to move and win.

CALEDONIAN GAMES AT ST. CATHERINES.—The St. Catherines, C. W., Caledonian Society held their second annual games in the Montebello gardens on July 1st. The programme comprised the usual sports, namely:—Running, jumping, throwing the hammer, putting the stone, Highland dancing, &c. Some of the games, especially the race for boys, and throwing the hammer, were keenly contested. Nearly $200 were given in prizes, in addition to which a silver medal was offered by the proprietor of the *Canada Gentleman* to the most successful competitor, who was a member of the society. It was not stated whether any one was fortunate enough to retain this badge of merit. The morning turning out fine, a large crowd assembled in the gardens at an early hour, and the grand stand, capable of holding a thousand persons, was well filled. The programme showed the number of games to be twenty-two and the number of judges sixty-six, proving how onerous the duties entrusted to them were considered. The decisions were, as usual, unanimous, and doubtless satisfactory to the society, all the prizes being retained within the Dominion. The putting, jumping, hammer throwing, &c., were apparently heavy, mellowly, but as no weights were recorded, either of the light or heavy hammers, or stones, and as the distances thrown were not given, no opinion can be arrived at regarding the merits of the competitors.

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Introductory Overture.

MONDAY, July 17th, '71.

"The Streets of New York" and the vicinity of Fisk's Grand Opera House, at Eighth Avenue and Twenty-third street, has been the scene of one of the deepest tragedies ever enacted in this metropolitan city, a detailed and carefully prepared report of which may be found in another part of this issue of the NEW YORK CLIPPER. Among the killed was Mr. Harry Page, an agent of the Opera House, and who was well known in all the newspaper offices. Of course, the excited state of the people, anticipations of a bloody collision between two opposing factions, and direful forebodings of what the end would be, interfered with business—depressed at the best at this season of the year—and kept the City in a turmoil of be wilderment during the entire week. The theatres felt the baneful influence of this terrible state of affairs, and the audiences were extremely slim at one and all, but few people caring to witness a mimic display, when such a realistic tragedy was being performed in the open streets. For more than a week scarcely anything else has been talked about but the Orange procession and the contemplated attack upon those composing it, for that such attack was premeditated was by no means a secret, preparations for the assault and defence being openly made, our gun stores doing a business almost equal to that transacted during the early days of the rebellion. It is deeply to be regretted that our foreign relations should so far forget the blessings they enjoy in this land of freedom as to transpiant their faction quarrels to our shores, and sow the seeds of discord which can only result in a harvest of desolation and carnage, destructive alike to the interests of the contending classes, and totally at variance with those principles of law and order which have sustained this nation for nearly one hundred years, and laid the foundation of universal freedom....It was a hot week in these high northern latitudes, made still hotter by the hot headed belligerents who sought each other's lives in our usually cool and pacific thoroughfares; the heated imagination of our cosmopolitan population had no scope for full play, while the thermometer would have touched blood heat had it been placed in contact with the hostile bodies which drew upon us the frightful scenes of the 12th of July. Truly it has been a trying week, and what between the warmth of our temper and the heat of our temperature, we feit a really unchristianlike desire to be a polar bear, sitting astride a big iceberg, with ice creams and sobers and mint juleps surrounding us on every side. We would have been thankful even for a bare skin that we might the better bear the heated ills that flesh is heir to, and bathe our limbs in seas of blissful rest, if you know what that is. But enough of the late heated term—let us turn to something more soothing, and cheerful, and invigorating, and this shall be the

LAY OF AN UNFORTUNATE FAKE.

AS LAID OUT BY HIMSELF.

I've been in a state of torment—
I've been driven nearly mad—
By faculties turned ultra
Through the worry that I had;
I felt the pangs of Hades,
With no relief in groans,
Through a habit of the ladies,
More especially "Sarah Jones."

This habit, by no means quellible,
Neither can it be called sinain',
Fastened on me, I'm terrible
Ink their stock of linen;
You'll find that each housekeeper,
Has marked, on all she owns,
Wherever you cast your peeper,
Her name, like "Sarah Jones."

I'd get up in the morning—
Even later it might be—
On my shirt, without warning,
Sarah Jones' name I'd see;
I'd go, say, to my dinner,
And when I'd picked my bones,
I'd see, on a fine napkin,
On the cover, "Sarah Jones."

I'd come home from performing,
To get a good night's rest,
Throw off my clothes while yawning,
And only be undressed,
Twelve, while I threw off said clothes,
Had tolled in brazen tones:
I then turn'd down the bed clothes,
And there was "Sarah Jones."

.....We have been finding out things—dipping into geography and one thing or another, and we have thereby gained great fame, as you may understand. It will, no doubt, be a source of the greatest pleasure to our professional friends to learn, through our penetrating and deep rooted researches, that many of the principal towns of this "greatest country on the face of the earth" are indebted to the followers of Thespis for their names. We have wasted many a gallon of midnight oil in wading through musty volumes and dusty manuscripts in our glorious desire to solve a problem which otherwise might have remained an unfathomable mystery forever and aye; but the consciousness that we were delving and digging for a noble object, and for the dissemination of useful information, nerved our good right arm to nobly do or ignobly die, and so we nobly do'd, and the surprising and startling results of our mighty labors are hereby laid before our readers. We were bribed, or rather an attempt was made to bribe us by the Geographical and Historical Societies of Macomb's Dam to deposit our manuscript in their libraries; but, being a champion hurler, we hurled back their bribal fee into their teeth, so that the world at large might be enriched by this inestimable addition to its cherished literature. See what we have in store for you:—

ORIGIN OF THE NAMES OF SOME OF OUR CITIES.

Boston, Mass.—This place, which was originally only a Hub of the Commonwealth, was once upon a time invaded by a score of disappointed actors and as it was even then regarded as a home of the arts, the Thespians flourished apace, and made much apondre for the rattling the managerial fever, as actors were ever wont to do, all heads wanted to boss the show. After much tribulation and rioting, the difficulty was settled by each one taking a hoss, and the ills thenceforth announced that the show was bossed on common shares. The city authorities were so delighted over this idea that they named one quarter of the city *Bossed On*, and the other *three* quarters *Bossed In* (Boston).

Omaha, Neb.—One of the blonde brigade having escaped from the combination, sought the shades of this wild domain, the mirrors were so captivated by her wealth of golden hair that they could exclaim nothing but "*Oh! my her.*" Hence the present name of that city.

Galveston, Tex.—A protean actress, on making money firmly bent, an engagement at this *fried fish* town; and the wild ... was so surprised at seeing a girl personate ... suddenly cried out, as with one voice, "*Gal* with a ... such soon after was corrupted into *Galveston*, which name ... owes to this circumstance.

St. Louis, Mo.—A fake, who went west on a short "snap," got stuck, and played Loo with the natives for stamps enough to get home. These here natives were so pleased with his skill that they elevated him to the high position of a saint, which they called him *St. Loo*; continuing to grow in their favor, for he showed them how to stock the cards, they called him pet names, and named their city after him, *Saint Loony*, by which it is now known of all men.

St. Paul, Minn.—This enterprising city was favored with a company of actors, but in its primitive condition no ladies could be obtained. Following the example of the Virginians in 1620, they imported a ship load of actresses from New York, where they grew wild. The citizens are so overjoyed at the possession of this *St. Charge*, that the town has ever since been so-called in honor of the event.

Philadelphia, Pa.—A Fake, who resided in this closely calculating city, had a very small salary but an inordinate thirst, and so became thoroughly disgusted with the brevity of the ale glasses whenever he went to take a nip. Complaining to a barkeeper one day, of his short comings, the latter produced a big delf mug, and grinned. "Jest the thing, if our glass is not large enough I'll *fill a del'for* ye!" The fake was so good that it soon got noised about, and thenceforth and forever the city obtained a name.

Chicago, Ill.—A good many years ago, before the town assumed the gigantic proportion as the head quarters of dead quarters of many swine, a company of players strolled in. The visit was the first of any importance that was ever made that city, so the Mayor, who turned out to receive them at the landing, was in a pleasant state of manner in which the strollers were made up, that he casually remarked that he had never seen so many a crowd. Stranger as it may appear to the present generation, this comic remark stuck to the original name, hence the same.

This is all of this wonderful and thrilling revelation that we can give to you at present, but to keep up the ... we now propose to make a few funny allusions to sundry theatrical topics, to which we invite your undivided and unabridged attention:—

"UNDER TWO FLAGS."

The Olympic has been running "Under Two Flags," which the same the *Watkins* call "Trodden Down." Being so much alike, *what kin's* one to the other? we should like to know. Lines:—

Just judging from the *pavements*
They lay around our town,
Most surely when "Under Two Flags,"
One must be "Trodden Down."

"ELSIE."

At Wallack's, they concluded to strike the "Long Strike" off the bills, and substitute "Elsie" therefor. Hear what we have to say about the piece:—

We have no doubt that "Elsie" is
A play that's full of merit,
But yet we know an *Elsie* play's
A play of little *spirit*.

City Summary.

MISS BELLE ARNOLD, whose specialties are singing chambermaids and boys' parts, desires an engagement, as will be seen by the lady's card in our advertising columns.

AT THE FIFTH AVENUE THEATER, on Monday evening, July 10th, an entire change of performance was effected. The performance commenced with an original comedy, in two acts, entitled "An Angel," which was acted with the following cast:—

George Washington Bimber	Miss Gertie Bimber
Charley Hazard	D. H. Harkins
Young Jaffray	Parks
Papa Tibbetts	G. F. De Vere
Jim	James Lewis

The name of the author was not announced. The action of the comedy commences in the humble lodgings of Papa Tibbetts and his daughter, in Fourth avenue, New York city. The former, in years past, had been the business partner of Mr. G. W. Bimber, but, owing to a suspected *liason* of the latter with the former's wife, the firm was dissolved and Mr. Tibbetts after failed in business. Young Jaffray, a nephew of Mr. Bimber, has succeeded him in business, as that gentleman, having amassed a competency, has retired from the active pursuits of life. Young Jaffray is in love with Miss Lulu Tibbetts, and at the opening of the comedy has come to ask of Mr. Tibbetts the hand of his daughter in marriage. Mr. Tibbetts relates to him what we have already recited, which he thinks will prove an insurmountable bar to young Jaffray gaining the consent of his mother and uncle to the proposed union. The young man, with that confidence which youth ever has in its own powers, asserts that the needed consent can be gained, upon which Mr. Tibbetts promises his, provided no obstacle be offered upon the other side. Hardly has young Jaffray taken his departure when Miss Gertie Bimber, a gushing young lady, who has just graduated from a fashionable seminary at Troy, N. Y., bounds upon the scene like a frightened fawn, and communicates the astounding intelligence to Miss Lulu that she has been followed by a "splendid" young man, and that he is coming up stairs. Miss Lulu, somewhat shocked, reproves her, and the young man, Charley Hazard, enters, and with the *sang froid* peculiar to the fast American youth of the present day, accepts the situation. After some playful *badinage* Charley Hazard learns that Miss Gertie is not averse to his attentions, and as she takes her departure she insists that he shall not leave the room until five minutes have elapsed, taking care to remark in a loud tone of voice to Miss Lulu that she will return for some embroidery in two hours. A change of scene introduces us to the country seat of George Washington Bimber, a gentleman somewhat advanced in years, but very susceptible to the fascinations of the opposite sex and fond of flirtation. His sister, Mrs. Jaffray, lectures him upon his foibles, and reveals to him a plan which she has invented to prevent his future flirtations. She has subscribed a large amount of money for the relief of virtuous indigent females in the name of George Washington Bimber, and has had large numbers of lithographic pictures of that gentleman, as the founder of the above named institution, lavishly displayed in the shop windows of the city. His face being well known, if he should make any advances to young ladies, they will naturally think he is but testing the strength of their virtue, and his flirtations will, in consequence, terminate harmlessly. His sister further ordered the servants, and in short, the entire household to extol his virtues and ever speak of him as "an angel." Miss Lulu Tibbetts now comes upon the scene to inform Mrs. Jaffray of the imprudence that Miss Gertie committed that morning, in encouraging the attentions of Charley Hazard, and begs that she will come for the embroidery instead of Miss Gertie, as Charley Hazard will surely be there. As she is about retiring, Mr. Bimber catches a glimpse of her face and overhears the address she has given Mrs. Jaffray. He calls his servant among and bids him to watch opposite, which had been returned to him that morning by ladies to whom he had sent them; to Miss Lulu's residence in Fourth avenue, and to say that he will shortly follow. As Jim is about leaving the grounds he is confronted by Mrs. Jaffray, who demands to know where he is going with those bouquets. Jim relieves Bimber's anxiety by stating that it is his cousin Tuesday and that he intends presenting them to her. With this excuse he is allowed to depart. Bimber shortly re-appears in full walking costume, and is confronted by his sister, similarly attired, who demands to know if he is going out. He denies any such intention, and Mrs. Jaffray starts for the *rendezvous* in Fourth avenue. Upon Bimber's making another attempt to depart, his daughter, Miss Gertie, is about to go out, and after extracting a promise from him that he will remain at home, she departs for Fourth avenue. No sooner than she is out of sight Bimber also starts for the same locality. We are now transported to the residence of the Tibbetts in Fourth avenue, where we find Jim presenting the boquets with much flow of language to Miss Lulu. In the midst of his address Mrs. Jaffray enters, and Jim, after much confusion, takes her aside and avows to her that Miss Lulu is his cousin. Immediately upon Jim's departure Miss Gertie bounds in, stating that she is again followed by the "splendid" young man, when, to her confusion, she confronts her aunt. Charley Hazard now enters in pursuit, and is reproved by Mrs. Jaffray, but equal to the task, he coolly requests permission to call at their residence. Mrs. Jaffray replies that if he should be introduced by some responsible person it might not prove objectionable. Mrs. Jaffray now takes Miss Gertie home, leaving Charley Hazard racking his brains to find the proper responsible person for the required introduction. Bimber, bent on the conquest of the little seamstress, now enters, and, meeting Charley Hazard, demands his business and that he shall retire. Charley proposes a compromise, and, after a severe questioning of Mr. Bimber relative to his own family, he proposes to leave, provided Bimber *incognito* will introduce Bimber *in propria personæ*, which Bimber consents to and becomes the master of the field. Miss Lulu now entering, immediately recognizes Mr. Bimber, and, thinking he has come to give his consent to young Jaffray wedding her, receives him with much warmth, which Bimber believes to be the result of the boquets, combined with his personal appearance. Then follows a very comical scene, which each interprets according to their own views and part mutually satisfied. Young Jaffray arrives to take Lulu to his mother's house, having explained all to her and gained her consent to the union, and after escorting her there he goes at once in pursuit of her father, that he may be present to share their happiness. We are now transported to the parlor of Mr. Bimber's residence, where Lulu encounters Bimber, who is horror stricken at her daring to come there. She reminds him of his promise about a house, horses, carriages, &c., to which he replies "yes, but not here, some other place," and hearing approaching footsteps, hurries her into an adjoining room. Charley Hazard now enters upon the scene, having tracked Bimber thither, and demands the fulfilment of his promise to introduce him to Bimber. Again approaching footsteps are heard, and he hurries Charley into an opposite room. Gertie now makes her appearance, and tells her father that Mrs. Jaffray has discovered all, and that he must scold her severely. Bimber having made inquiries about Charley Hazard, finds that he is a worthy young man, of a wealthy family, and is therefore not an objectionable visitor. After Gertie has received her reprimand in the presence of Mrs. Jaffray, they all retire, and Lulu and Charley, wearied with their confinement, come forth to be mutually astonished, each forming an erroneous opinion of the visit of the other. Approaching footsteps compel them to seek their hiding places, and in doing so they change with each other. Mrs. Jaffray now accuses Bimber of his flirtation during the day, and of introducing some party into the house. Bimber explains that it is a young man whom he had promised to introduce to the family, and on opening the door where he had concealed him he exclaims:—"Young man come forth." Judge of his horror when Miss Lulu appears before him. However his suspense is quickly relieved by Mrs. Jaffray cordially welcoming her, and the simultaneous appearance of young Jaffray and Mr. Tibbetts. Mutual explanations follow, and Bimber and Tibbetts renew their former acquaintance. Charley Hazard is called from his concealment, and Gertie's heart is made glad by the parental permission for his continued visits. The comedy was well acted throughout. Mr. Davidge, as usual, being correct and artistic in his delineation of Bimber. Mr. Harkins, as the Young Man of the Period, was acceptable. George Parkes as the Youthful Lover was gentlemanly and enthusiastic; G. F. De Vere's portraiture of Papa Tibbetts was praiseworthy, and James Lewis found in Jim numerous opportunities for the display of his comic abilities, of which he took full advantage; Miss Fanny Davenport was arch and girlish as Miss Gertie. Miss Clara Morris acted in a charming manner Miss Lulu. Mrs. Gilbert was all that could be desired as Mrs. Jaffray, and Miss Norwood spoke the few lines of Susan with care. The comedy is well written, its dialogue being crisp and at times sparkling, and had it been produced earlier in the season, it would, probably, have enjoyed a run. "The Savage and the Maiden" was the supplementary performance, which was well acted. Messrs. W. Davidge, G. F. De Vere, James Lewis, Mrs. Gilbert and Miss Nellie Mortimer are deserving of especial mention for the excellence of their various impersonations. The initial performance of this programme was for the benefit of Mr. W. Davidge, and the attendance upon that occasion was the largest of the week. The season at this house is announced to terminate with the performances of July 19th.

JAMES A. OATES died at the Grand Central Hotel, in this city, at half past eight o'clock on the evening of July 14th, of consumption, at the age of twenty-nine years, having been born in the county of Meath, Ireland, in the year 1842. He made his first appearance on the stage in Baltimore, Md., in 1858, and afterwards acted for a brief time in Norfolk, Va. He then went west and during the season of 1863-4 played leading business in Nashville, Tenn., and afterwards at Wood's Theatre, in Cincinnati, O., we think in the season of 1864-5 and a part of 1866. He then attempted to manage a season in a small theatre located on Fourth street, in that city, but it failed to be remunerative. The theatre was too small and, having been originally built for a minstrel hall, was not particularly well adapted for dramatic performances. Some few years since he organized the Mrs. James A. Oates Burlesque and Comic Opera Troupe, which became popular in the south, and at the time of his death he was in this city temporarily upon business connected with that organization. He leaves a wife to mourn her loss.

J. C. WILLIAMSON'S benefit took place as announced at Niblo's Garden, on Thursday afternoon, July 13th, and, notwithstanding that the city was still excited by the riotous proceedings of the previous day, the attendance was large. The advertised programme was religiously performed, there having been no disappointment in artists advertised not appearing. Mr. Williamson and Mr. Owen Marlowe left for San Francisco, Cal., on Sunday evening, July 16th. The funeral took place on Sunday, July 16th, from St. Bartholomew's Church at the corner of Great Jones street and Lafayette place, and was attended by the New York Lodge of Free Masons, the B. P. Order of Elks, and many professional persons. After the services the body was temporarily placed in a receiving vault in Second street.

MRS. W. H. FRANKLIN, nee Miss Sallie Stickney, and her daughter Donna, were killed in the riot on Wednesday, July 12th, in Twenty-ninth street. Mrs. Franklin was a daughter of Robert Stickney, and during many years of her early life had performed as an equestrienne in various circus-s.

WALTER PRIOR, a son of Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Prior, well known dramatic artists, was shot in the knee during the riot in this city on July 12th. He was a member of company A, of the Ninth Regiment, N. G. S. N. Y., and was on duty with that regiment, near the corner of Eighth avenue and Twenty-fourth street. His leg was amputated during the latter part of the week.

THE BURGESS FAMILY OF VOCALISTS, INSTRUMENTAL PERFORMERS AND SWISS BELL RINGERS, commenced a brief summer season at LIBA EDWIN'S Theatre, July 10th. Their performances are varied and pleasing, and gave evidence of much musical cultivation. The evening's entertainment commenced with the performance of a medley of Scotch airs with the bells, the performers being three ladies and three gentlemen. The bells were skilfully manipulated, and their soft, musical tones fell upon the ear as pleasantly as the rippling of a distant brook upon a summer's day. A. J. Whitcomb then performed several popular airs upon the harp, in a masterly manner, and E. W. Dudley, a baritone, sang "In Happy Moments," with pleasing effect. He possesses a good voice of considerable power and cultivation. Miss Anna Berger then performed a solo upon the cornet, which was rapturously applauded. Miss Henrietta Berger, a miss of some fourteen or fifteen summers, with a pretty face and merry dancing eyes, performed staff bell solo—"Annen Polka," and the "Flora Polka of Scotland," which evinced great dexterity and precision in manipulation, and drew forth from the audience loud and prolonged expressions of their approbation. Sol. Smith Russell, a character singer and facial artist, then sang a comic song, which was *encored*, and, in response, gave a fresh one, which was likewise *encored*. Mr. Russell possesses a wonderful control over the muscles of his face, and his rapid changes of countenance are quickly and pleasantly effected. He is a good singer and has made a genuine hit. The Misses Louise and Henrietta Berger then performed with the bells a duet medley, which for softness and delicacy of expression deserved high praise. Miss Maud Stanley sang a ballad entitled "Waiting," which met with favor from the audience. She has a soprano voice, sweet and pure in tone, powerful and very clear in the upper register. Her first part concluded with a Swiss bell fantasia, introducing a solo upon the bass bells performed by Fred. Berger, who handled these somewhat bulky objects with great dexterity. After a brief intermission, the concluding portion of the entertainment was opened with the performance of an overture entitled "Poet and Peasant," by the Parlor Orchestra—Miss Anna Berger and Fred. Berger, violins; Louise Berger, violoncello; —— Berger, flute, and Miss Henrietta Berger, base horn which was well performed. The three Berger sisters and Miss Maud Stanley then performed a selection on brass instruments, during the execution of which Miss Louise Berger performed a solo on the slide trombone. This performance was loudly re-demanded and pleasantly accorded. Sol Smith Russell, ist character, delivered a humorous lecture on Woman's Rights, which was entirely fresh and witty. His make up was excellent and his embodiment of the idiosyncrasies of the fair sex denoted close observation thereof. His remarks, in character, on the sentimental impersonation of a school boy singing a ballad at a school exhibition, in which he was highly successful. The lavish and long continued applause bestowed by the audience upon both these impersonations attested their artistic excellence. Succeeding this came a medley of popular airs upon the Swiss bells by the Berger Family, giving place to a duet, "Wanderer in Dreams," which was sung in a charming manner by Miss Maud Stanley and E. M. Dudley. The performance concluded with a quickstep by the Silver Cornet Band, J. H. Gardner, leader, all the ladies of the troupe playing silver instruments, which met with approbation. As many troupes possessing only mediocre talent with stale attractions often come to the metropolis during the summer months, the advent of a company whose name is not familiar to the public is apt to be regarded with suspicion, but we are happy to record in this the one exception to this rule. The entertainment is both novel and excellent, and every performer who appears is first class, and we unhesitatingly pronounce it one of the best organizations of its kind that we have ever heard. Considering the high temperature which has prevailed during the past week the attendance has been excellent. An entire change of programme is announced for the present week.

AN INTERESTING NATIONAL DRAMA from the pen of DION BOUCICAULT, entitled "Elfie; or, the Cherry Tree Inn," was acted for the first time in America on July 10th, at Wallack's Theatre, with the following cast:—

Dr. Aircastle	Chas. Wheatleigh
Sedley Deepcar	Chas. Rockwell
Filey	B. T. Ringgold
Young Jaffray	J. H. Stoddart
Bob Evans	Mr. Teesdale
Joe Chirrup	Chas. Fisher
Walkinshaw	W. J. Leonard
Mr. Shelby	Mr. Jennings
Blacksmith	Mr. Princeps
Old Parker	J. Peck
Pemberton	Mr. Jones
Elfie	Miss Effie Germon
Rose Aircastle	Miss Lizzie Price
Mrs. Shelby	Miss Rowe
Mrs. Saltash	Miss Blaisdell

Two of the artists in the above cast, Charles Wheatleigh and H. R. Teesdale, made their first appearance at that theatre on that occasion. As we published the story of the plot of the drama at the time it was originally acted in an English provincial town, we have no need to rehearse it now. The drama was mounted with freshly painted scenery, and with appointments which may be mentioned the exterior of the Cherry Tree Inn, and the interior thereof, showing four apartments. The language of the drama is commonplace, but in the stage effects the skill of the master hand is more than once made apparent. The scene of the robbery was most skilfully devised. Charles Wheatleigh gave an excellent performance of visionary physician, who believes he has discovered the secret of making precious stones and scatters his money with a lavish hand among the peasantry in anticipation of the vast wealth which he thinks is about to flow into his coffers. Charles Rockwell acted the villain Deepcar with care. Mr. Ringgold gave an excellent portrayal of age and its whimsicalities, as old Filey, while as for the irrepressible and eternal boy of the youth of the artists, J. H. Stoddart was quaint and humorous as Sadlove, and interpolated several gags which created much laughter. Mr. Teesdale gave a bold, manly and vigorous impersonation of Bob Evans; Charles Fisher's performance of Joe Chirrup, the blind sailor, was natural and artistic, and his performance of a sailor's hornpipe on the violin roused the audience to enthusiasm. Effie, the life of the drama, was acted with much spirit by Miss Effie Germon, who found ample opportunity to display her mirth provoking qualities. She was somewhat deficient in the pathetic passages, yet, as a whole, her performance may be pronounced a success. Miss Lizzie Price played Rose Aircastle with a deal of delicity in nature, and added no little degree to the success of the drama. The small characters, one or two of whom, however, had only a line or two to speak, were carefully acted. Mr. Peck deserves credit for his impersonation of the dumb cripple, Old Parker. The auditorium during the early part of the week was crowded in every part, standing room even being in demand, but as the evening of the week and thereafter the attendance diminished. The drama achieved a success, and will probably continue the attraction for some weeks to come.

THE HERNANDEZ FOSTER TROUPE of pantomimists commenced an engagement at the Bowery Theatre on July 10th, appearing in the trick pantomime entitled "Humpty Dumpty," which was performed during five nights of the past week. On Monday evening it was preceded by the farce entitled "Turn Him Out" and followed by the drama entitled "The Colmers." The same bill was repeated nightly until Friday evening, when Manager Haleigh took his annual benefit. On Saturday the performance commenced with "Jolly Ben Bowline" and terminated with the "New York Fireman." This troupe is a good one and the thorough earnestness which they display in the performance of their duties wins for them the approbation of their audiences. Hernandez Foster is the clown, Joseph M. Sloan the pantaloon, Frank Foster the harlequin, and Miss Nelly Wall the Columbine. The pantomime was carefully placed upon the stage and attracted good sized audiences for the season of the year. Manager Freligh's benefit was largely attended, a very strong bill, acted by a large number of volunteer artists, having been offered upon that occasion. The following artists offered their services gratuitously:—George Wilkes, Jr., Mr. Studley, Mr. Marston, Charles Hall, Morton, Harry Cunningham, J. C. Campbell, T. G. Riggs, John Lord, Jr., and Mr. Waldron, who appeared, in conjunction with the regular company, in the following programme:—"Barney, the Baron," with T. G. Riggs as Barney; after which the third act of "Hamlet" was acted, with J. B. Studley at Hamlet, Charles Foster as Polonius, J. Winter as Claudius, Mrs. W. G. Jones as Ophelia, and Mrs. B. Holmes as Gertrude. Then Thomas Boleas sang a number of Dutch songs, which gave place to the farce of the "Yankee Duellist," with E. W. Marston in the character of Elam Pancake, and Harry Cunningham as Captain Oakley. At the conclusion of which Messrs. Lord and Waldron performed a double song and dance. The first act of "Pomp" was then performed, with J. C. Campbell as Pomp, Winter as Jim Crow, Charles Foster as Ole Greyson, and Mrs. W. G. Jones as Attakapas Sue. After this "Robert Macaire" was acted, with G. C. Boniface as Robert Macaire, and C. H. Morton as Jacques Strop, and the performance concluded with the second act of "Humpty Dumpty," by the Hernandez Foster pantomime company. The attendance was quite large.

MISS FANNY HERRING closed her season with Tony Pastor's, on July 15th. On Monday and Tuesday evenings "The Devil in Paris" and "Rafferty's Adventures;" on Wednesday and Thursday the "Wizard Skiff" and the "Felon's Dream; or, Jack Sheppard in France," were acted. On Friday, for Miss Herring's benefit, the following bill was presented:—"The Hunters of the Mississippi" and the "Snow Bird," in which Miss Herring acted Sloppy Sam for the first time. On Saturday evening "Stranger in the Snow Bird," Grace in "A Day at New York" and "Ireland as It Was." At Saturday's *matinee* "The Felon's Dream" and "Rafferty's Adventures" were acted. The attendance during the week was moderate.

MR. AND MRS. HARRY WATKINS concluded their engagement at the Olympic Theatre on July 15th, having acted during the week in the following plays:—"Under Two Flags," which we pronounced on its first production, will hold the boards until Friday, when, for the benefit of Mrs. Rose Watkins, "It Takes Two to Quarrel" and "Trodden Down" were performed. On Saturday evening, "It Takes Two to Quarrel" and the "Pioneer Patriot" comprised the bill.

AT WOOD'S MUSEUM, James M. Ward acted during the past week in "Through by Daylight," closing his engagement there on July 15th. As the usual *matinees*, save Saturday, were dropped the leading character in the "Knight of Arva," which was preceded by the "Goose with the Golden Egg." This evening, July 17, George C. Boniface is announced to commence an engagement, acting in a drama entitled "Les Miserables."

HARRY BOWDITCH, the genial business manager of the Fifth Avenue Theatre, and Mr. Appleton, the affable treasurer of that house, are jointly benefited by the receipts of the performance announced for Wednesday evening, June 19th, which will also be the closing night of the present season.

AT NIBLO'S GARDEN the "Colleen Bawn," which was acted during the past week, was withdrawn after the evening performance of July 15th. A change in the cast was made on July 10th, Charles Wheatleigh withdrawing in consequence of a previous engagement on that night's programme, and Miss Nelly Wall the Columbine. The part of Danny Mann, so ably and artistically impersonated by him, was acted during the past week by Dominick Murray, who added to his reputation as a conscientious artist by his performance of that role. The business of the week was good. This evening, Oliver Doud Byron commences an engagement, acting in "Across the Continent."

FRANK AIKEN, of Chicago, Ill, is in the city for the purpose of engaging a stock company for Hooley's Opera House, Chicago, Ill.

MORRIS SIMMONDS, dramatic agent, 600 Broadway, inserts his card in another column, to which we refer managers and the profession.

FRANK P. DOBSON, the manager of the Wallace Sisters' Burlesque Troupe, is now in the city making preparations for his tour for the season. We are informed that J. E. Jackson, of the *Ledger*, Job Printing office, of Philadelphia, Pa., has just completed for this company a collection of cuts and lithographs at a cost of some $3,000, and it is thought that it will be the most costly and ornamental printing that will be used by any troupe during the coming season. The Wallace Sisters—Jennie, Minnie, and Maud, together with Miss Wallace, are passing their summer vacation at Pleasant Valley, on the Hudson, having refused several offers to act in this city during the summer, but they prefer to rest, as they have had only two months' vacation during the past three years.

JAMES COLLINS AND MISS MARTHA WREN returned to this city from San Francisco, Cal., during the past week.

JOHN HOWARD, the business manager of the new St. James' Theatre, variety theatre, Boston, Mass., is in the city. See advertisement for his address.

EDWIN F. THORNE has been engaged to play the leading juvenile business at the Grand Opera House, next season.

AN ACCOUNT of the death and obsequies of Henry C. Page, late business manager of the Grand Opera House, may be found in another part of this paper.

E. DOBBY OSDEN will leave the city on July 22d to join Ben De Bar's company at the Theatre Royal, Montreal, C. E.

THE NEW UNION SQUARE THEATRE is the title by which the new variety theatre, now being erected on that square, will be known. The work is being rapidly pushed forward, and it is probable that it will be finished and ready for opening by Sept. 1st. It will be under the management of Messrs. Miner & Gilmore, and the past success in that line in this city gives goodly assurance that the new establishment will be efficiently managed, and that faith will be kept with the public.

MR. AND MRS. JOHN L. HALL and a burlesque company acted at Bryants' Opera House, during the past week, in Byron's burlesque of "Lurline," and the comedietta entitled the "Windmill." The attendance of the week has been very small.

RICHARD AND FITZGERALD, dramatic agents, 661 Broadway, advertise that they are prepared to negotiate engagements for the American ballet troupe.

W. E. SINN, manager of the Front Street Theatre Comique, Baltimore, Md., is in this city upon business connected with that theatre.

COL. T. A. BROWN, dramatic agent, 718 Broadway, has several advertisements in another column of interest to the profession, and the following artists state that they can be engaged through him:—Dollie Bidwell, star actress; D. L. Morris, Dutch comedian; Johnson Pritchard, tragedienne; Mad. Lee, tight rope performer; The Coleman Children; Lillie Eldridge, star comedienne; Lizzie Gale, leading lady; Jas. M. Ward, actor; Frederic Robinson, actor;

pany for the closing week, instead of tapering off, have kept up as good as any time during the season, and fully merit much credit upon Mr. Weed for the persistent and spirited manner with which he conducted the opera during the entire season. We wrote our correspondent on July 16th.

AT THE METROPOLITAN THEATRE, Indianapolis, Ind., the new faces this week have been Penny Wood in her Lilliputian changes, song dances, and La Belle Ida, one of the best little dancers we have seen, and dancing her songs she frequently brought down the house. On Saturday evening, July 15th, Ned O'Baldwin, assisted by his trainer, Tom Kelly, and Dick Hollywood, will give an exhibition of sparring at this theatre. So wrote our correspondent on July 16th.

THE LAURI FAMILY can be addressed as per card elsewhere.

THOMPSON'S OPERA HOUSE, Vicksburgh, Miss., was closed on July 15th for renovation and repairs. It will be opened about Sept. 15th for the fall and winter season, and variety artists of ability are requested to address J. W. Thompson, who advertises in another column.

MISS ALBERTINA was the only addition to the company at Nellan and Gilrey's Theatre Comique, Milwaukee, Wis., during the past week.

AT THE ARION MUSIC HALL, Milwaukee, Wis., under the management of Walter H. Yon Hertig, the following performers appeared during the past week:—Miss Minnie Rainforth, Zonave drill and comic vocalist; Miss Lou Rainford, song and dance; George Burgess, banjo and comedian; Miss Josephine Matice, dancer, and Will C. Burton, Dutch impersonator and stage manager.

J. H. MILSUCH had to retire without pecuniary profit from his experiment at the Brooklyn Opera House, July 15th.

THE SANYEAKS, GYMNASTS, opened at Smith's Opera House, East Saginaw, Mich., on Thursday evening, July 13th, and were well received on their first appearance. The company at this place of amusement is now a very strong one and consists of the Sanyeaks, Maud and Samuel; Viola Clifton, change vocalist; Ned Clark, vocalist; Carrie Wharfe, vocalist; Fannie Florence, dancer; Lou Francis, songstress; George Kurtz, serio-comic; Harry Wharfe, ténbo; G. Brooks Clark, interlocutor; and Frank Benton. Monday evening, July 17th, Oscar Willis, Augusta Lamereaux and Billy Hasson are billed to appear. All old favorites here. So wrote our correspondent on July 14th.

FITZ SIMMONS, business manager, &c., whose advertisement is in another column, can be addressed care of Col. T. A. Brown.

HARRY WATSON, song and dance man, &c., and Lizzie Sherman, comic vocalist, advertise that they can be engaged.

SHIELDS'S COMIQUE and Fitzgerald's Varieties are the only two places of amusement now open in Buffalo, N. Y. Our correspondent, writing on July 15th, says:—"The former has been well filled during the past week. Miss Jennie Hughes made her first appearance on the 10th, and has already become a great favorite; she has a voice of good compass, sweet and clear, and added to a fine stage appearance, is a valuable addition to the company; her own song of 'The Ducks' is excellent. Dr. A. R. Kennedy also made his first bow to a Buffalo audience; he is very versatile actor and a good stage manager. The bill for the ensuing week (this) week are Miss Rosa Lee, vocalist and song and dance; Miss Alice Somers, Mlle. Ionia, Farron and Baker, Dutch artists, and a *ballet* of twelve young ladies. A new extravaganza will be inaugurated on the 17th, entitled 'The Girls of the Period,' in which the male element is entirely superceded by ladies, who will occupy both ends and middle in the first part.... Fitzgerald's Company remain the same as announced in my last. Business is good and fun abundant."

THE DOINGS at the Variety Halls in Peoria, Ill., are thus reported by our correspondent, who wrote on July 14th:—"The varieties closed the season this evening with a crowded house. Miss Mary Olive takes a benefit, however, on the 18th, when the theatre will be closed until the 15th of September, when it will be again opened with an entire new company. The closing piece was 'Paris by Gaslight,' introducing Miss Emma Morton in her famous statues, and the famous 'Can-can.'.....The Theatre Comique—a new place of amusement—opened on July 10th to a splendid audience, and each prformer tried to outvie each other in the rendition of their particular parts. It is no exaggeration to say that the troupe is a first class one, and well worthy the patronage so liberally bestowed at the opening. The performers are far better than the average, and there is nothing said or done that would conflict with the feelings of the most fastidious. Miss Lulu Cullum is a vocalist that would do honor to any company. Miss Estelle in her German songs is excellent and will prove a good card for the management. Miss St. Leon and Miss Florence are very clever danseuses, while Billy Allen, in his jigs, song and dance, and 'Essence', never fails to please all. The following are the people now connected with the Theatre Comique:—Miss Lulu Cullum, Miss Minnie Estelle, Miss Katie Whitland, Miss Lizzie Florence, Miss St. Leon, Mr. Billy Allen, Tom Clannon, Mr. Johnny Bucklin, J. S. Wolf, F. Schultz, and J. Clark Wells."

Negro Minstrelsy.

LEW AND FRANK COLLINS, song, dance and clog artists, advertise that they can be engaged for the coming season.

STILES AND PHELPS, double character song and dance performers, can be addressed as per advertisement.

CHARLES H. HICKS, Japanese Tommy and Aaron Banks, la'e of Sam Hague's Slave Troupe, performing in Liverpool, Eng., were to have sailed from that town for America on July 12th, per steamer France.

HOOLEY'S MINSTRELS returned to Chicago, Ill., July 13th, and have since disbanded.

DAN BRYANT'S MINSTRELS performed in Providence, R. I., July 14th.

CARNCROSS AND DIXEY'S MINSTRELS, of Philadelphia, with their families, are rusticating a few miles from Huntingdon, Pa., living in tents, and passing their time in hunting and fishing.

WELCH, HUGHES AND WHITE'S MINSTRELS performed in Binghampton, N. Y., July 18th, and are billed to perform in Newark, N. J., 17th and 18th.

SIMMONS AND SLOCUM'S MINSTRELS performed in Indianapolis, Ind., July 14th and 15th, and are billed to perform in Fort Wayne, 17th and 18th.

CAL WAGNER'S MINSTRELS are billed to perform in Des Moines, Iowa, July 17th.

DUPREE AND BENEDICT'S MINSTRELS performed in Leavenworth, Kansas, July 10th, 11th and 12th, thence to Atchison.

MANNING'S MINSTRELS are billed to commence a season of four nights in Pittsburgh, Pa., July 19th, and to be in Akron, O., 20th.

HART, RYMAN AND BARNEY'S MINSTRELS performed at Wieting Opera House, Syracuse, N. Y., July 12th and 13th. On account of the intense hot weather the attendance was light. They gave a good minstrel performance, all the jokes, acts and songs were fresh. The singing of Taylor's English Quartette was particularly fine and was duly appreciated, we trust this excellent company will visit Syracuse again where we are sure better success awaits them. So wrote our correspondent on July 15th. They are billed to perform in Buffalo, N. Y., 18th and 19th; Erie, Pa., 20th; Cleveland, O., 21st and 22d, and Pittsburg one week, commencing the 24th.

MANNING'S MINSTRELS concluded a five weeks' business at Cincinnati on the 8th inst. Manning himself did not appear the last two evenings, having been called to Piqua, Ohio, by a dispatch that his child was dying. His place on the bones end was supplied by Ben Cotton. Harry Talbott performing very creditably as tambo.

Circuses.

ROBT. S. STICKNEY publishes an explanatory card in another column referring to James Melville's challenge.

W. W. NICHOLS, scene and double horse rider, advertises that he can be engaged.

CHARLEY PARKER, clown, can be addressed care of this office.

MCLEARS' HIPPOTHEATRON, under canvas, which opened at Williamstown, N. Y., June 26th, exhibited in Cleveland, O., July 10th; Constantia, 11th; Central Square, 12th; Brewerton, 13th; Phœnix, 15th, and is billed to perform in Liverpool, 17th.

WOOTTON & HAGHEY'S Empire City Circus and Menagerie, exhibited in St. John, N. B., July 12th, 13th, 14th and 15th, and is billed to perform in Shediac, 20th, and Halifax, N. S., one week, commencing July 21st. George Wambold, with a troupe of eight performing dogs, has recently joined this show. Business is reported very good and we are informed that this circus will travel in the south, visiting all the principal cities, this fall and winter.

HEMMING AND COOPER'S Circus and Menagerie performed in Carbondale, O., July 10th; Metropolis, Ill., 18th, and is billed to be in Paducah, Ky., 17th, thence through the southern part of Kentucky.

VAN AMBURGH & CO'S Menagerie and Circus, Hyatt Frost, manager, is billed to perform in Mexico, Iowa, July 19th; Paris, 20th; Macon City, 22d, Keosauqua, 23th, and Fairfield, 27th.

JOHN ROBINSON'S CIRCUS is billed to perform in Ottumwa, Iowa, July 18th; thence towards Des Moines.

STONE AND MURRAY'S CIRCUS performed July 13th and 14th in Calais, Me., and went thence to Princeton, Springfield and Old Town.

JOHN ROBINSON'S CIRCUS AND MENAGERIE performed in Burlington, Iowa, July 13th.

DAN RICE'S CIRCUS is billed to perform in Rochester, N. Y., July 17th, 18th, 19th and 20th; Canandaigua, 21st; Clifton Springs, 22d; Geneva, 24th; Auburn, 25th; Syracuse, 26th, 27th and 28th; Oswego, 29th, and Fulton, 31st.

P. T. BARNUM'S MUSEUM, CIRCUS AND MENAGERIE is billed to perform in Portland, Me., July 25th; Brunswick, 26th; Gardiner, 27th, Augusta, 28th; Waterville, 29th, and Lewiston, 31st. It had been Mr. Barnum's intention to go as far East as Bangor, Me., but his expenses being $3,500 per day, it was found that there was many small towns where the show would be obliged to stop that do not contain inhabitants enough at fifty cents each admission to cover his expenses. Also, finding that several bridges are impassable for some of his larger chariots, he has determined to commence his return trip at Waterville.

HOWES' LONDON CIRCUS exhibited in Lockport, N. Y., July 12th, to an excellent business. A correspondent who wrote on July 16th says:—"Their street parade was shabby. The show, however, was too English to suit our people, much complaint being made thereat. On the evening of the 11th their Globe Tableau car broke through a bridge four miles from this city, throwing the driver upon the tongue, injuring him quite seriously, but he is now recovering and will be soon out. The car was brought to this city and was repaired here, it taking four days to fix it. The front wheels, axle, etc., were broken, but the body part was injured only slightly."

THE ATLANTIC AND PACIFIC CIRCUS commenced a series of performances in Salt Lake City, Utah, July 6th, where they continued until the 14th inclusive. A correspondent travelling with their company sends the following, dated at Lake City, July 6th:—"Since my last writing we have been railroading it. We showed six days in Virginia City, Nevada. Our business was immense, the last day being the best. From Virginia we went to Reno—on the Central Pacific Railroad—where we showed one night and shipped for Elko—a distance of 386 miles and showed the same day. From Elko we went to Corinne, thence to Ogden. At Ogden we overtook our advertiser, who was waiting for tolls, which had been delayed on account of a fire near Cisco, burning up the snow sheds on the Central Pacific Railroad and delaying freight. Our next stand from Ogden was Salt Lake City. Here we opened on the 4th of July. Mrs. Lake's party were here two days before us, and knowing of our coming their advance agents secured all available lots, billposards, etc., leaving nothing for us to put up on except a coward in the rear of some houses. But nothing daunted we raised our canvas, ran up our flag, and, with hope strong within us, and having all faith in our lively show, we sent out our beautiful band wagon, which, by the way, carries a splendid band—so let the people know we were in town, and, strict out a bill up, or any notice of our coming except in the daily papers, the first house was $850. Every show since that has been big, no night less than $1,100—the matinee this P. M. was attended by the fashion and elite of the city. On the 5th I was informed that the Lake show fell off from $1,300 to $360. On the 6th, which was to be their last night, they had not enough to show to, and their performers were all on our show. Dr. Haskell, formerly with the Lake party, has joined this show and takes inside privileges and minstrel show. We show here until the 14th, and are billed ahead as follows:—American Fork, Saturday, July 15th; Provo, 17th and 18th; Springville, 19th; Payson, 20th; Tintic, 21st; Ophir, 22d; Ogden, July 24th, which is a great holiday among the Mormons."

COLE'S CIRCUS AND ANIMAL SHOW exhibited in Centerville, Iowa, July 13th; Corydon, 14 h; Leon, 15th, and is billed to perform in Chariton, 16th; Winterset, 18th; Knoxville, 19th; Spearsboro, 20th; Monroe, 21st; Washington, 22d; Mount Pleasant, 24th, and Iowa City, 25th. A correspondent with this show says:—"The business all over the state of Missouri have been raised by order of the last legislature. In Boone County, also Randolph and Monroe, $2 50 per day is charged, and in no county is it less than $200 per day."

JOHN W. ROBINSON'S CIRCUS performed in Muscatine, Iowa, July 12th; Washington, 13th; Sigourney, 14th; Oskaloosa, 15th, and is billed ahead as follows:—Knoxville, 17th; Indianola, 18th, and Winterset, 19th.

SEVERAL CIRCUSES are at present performing in Iowa:—P. A. Older's, John Robinson's, Robinson and Ames' Van Amburgh's, Cole's, Orton Brother's, Johnson and O'Connor's.

THE COMMONWEALTH CIRCUS performed at River Head, L. I., July 13th; Babylon, 14th, and is billed to perform at Valley Stream, 17th; Rockaway, 18th, and Jamaica, 19th. Robert Johnson and Joan Saunders joined the company on July 10th. On the 11th they raised, for the first time, their new canvas—a 126 ft. round top. Business is reported excellent.

JAMES ROBINSON'S CHAMPION CIRCUS did a good business at Louisville on June 16th, 17th and 19th.

LEW JUNIS, agent for the great European Circus, has been investigating Southern Indiana during the past week, looking out for show country.

SHELDENBURGER'S MENAGERIE AND CIRCUS did a large business at Indianapolis on July 8th. It was the fifth show there this season. It exhibits at Brazil, Ind., July 21st.

THE GREAT EUROPEAN CIRCUS is to exhibit at Louisville, Ky., for three days, beginning about July 27th. They were to have showed at Bloomington, Indiana, on the 17th.

MRS. CHARLES WARNER'S NATIONAL CIRCUS exhibited at Shelbyville, Ind., July 9th. The Sheldenburger Show pitched tents on the same lot on July 10th.

JAMES ROBINSON'S CIRCUS exhibited in Louisville, Ky., on the 10th, 11th and 12th, and La Grange, Ky., on the 14th. Quite an excitement was raised in Louisville on the afternoon of the 12th, by the sudden collapse of his balloon, which was filled with hot air, and which fell very rapidly. Fears were entertained that it might drift into the falls of the Ohio, but fortunately it fell upon a friendly roof, without any damage to the aeronaut. The circus opens for one week in Cincinnati, on the lot corner of Laurel and Central avenue, on the 17th inst. It has been doing a very good business of late.

Miscellaneous.

THE OPERA HOUSE, New Castle, Pa., is advertised to rent. It will seat one thousand persons and is furnished with scenery, dressing rooms, etc.

HENRY SMITH, cannon ball performer, etc., whose address is in another column, desires an engagement after September 1st.

G. P. CUTZ, comic lecturer, is prepared to accept engagements for the winter season, and he can be addressed as per advertisement elsewhere.

CHAS. FORBES will leave for the west about the 1st of September with Sig. Butz, magician, and his son, who is a Punch and Judy performer. Fred. A. Brink will be the advance agent.

COL. FOOTE AND SISTER are at present rusticating at Fort Wayne, Ind., where they can be addressed.

DOC SHAW advertises for a side show solicitor.

SHARPS, a snake charmer, a fancy glass blower, and a Punch and Judy performer are wanted. See advertisement.

J. PRESCOTT ELDRIDGE is billed to give his entertainment, "An Evening with the Poets," at Westchester, Pa., July 17th.

HEYWARD'S EUROPEAN NOVELTIES is announced to perform in Shrewsbury, Mass., July 17th; Bolton, 18th, and Shirley, 19th, thence to Leominster, Hubbardston and Barre.

ANACONDA SNAKES are advertised for sale by Major Burnell.

P. H. SHARON, ventriloquist, &c., with his specialty of the "Peter Honts Family," can be engaged. Address as per advertisement.

D'ANALIE, the man with the iron jaw, is engaged with O'Brien's monster Menagerie, as is also the Female Sampson. Mr. John O'Brien is now the agent for the above people, and will make engagements for them to appear at variety halls and theatres during the coming winter—after the tenting season is over.

THE LEOPAN BROS., gymnasts and acrobats, who can be addressed care of this office, desire engagements.

D. C. LA RUE is requested to send his address to C. Amory Bruce. See advertisement.

WIGS and wardrobes can be bought of Tillson, whose card is in another column.

UNION HALL, Jackson, Mich., is advertised to rent. It will seat twelve hundred persons and is furnished with scenery, dressing rooms, etc.

THE MATSUMA ROYAL JAPANESE TROUPE performed under canvas in Providence, R. I., on July 12th and 14th, and are billed to perform upon the Fair Grounds, Boston, Mass., July 20th, 21st and 22d.

NOTHING FRESH to remark of Simpson's Museum, Philadelphia.

A BILL POSTER is wanted for the balance of the tenting season by J. J. Showles, who advertises.

CLARKE'S OPERA HOUSE, Elizabeth, N. J., is advertised in another column.

WASHBURN'S LAST SENSATION will appear at Morristown, N. J., July 18th; Dover, 19th and 20th; Boonton, 21st; Hackensack, 22d; Paterson, 24th and 25th; Tarrytown, N. Y., 26th; White Plains, 27th; Sing Sing, 28th, and Peekskill, 29th. The following extract from the *Newark Daily Register*, of July 17th, shows that the troupe created a favorable impression there as well as elsewhere:—

THE WASHBURN TROUPE.—This troupe made its last appearance for the present at the Opera House on Saturday evening, and did a big business considering the weather. The Washburn Brothers in their gymnastic exercises were unusually good and received loud applause, and the performance throughout gave unmistakable satisfaction. La Petite Lillie Washburn, the child wonder, was much admired, loudly applauded and made hosts of friends. We trust this troupe will visit our city again, where they are sure of a cordial greeting.

FOREIGN SHOW NEWS.

Dramatic.

BARRING THE PRODUCTION of Edmund Falconer's new drama entitled "Eileen Oge; or, Dark's the Hour Before the Dawn," at the Princess' Theatre, London, Eng., on June 26th, we have little of novelty at the various theatres in that city to chronicle from our advices, which were up to July 3d. Concerning that drama and the acting thereof, the *Sunday Times* speaks as follows:—"The announcement of a new drama by Mr. Falconer is sufficiently unpromising to those who form a necessary portion of a first night's audience, and who are wont to listen on such occasions to many hours' verbosity, in which morality attempts feebly to dignify commonplace. Fortunately for the audience on Thursday, 'Eileen Oge; or Dark's the Hour Before the Dawn,' Mr. Falconer's latest attempt, had been produced under competent and apparently unsparing management. Though many faults attended the new piece, monotonous dullness is certainly not predominant, and the play, aided as it is by scenery and crowned with incident, is not only amusing, but makes a fair bid for popularity. Many as are the excisions that have apparently been made, more might with advantage be insisted upon. Some tedious and meaningless love scenes between an Irish servant, most agreeably played by Miss Rudgedale, and two lovers—one Hibernian, sustained by Mr. Falconer, and one English, supported by Mr. Seaton—have no merit of any kind. They prolong the play, add nothing to its value, and retard the action. When these are curtailed, and one of the characters is removed, the play seems likely to be a favorite with the public. Those with no memories of no particular length may trace in 'Eileen Oge' many reminiscences of Mr. Falconer's previous dramas, as well as of works of other authors. The whole materials, indeed, of the story have been used again and again. Skill and taste are, however, displayed in their arrangement, and the relation between the first and the concluding act is suggestive and well devised. Irish maidens are always in great demand. Eileen Oge, or 'Young Eilen' Moriarty, the daughter of an Irish squire, is on the point of being married to Patrick O'Donnell, a farmer. Her beauty, however, has bewitched an English proprietor, one Henry Loftus, who causes the bridegroom to be arrested on his way to church. The charge against O'Donnell is wholly false, depending on an imitation of handwriting, which has been obtained by Maclean, a Scotch bailiff of Loftus, who for reasons of his own aids his young master in any intrigue. Patrick, however, is found guilty and transported. Nothing is heard of him after his three years' time is over, and the well-known incidents of melodrama occur in their wonted order. Mr. Moriarty loses the only property left to him save his property is for Eileen to sacrifice herself at the shrine of daughterly affection and marry the bitter enemy of her lover. Nothing exact has been heard of Patrick, though Eileen in a dream, witnessed by the audience, has seen Mike saved from a desolate island, in which, like the hero of the Laureate's poem, he has long dwelt alone. At the critical moment, however, he returns and proves an uncomfortable obstacle in the way of Loftus. Maclean is prompt in resource, and, aided by one of his creatures, meets the returned convict in a lonely mall, overpowers him, administers chloroform, and throws him down a trap into the river, which rushes at a great depth below. How Patrick escapes the death which appears inevitable, how Maclean, following out his sinister designs on the sister of the man he thinks he has killed, is shot by Bryan O'Farrel, the trusty friend of the man so deeply wronged, and how Patrick appears as Loftus is leading his bride to the church and secures his arrest, reversing thus the proceedings of the first act, may be guessed by all who are versed in melodramatic literature, or acquainted with its resources. All ends well. To this piece some mystery of a very picturesque kind has been supplied. Many of the views are exceedingly attractive, and the representation of the old mill, and of the incidents which occur in it, is likely to remain memorable in the minds of theatre goers. On the whole, then, this piece, in spite of its wordy and feeble dialogue, may be pronounced a great success. One would scarcely be astonished to hear that it had rivalled the popularity of 'Peep o' Day.' Mr. Falconer played a rustic Irishman; Miss Rose Leclercq was Eileen; Miss Edith Stuart, the hero's sister; Mr. Moreland, Moriarty; Mr. Jordan, Mr. Loftus; and Mr. Shore, Patrick. A clever bit of acting was shown by Mr. Cullin as Tim the Postman, agent of Maclean, who himself was presented by Mr. Clifford. An Irish peasant, brother, it may be supposed of the one in 'Peep o' Day'—was rendered by Mr. Barrett. All did their best. Miss Hudspeth being very successful in giving life to scenes which, without her, would have sadly lagged. Every Englishman or Scotchman having been proved a fool or a villain, and the Irish qualities of honesty, fidelity and what not having been duly proved, the piece ended. It was received with an ecstacy of applause. Nothing short of this description will suit the manifestations it produced. At the appearance of the first character the applause began. It ripened into tumult as the more popular personages appeared, and reached a climax at the end of the first act, and tried at the end of every succeeding act to reach again the point it then obtained. Mr. Falconer was summoned and re-summoned by an audience which has forgiven all wrongs, if it has any to forgive, and sees in him a regenerator, we suppose, of the drama, and an actor and dramatist of the first water." Upon the same evening a new farce, adapted from the French by Mr. F. Hervert, and entitled "A Criminal Couple," was acted for the first time and met with considerable success. Some years ago another version of this farce was acted at the Adelphi, under the title of "Deeds of Dreadful Note." It is thus spoken of by a London paper:—"Mr. Charles Seaton as Mr. Farrington Featherbrille is now the ingenious husband of the lady whose brother has taken advantage of his absence to store a quantity of wax work figures in his private apartments, and which suggest the possibility of the effigies being so many persons who have been secretly assassinated while he was away. Mr. Seaton gives full expression to the terror of the returned husband, whose nervous and excitable temperament is worked upon by the supposed mystery which attends the movements of his wife, acted with effective mock intensity by Miss Leanox Gray. Mr. Herbert has written some brisk dialogue in aid of the drollery of the notion embodied by the Parisian dramatist, and the farce was received with great favor."

.....At the Strand, Mrs. Swanborough was announced to have a benefit on July 8th and 6th, when, in addition to the entire Strand company, Arthur Stretchley, Miss Lydia Maitland and the Yokes Family were to have rendered voluntary aid. Pecuniarily the bill was to have been as follows:—"Belles of the Kitchen," with the Yokes Family; "A School for Coquettes," with the Misses Ada Swanborough, Fanny Hughes and Lydia Maitland in the cast, and Byrne's burlesque of "Somerside." On Thursday the following programme was to have been performed:—"Belles of the Kitchen," "A School for Coquettes," a sketch from "Mrs. Brown at the Play," by Arthur Stretchley, and the 3d, 4th and 5th scenes of "Somerside." Walter Joyce's benefit was announced to have occurred on July 10th and 11th.....At the Opera Comique, the *Comedie Francaise* company were announced to have terminated their season on July 8th.

.....At the National Standard, Miss Julia Pennington, the American *diseuse*, was announced to have played Monday, July 8th.....At the Alfred, on July 1st, "Ruth Oakley" and "Uncle Tom's Cabin" were produced, and "Across the Continent," with Messrs. Cahill and T. W. Keene, was announced to have been produced under the direction of the author on June 26th.....At the Britannia, a drama entitled "The Last Night and Last Morning" was added to the programme for the week commencing July 3d.....At the Mac Lonnan, a new drama, by Alfred Barnard, entitled "Pete and Wellesley," was produced on July 1st.....No change had occurred, nor was any announced, at any other theatre.....

J. B. Buckstone has accepted an engagement at the Philharmonic Theatre, Islington, Eng., and Miss Jessie Hamby, who was to have performed with him, has withdrawn from the engagement.....W. L. Mansell, who, while managing the Lyceum Theatre, London, Eng., was the first to introduce opera bouffe into that city, was to have left Australia for Otaheite on the 6th of July, July 8th. A benefit is to be given by some of the best known dramatists and actors of that metropolis. The performances were to have included a new farce, by Mr. Taylor Blaize, entitled "Is Peace Victorious?" "Queen of the Great Ocean from Paris," the musical correspondent of *The Sunday Times*, and "The Long Strike," three sections from "The Ocean Tree and the Humble Bee," a sketch from "Martin Chuzzlewit," the Garden Scene from "Haunted Dover," and from the second act of "Children with Uncle Lucy's faces of 'A Silent Tyrant,' supported by popular favorites from the Haymarket, Vaudeville, Alhambra, Strand, Royalty and other companies.....Mr. Gove proposes to build a new theatre on some of his property adjacent to the Mogador concert hall. If, as is alleged, he gives up the Varieté to a company now forming to convert it into an Alhambra.....The testimonial to the company of the Comedie Parisienne is to take the shape of a breakfast instead of a dinner, and was to have been given on Saturday, July 8th, at the Crystal Palace, Sydenham, London, Eng., on Saturday, July 8th. Lord Dudley was to have taken the chair; Lords Granville, Stanhope, Powerscourt, Arthur and Houghton, Mr. Alfred Tennyson, Mr. Wilkie, Dr. Westland Marston, Messrs. Phelps, Hermsby, and a host of other distinguished persons were to have been present.

THEATRICAL MANAGEMENT OF LONDON.—We find the above to the following article by E. L. Blanchard, which was published in the Sunday *Times* of June 25th:—"Mr. Tom Taylor, who is of course competent to answer when he says that Mr. Chatterton made no fortune out of the Princess's, and that Mr. Phelps made no fortune by his venture, then gives the example of Mr. Phelps, who not only failed at Sadler's Wells, but made a fortune. As I have repeatedly done in the columns of the *Sunday Times* years during which Messrs. Phelps and Greenwood devoted themselves to the careful illustration of the Shakespearian drama on the banks of the New River, will ever be remembered as a period of theatrical history remarking the highest credit on the management who had the courage resolutely to preserve the dignity of the art they cultivated. But, after gallantly carrying the enterprise through for the whole three years of their lease, they had the misfortune to be compelled by pecuniary embarrassments to relinquish the management. Mr. Chatterton, on the contrary, steadily persevered in the course which would have been ruinous to incur the additional liability; and thus, as in other instances, the managers were compelled to abandon an enterprise which at least furnished the Surrey playgoers with an occasional Shakespearean treat. Mr. Chatterton, it is true, left by Mr. Bynon of the Oxford, against the Gaiety, for a musical performance on Ash Wednesday, will shortly receive judicial consideration, and probably will it will disappear an anomaly that has long been a source of much perplexity. The dismissal of the Hobers, the Polytechnic, the Polytechnic, Madame Tussaud's and other places are all to be summoned for penalties for being open on that day."

J. L. Wallace, pronounced by the London, Eng., papers to be the only son of the late Mrs. Warner, who conjointly with Mr. Phelps, managed the Sadler's Wells Theatre some years ago, died at Oldham, Eng., June 27th, aged 39 years. He had for some time been afflicted with consumption, which he has at last succumbed. He made his first appearance on the stage at Sadler's Wells Theatre, August 20th, 1855, as Hamlet. He was married to a younger daughter of Mr. J. A. Herand, the poet, well known in dramatic circles as Miss Leigh. His widow is left with a young child.

WALTER MONTGOMERY was to have been the guest of the Earl of Shrewsbury, at Alton Towers, Derbyshire, Eng., on July 6th, and was to be privileged to play on the American Theatre, which he were to have celebrated the day of Independence under his lordship's hospitable towers.

THE AMPHITHEATRE in Liverpool, Eng., was to have been sold by auction, July 10th. The property is described as follows:—"All that piece or parcel of land, with the Amphitheatre, and four shops, messuage, or dwelling houses thereon erected, situate on the north east of Great Charlotte street, Liverpool." The ground is held on lease from the corporation of Liverpool for seventy-five years, from May, 1853, of which about fifty-seven are unexpired, at a peppercorn rent. The ground was originally leased to Mr. William Robert (in the lease called Reid) Copeland, and the vendors sell as mortgagees.

FROM MELBOURNE, Australia, a correspondent sends us the following news under date of May 20th:—"Frank Howson has returned from Queensland and joined Weston and La Feuillarde's Minstrels, who are doing well. Lyster and Smith, of the opera, have dissolved. Lyster carries on. The Theatre Royal closes in six or seven weeks for a term of three months—sufficient alterations and repairs—to satisfy the requirements of the new act, else they cannot obtain renewal of license. The new opera company from Calcutta (who arrived per last mail steamer) are drawing well. Kelly and O'Brien's Minstrels are in Sydney, playing at the Victoria Theatre. The Theatre Royal management, Messrs. Harwood, Stewart, Hennings and Coppin, are about to dissolve partnership. Harwood goes to America to star. Stewart retires on his sheep station, Hennings is satisfied, but thinks of joining his brother in Fiji, and Coppin will manage the Theatre Royal. The Zavistowskis are expected to arrive next steamer from Frisco. Emmerson's Minstrels are also expected in two months hence."

MLLE BEATRICE and her dramatic company were announced to have commenced an engagement at Sheffield, Eng., July 3d.

THE LONDON COMEDY AND BURLESQUE COMPANY, under the management of E. Danvers, performed at Cheltenham, Eng., July 1st, and were advertised to have performed at Gloucester, 3d, 4th and 5th; Walsall, 6th, 7th and 8th; Blackpool, twelve nights, commencing July 10th.

CHARLES RENNELL'S BRIGHTON DRAMATIC COMPANY were to have performed in Bradford, Eng., July 3d, 4th and 5th; Wakefield, 6th, 7th and 8th.

W. J. FLORENCE had recovered from his indisposition and re-appeared, in conjunction with his wife, at the Prince's Theatre, Manchester, Eng., June 23d, playing Capt. Cuttle in "Dombey and Son."

ANDREW HALLIDAY is adapting Walter Scott's novel of "Ivanhoe" for the stage, and it will shortly be produced at the Drury Lane Theatre, London, Eng., with Miss Neilson as Rebecca.

THE SPECIAL PERFORMANCE for the benefit of the Royal Dramatic College took place at Drury Lane Theatre on Saturday afternoon, June 24th, but the attendance was very meagre, owing undoubtedly to the programme being made up almost entirely of scenes from plays the titles of which could be seen at the theatres on the evening of that day.

MONTAGUE, JAMES AND THORNE'S COMEDY COMPANY were to have commenced a six nights' engagement at Newcastle-upon-Tyne, Eng., July 10th.

J. L. TOOLE was to have acted at Preston, Eng., July 3d; Bolton, 4th; Wigan, 5th; Southport, 6th, 7th and 8th.

HENRY LORAINE was to have commenced an engagement of one week's duration at Stockton-on-Tees, Eng., July 3d.

MR. AND MRS. HOWARD PAUL were underlined to have commenced an engagement at the National Standard Theatre, London, Eng., July 10th.

AN EXPLOSION OF GAS was the cause of the burning of the Stadt Theatre, at Breslau, Germany.

MR'S HERMANN had recently signed an engagement with the Bucharest Theatre.

Musical.

AT HER MAJESTY'S OPERA, Drury Lane Theatre, the only novelty had been the production of "Semiramide" on June 23d, and its repetition on the 27th. Concerning this opera and its performance we have a criticism in type.

HANDEL'S "ACIS AND GALATEA" was performed in the Crystal Palace Opera Theatre June 24th, Mr. Vernon Rigby singing the part of Acis; Mr. Montem Smith, Damon. Mr. Arnsley Cook, Polyphemus, and Miss Blanche Cole, Galatea.....Mr. George Perren has again undertaken the management of a series of English operas, amongst which will be the welcome revival of the late Edward Loder's clever work, "The Night Dancers." Mr. Palmer, the tenor, who has been singing on the lyric stage recently in the Provinces, and whose dramatic style has been often recognized when she was known as a concert singer, is engaged for these performances, of which Miss Susanna Cole is the prima donna. The favorite works will be revived in August at Covent Garden Theatre, Mr. Riviere, of the Alhambra, being the conductor.

THE NATIONAL CHORAL SOCIETY, under the direction of G. W. Martin, were to have appeared this evening at the Royal Albert Hall, London, Eng., July 5d, to have been followed on succeeding Mondays by "Elijah" and the "Creation."

MR. MAPLESON has made arrangements to give a winter season of Italian Opera in London, Eng. He has also succeeded in engaging the services of Mlle. Marimon, the most popular *prima donna* in London, Eng., at the present time, for five years.

FRAULEIN ANNA DE LAGRANGE, the new *prima donna assoluta*, had a matinée on June 29th, at the residence of Madame Pauline Lucca, in London, Eng. The juvenile vocalist, who is a daughter of Mme. Fabbri, had the assistance of Fraulein Grosi, of Berlin, Mdlle. Ines Fabbri, Mdlle. Liebhart, Messrs. Schlosser, Straus, Muldez and Muller.

MME. ARABELLA GODDARD will make a concert tour in Germany in the autumn.

THE LAST PHILHARMONIC CONCERT of the season in London Eng., was to have been given July 3d, at which Signor Sivori will perform, and Madames Marimon and Trebelli-Bettini sing.

MR. HENRY LESLIE was to have given a final morning on July 13th, with the leading artists of Her Majesty's Opera.

AT THE ANDREA DORIA THEATRE, of Genoa, "Norma" has been given for several nights, with Signora Alice Dasery as Norma.

MADAME PARKINSON, an English vocalist, who sang in English opera on ten Miss Louisa Pyne and the late Mr. Harrison were the directors of Covent Garden, has been lately a special favorite at the San Carlo in Naples.

"IL STATUTO DI CESARE," an opera by Signor Herbin, has been very successful at the Mercadante Theatre of Naples.

"DER NACHTWACHTER," a comic operetta, by Herr V. E. Nessler, a composer residing in Leipzig, was recently brought out with success at the Stadt Theatre, Lowe.

IN ITALY, at the Politeama, of Florence, "Luisa Miller" and the ballet "Cleopatra" served for the re-opening of the theatre last month. At Bologna, Signor Marchesi's new opera, "Ines," has been performed for the first time in Bologna, and was very successful. At the Teatro Brunetti, the operatic company, directed by Signor Natali, has appeared in "Il Matrimonio Segreto," "Giannina e Bernardone," and other operas.

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FOR THEATRICAL or other Advertisements coming under the head of AMUSEMENTS, *fifteen cents per line* for each and every insertion.
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WORST EVER PALMED OFF
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SUCCESSFUL
TOUR,
are now prepared to negotiate with responsible managers for the ensuing season. Address
LEW COLLINS,
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FOR ONE YEAR'S ENGAGEMENT,
a good Clarionet player who can play an Alto Horn in the Band. Must be temperate, steady, and bear a good character. Apply to Davenport, Iowa, until July 29th; Kalamazoo Mich., till August 15th, stating lowest salary. To travel with Dupree & Benedict's Minstrels. [16-3t*] CHARLES H. DUPREE, Manager.

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The Champion
FEAT OF STRENGTH BOY
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NO DRINKING MAN NEED APPLY.
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DOUBLE CHARACTER
SONG AND DANCE PERFORMERS,
have severed their connection with Skiff & Gaynor's Minstrels, with whom they have been for the past three years. Address all communications to Bridgeport, Conn. 16-1t

COM. FOOTE AND SISTER,
Whose true names are
CHARLES and ELIZA WESTON,
are at present runicating during the hot weather, at their native city, Fort Wayne, Ind. All communications in regard to business please address their father, D. WESTEL, Box 878,
16-1t Fort Wayne, Indiana.

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MR. FORBES, FORMERLY
Agent and Manager for MARTINO, the ILLUSIONIST, has just closed an engagement with the renowned SIGNOR BLITZ, the great Magician and Champion Ventriloquist; also his son, who is the greatest PUNCH AND JUDY performer in this country. He will also introduce his laughable performance with his beautiful ITALIAN MARIONETTES.
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CAN BE ENGAGED FOR THE REST
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A CARD.
AURORA, Ill., July 10th, 1871.
Much to my surprise I notice an article in your last issue from MR. JAMES MELVILLE,
in reference to my acceptance of his challenge.
On Saturday, July 1st, in company with Mr. O. N. Robinson, Treasurer of John Robinson's Combination Show, I left Galesburg, Ill., and went to Chicago to meet Mr. Melville, whom I saw, and reported man and money present; that we had come two hundred and fifty miles on purpose to come to some arrangement. After many objections to my terms, I proposed to ride his box trick for trick, barring style; but he would come to no terms, and stated the challenge was forced on me, and was not intended for either John Robinson or myself, but to Eastern shows; such parties as John Henry Cook, J. Welby Cook, Fish, Wm. Dutton and the like, and farther stated that he had written to the CLIPPER, but would inform you of our interview at once.
I am at all times and for any amount willing to meet not only the Melville party, but any person in this or any other country on the pad. ROBERT T. STICKNEY.

THIS IS TO NOTIFY ALL
persons acquainted with JOSEPH BENEDICT MURPHY, the Ballad Singer and Composer, that he is lying very ill at his home, Jersey City Heights, with chronic inflammation of the brain, and any one having songs or other writings of his will oblige by sending a copy to his address, Box 108, Hoboken, New Jersey. Western and Southern papers please copy. 16-1t*

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HENRY and YOUNG O-CAR, Gymnasts, and ANNIE, the London Star Vocalist, are with the European Combination, and can be engaged in October. Address Clipper Office, 16 N. VICTORELLI. 11*

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MANAGERS.
I have a juvenile brass and string Band, composed of boys from ten to thirteen years of age, six in number, which I wish to engage or the coming fall and winter.
Last engaged at HOOLEY'S OPERA HOUSE, Chicago, Ill.
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AUBURN, N. Y.
LICENSED BY THE YEAR.
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and has met with the most unqualified approval of the public and profession. No expense has been spared in making it
THE PLACE
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Advance agents will please see for themselves.
Address C. P. & H. R. FITCH,
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OSWEGO, N. Y., June 29th, 1871.
MESSRS. FITCH, GENTLEMEN.—Although considerable time has elapsed since my visit to your city, I have not forgotten the promise I then made to write you my opinion of your new Opera House. My promise has been kept fresh in my mind through constant comparison of your hall with others in which my company has sung since, and going still back of that to the very commencement of my season in October last, I can truthfully say that during our whole season and extended tour the company has not occupied an Opera House or hall, excepting the larger ones in Boston, New York, Philadelphia and, perhaps, Syracuse, which has pleased the entire party so much as
YOUR ELEGANT
AND COMFORTABLE LITTLE HOUSE DID.
To find a more complete house of its class in the United States would be difficult, while in Canada, which we have just left, there is nothing to compare with it. Yours sincerely,
C. D. HESS, Director English Opera.

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TRAS AND MANAGERS OF FIRST CLASS TRAVELING TROUPES.—CHARLES E. LEWIS is open for an engagement; is a First Class Musician; Plays Piccolo, Flute, Piano and B Tenor Horn. [15-3t*] Address CHARLES E. LEWIS, Westfield, Mass.

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the favorite Ventriloquist, will give his highly popular Readings from Dickens, also his attractive Poetic Recitations, at all the principal halls in central Ohio, during July and August. Permanent address care N. Y. Clipper. Sharing terms only. 15-4t*

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NOW BEING RE-FITTED
DECORATED, &C.
WILL SHORTLY OPEN
FOR THE
FALL AND WINTER SEASON.
COMPLETE IN ALL ITS DETAILS,
AND
UNDER COMPETENT
AND
RESPONSIBLE MANAGEMENT.
NOVELTY ARTISTS,
SUPERIOR SPECIALTIES
AND
ORGANIZED TROUPES,
EMBRACING
BURLESQUE, PANTOMIME and BALLET,
WILL BE TREATED WITH
ON
LIBERAL TERMS.
EUROPEAN TALENT ENGAGED
BY
RELIABLE AGENTS.
WILL APPEAR AT THIS ESTABLISHMENT.
THE GREAT FEATURE ON THE WAY,
A MOVING PANORAMA
OF
Living Faces and Characters.
ATTRACTIVE LADIES FOR THE
CORPS DE BALLET
REQUIRED IMMEDIATELY. ADDRESS
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ARTISTS AND AGENTS OF
COMBINATIONS
desirous of negotiating for engagements at this UNIQUE THEATRE, sufficiently large and elaborate for every purpose, can receive in all cases
A SURETY,
by conferring personally with the Business Manager,
MR. JOHN HOWARD,
ST. CHARLES HOTEL,
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Always at home during the day and evening. 16-1f

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A GRAND SERIES OF OVATIONS.
THE TRIUMPHAL MARCH OF
TONY PASTOR
AND HIS GREAT TROUPE
FROM TONY PASTOR'S OPERA HOUSE, N. Y.
TONY PASTOR'S FIRST TRAVELING TOUR IN SIX YEARS.
Playing nightly in the New England cities to larger audiences than were ever before assembled in the same places.
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of the people.
THE WILDEST EXPRESSIONS OF DELIGHT,
THE MOST EMPHATIC TERMS OF APPROBATION,
are showered upon this matchless troupe (the only cause of regret being the disappointment of the hundreds unable to gain admission.)
THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS TURNED FROM THE DOORS.
PROCLAMATION.
Designing parties having circulated a report that TONY PASTOR does not appear with his troupe,
A REWARD OF $500
will be paid to any person proving that, in any one instance, he fails to appear at each and every entertainment in a new collection of HIS OWN COMIC SONGS.
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OSWEGO, N. Y.....WEDNESDAY, JULY 19TH.
SYRACUSE, N. Y.....THURSDAY, JULY 20TH.
ROCHESTER, N. Y.....FRIDAY, JULY 21ST.
BUFFALO, N. Y.....SATURDAY, JULY 22D.
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ERIE, PA.....[15-1t] TUESDAY, JULY 25TH.

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